

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02877306

Ringdale UK Limited
Financial Statements
31 March 2017



Ringdale UK Limited
Financial Statements
Year ended 31 March 2017

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Ringdale UK Limited

Strategic Report

Year ended 31 March 2017

RESULTS

I am pleased to announce that despite a continued sluggish world economy and a stagnant US, a further profitable year, with profit before tax of £378,951 with continued investment in manufacturing equipment for LED Lighting, R&D as well as marketing activities. We continue to assume significant growth in sales over the coming years from those investments.

Turnover (Sales) for the year amounted to £2.12 million. (2016: £2.26 million) being sales of our FollowMe product line as well as sales of our LED Light Fixture products. Gross margins remained stable at 82% (from 83% in 2016) assisting to cover operating costs which decreased by 9% to £1.35 million. The Company continued to focus on marketing activities and developing its channels for its key products.

Product Development

The Company has continued to generate further interest in its main product lines:

FollowMe® Printing is a Printer Access Control and Accounting system which addresses issues like security, availability, print-data encryption, access to colour printers, copier fax and email facilities on Multi-Function Printers as well as ordinary printers and copiers. The system is an important element in efficient routing of documents, reducing waste, managing energy use, protecting companies from leaks affecting many large corporate and government users based in, or doing business with, the US or Japan. FollowMe can integrate with most Document Management Systems.

ActiveLED® is advanced LED lighting, currently the highest light output per watt of any peer. Can perform in industrial applications in excess of 10 years while maintaining 90% of its light output and color consistency. With over 120 ActiveLED fixtures, Ringdale has the largest range of industrial LED fixtures in the industry today and is fast producing architectural fixtures to complete its range for any industrial, commercial and architectural application. The company has 4 granted patents and more than 10 patents applied for in this space with priority dates reaching back to 2007. ActiveLED® and LioBrite® are registered trademarks of Ringdale. ActiveBMS and LightSpace® is an advanced Building Management System that can manage, control, enforce rules and report on all electrical devices such as Lighting, Battery Systems, Fans and Air Conditioning.

Key Performance Indicators

- Sales stayed at the same level
- Gross margins stabilised at 82%, mainly as a result of high margin software sales and maturing lighting product lines.
- Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and management charges down 44% at £566,864 from £1,025,050

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

As a matter of policy, the company and group predominately deals with Fortune 500 companies or well established companies with a very low risk of default. New customers are credit checked before credit is given. It is a constant process to evaluate any risk from increase in costs from raw materials or wages as well as customers and contracts on the receivable side and bring any risk to the Boards attention so that a decision can be made if the impact is significant and if shareholders need to be informed.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

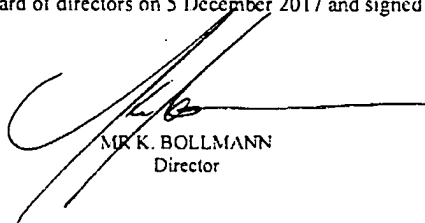
These are described in the group accounts.

Ringdale UK Limited

Strategic Report *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

This report was approved by the board of directors on 5 December 2017 and signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'K. Bollmann', written over a horizontal line. The signature is stylized and somewhat cursive.

MR K. BOLLMANN
Director

Registered office:
26 Victoria Way
Burgess Hill
West Sussex
RH15 9NF

Ringdale UK Limited

Director's Report

Year ended 31 March 2017

The director presents his report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Director

The director who served the company during the year was as follows:

- International Technology Consultants Limited
- Mr K Bollmann

Dividends

The director does not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Director's responsibilities statement

The director is responsible for preparing the strategic report, director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

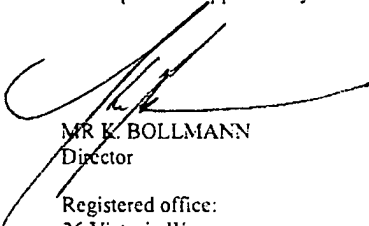
The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Ringdale UK Limited

Director's Report *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

This report was approved by the board of directors on 5 December 2017 and signed on behalf of the board by:



MR K. BOLLMANN
Director

Registered office:
26 Victoria Way
Burgess Hill
West Sussex
RH15 9NF

Ringdale UK Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Ringdale UK Limited

Year ended 31 March 2017

We have audited the financial statements of Ringdale UK Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the strategic report and the director's report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of matter

EMPHASIS OF MATTER - GOING CONCERN

In forming our opinion, which is not qualified in respect of this matter, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made on page 10 of the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company is reliant upon the continued support of related parties and the achievement of projected sale and profit margins and the maintenance of acceptable credit terms with supplier and other creditors. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt upon the group's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Ringdale UK Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Ringdale UK Limited *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

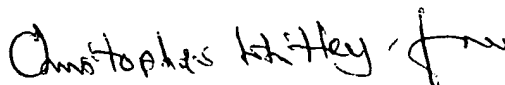
Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and the director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.



CHRISTOPHER WHITLEY-JONES
(Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of
PRB ACCOUNTANTS LLP
Chartered Accountants
& Statutory Auditor

Kingfisher House
Hurstwood Grange
Hurstwood Lane
Haywards Heath
West Sussex
RH17 7QX

5/12/17

Ringdale UK Limited
Statement of Income and Retained Earnings
Year ended 31 March 2017

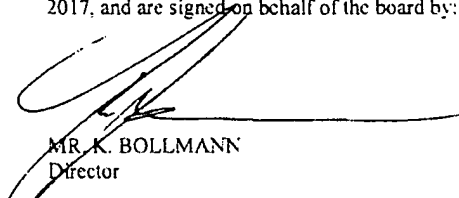
	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	4	2,120,524	2,263,697
Cost of sales		(391,179)	(388,800)
Gross profit		<u>1,729,345</u>	<u>1,874,897</u>
Administrative expenses		(1,350,287)	(1,493,652)
Operating profit	5	379,058	381,245
Other interest receivable and similar income	7	–	4
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(107)	(529)
Profit before taxation		378,951	380,720
Tax on profit		–	–
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		<u>378,951</u>	<u>380,720</u>
Retained earnings at the start of the year		<u>2,554,670</u>	<u>2,173,950</u>
Retained earnings at the end of the year		<u>2,933,621</u>	<u>2,554,670</u>

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Ringdale UK Limited
Statement of Financial Position
31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	9	69,861	38,752
Investments	10	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
		69,862	38,753
Current assets			
Stocks	11	313,570	390,614
Debtors	12	4,253,927	3,214,461
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>67,518</u>	<u>290,364</u>
		4,635,015	3,895,439
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>1,771,254</u>	<u>1,379,520</u>
Net current assets		2,863,761	2,515,919
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>2,933,623</u>	<u>2,554,672</u>
Net assets		<u>2,933,623</u>	<u>2,554,672</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	2	2
Profit and loss account		2,933,621	2,554,670
Members funds		<u>2,933,623</u>	<u>2,554,672</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:



MR. K. BOLLMANN
 Director

Company registration number: 02877306

Ringdale UK Limited
Statement of Cash Flows
Year ended 31 March 2017

	2017	2016
	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the financial year	378,951	380,720
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	16,806	11,805
Other interest receivable and similar income	–	(4)
Interest payable and similar expenses	107	529
Accrued (income)/expenses	(42,084)	17,597
<i>Changes in:</i>		
Stocks	77,044	17,876
Trade and other debtors	(1,039,466)	(685,965)
Trade and other creditors	113,479	58,619
Cash generated from operations	<u>(495,163)</u>	<u>(198,823)</u>
Interest paid	(107)	(529)
Interest received	–	4
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(495,270)</u>	<u>(199,348)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible assets	(47,915)	(7,307)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(47,915)</u>	<u>(7,307)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	298,458	(9,910)
Proceeds from loans from group undertakings	21,881	461,706
Net cash from financing activities	<u>320,339</u>	<u>451,796</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(222,846)	245,141
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>290,364</u>	<u>45,223</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>67,518</u>	<u>290,364</u>

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Ringdale UK Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 26 Victoria Way, Burgess Hill, West Sussex, RH15 9NF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

The ability of the company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the support of Network Technology plc and its subsidiaries and its directors, as well as the achievement of group projected sales and profits margins and the maintenance of acceptable credit terms with suppliers and creditors. On the basis of the group's projections, of which the company is a part, for the period to September 2018 and the cash balances and facilities available, the directors have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. For this reason the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Ringdale UK Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Tangible assets *(continued)*

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and Equipment	-	25% reducing balance
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Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Ringdale UK Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Ringdale UK Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Financial instruments *(continued)*

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Turnover

The turnover is attributable to the one principal activity of the company. An analysis of turnover by the geographical markets that substantially differ from each other is given below:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Europe and UK	1,473,995	1,927,614
Rest of the World	418,162	336,083
	<u>2,120,524</u>	<u>2,263,697</u>

5. Operating profit

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2016
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	16,806	11,805
Foreign exchange differences	(10,865)	(49,763)
	<u>5,941</u>	<u>(37,958)</u>

6. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the director, amounted to:

	2017	2016
	No.	No.
Production staff	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating to the above, were:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Wages and salaries	786,315	642,267
Social security costs	110,152	57,218
	<u>896,467</u>	<u>699,485</u>

7. Other interest receivable and similar income

	2017	2016
	£	£
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	<u>—</u>	<u>4</u>

Ringdale UK Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
Year ended 31 March 2017

8. Interest payable and similar expenses		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Interest on banks loans and overdrafts	<u>107</u>	<u>529</u>
9. Tangible assets		
	Plant and machinery	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 April 2016	282,902	282,902
Additions	<u>47,915</u>	<u>47,915</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u>330,817</u>	<u>330,817</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2016	244,150	244,150
Charge for the year	<u>16,806</u>	<u>16,806</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u>260,956</u>	<u>260,956</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2017	<u>69,861</u>	<u>69,861</u>
At 31 March 2016	<u>38,752</u>	<u>38,752</u>
10. Investments		
		Shares in group undertakings
		£
Cost		
At 1 Apr 2016 and 31 Mar 2017		<u>1</u>
Impairment		
At 1 Apr 2016 and 31 Mar 2017		<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2017		<u>1</u>
11. Stocks		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u>313,570</u>	<u>390,614</u>

Ringdale UK Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

12. Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	218,867	445,051
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,035,060	2,769,410
	4,253,927	3,214,461

13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	10,675	21,206
Amounts owed to group undertakings	604,497	582,616
Accruals and deferred income	71,237	113,321
Social security and other taxes	201,158	200,915
Director loan accounts	441,820	143,362
Other creditors	441,867	318,100
	1,771,254	1,379,520

There is a fixed charge over the fixed assets of the company and a floating charge over the other assets of the company in favour of Barclays Bank by way of two debentures dated 8th November 2002 and 24th September 2001. These registered charges also guarantee the debts due to the bank by Nextus Limited and Network Technology plc. Related party and director's loans are repayable as liquidity allows.

14. Called up share capital

Authorised share capital

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

15. Related party transactions

Nextus Limited, Ringdale Inc, Nextus Inc are related parties of the company because they are 100% subsidiaries of Network Technology PLC. Transactions between these companies that are eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed as related party transactions.

Sales of goods to related parties were made at the company's usual sales prices, less average discounts of 33 per cent. Purchases were made at the company's sales prices, less average discount of 33 per cent. Provisions of £1,028,148 (2016 - £1,028,148) have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties. The group guarantees other amounts outstanding due to Ringdale UK Limited from its other subsidiaries.

At the year end, there was a loan outstanding from the company to Woodgate FURBS of £236,000 (2016:£236,000). Woodgate FURBS is considered to be a related party as K and H Bollmann are Trustees. At the year end, there was a loan outstanding from the company to Woodgate Trust of £205,867 (2016:£82,100). Woodgate Trust is considered to be a related party as K and H Bollmann are Trustees. The company made sales of £125,440 to Woodgate Trust in the year.

Ringdale UK Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2017

16. Controlling party

The company's immediate holding company is International Technology Consultants Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The company's ultimate holding company is Network Technology Plc, a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of the group Financial statements of Network Technology Plc are available to the public from the company's registered office at 26 Victoria Way, Burgess Hill, West Sussex RH15 9NF. No other group financial statements include the results of the company.