WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of WPG Holdings Limited

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of WPG Holdings Limited and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Except as explained in the following paragraph, our reviews were made in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review consists principally of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

As explained in Notes 4(3)2 and 6(10), we did not review the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under equity method, which statements reflect total assets (including long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method) of \$18,171,636 thousand and \$20,310,207 thousand, constituting 10% and 12% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of \$6,011,233 thousand and \$7,198,468 thousand, constituting 5% and 6% of the consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and total comprehensive income (including other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method) of \$185,241 thousand, \$87,235 thousand, \$273,867 thousand and \$183,454 thousand, constituting 9%, 6%, (794%) and 10% of the consolidated total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months and six months then ended, respectively. These amounts and the information disclosed in Note 13 were based solely on the unreviewed financial statements of these companies as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Based on our reviews, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined
to be necessary had the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries,
investments accounted for under equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 been audited
or reviewed by independent accountants, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be
made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the
"Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers", and IAS 34, "Interim
Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

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Chou Tseng, Hui-Chin	Lin, Chun-Yao	

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

August 8, 2017

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and review report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2017, DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND JUNE 30, 2016 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW IAIWAN DOLLARS) (THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED IN CONFORMITY WITH R.O.C. GAAS)

			June 30, 2017		December 31, 201			June 30, 2016	
ASSETS	Notes	-	Amount	%	_	Amount	%	Amount	%
<u>Current assets</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	6,655,120	4	\$	8,456,912	5	\$ 7,966,589	5
Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)								
profit or loss - current			14,396	-		38,458	-	36,919	-
Available-for-sale financial assets -	6(3)								
current			24,473	-		23,107	-	22,286	-
Notes receivable, net	6(4)		4,820,899	3		7,573,363	4	6,605,902	4
Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		81,158,162	46		84,973,871	47	79,683,905	46
Accounts receivable - related parties, net	7(3)		89,626	-		229,918	-	208,059	-
Other receivables	6(7)		7,713,335	4		11,199,852	6	6,445,457	4
Other receivables - related parties	7(3)		30,746	-		23,419	-	56,460	-
Current income tax assets			55,245	-		213,314	-	107,187	-
Inventories	6(8)		59,526,552	33		49,927,165	28	53,853,939	31
Prepayments			2,109,750	1		1,260,716	1	1,753,102	1
Other current assets	8		1,298,883	1		1,350,639	1	1,786,050	1
			163,497,187	92		165,270,734	92	158,525,855	92
Non-current assets									
Available-for-sale financial assets -	6(3) and 8								
non-current			478,628	-		331,974	-	335,899	-
Financial assets carried at cost –	6(9)								
non-current			531,737	_		508,479	_	466,647	_
Investments accounted for under equity	6(10)								
method			1,095,564	1		1,132,325	1	598,110	1
Property, plant and equipment	6(11) and 8		4,983,278	3		4,278,658	3	4,633,052	3
Investment property - net	6(12) and 8		1,183,690	1		1,217,131	1	1,053,933	1
Intangible assets	6(13)		5,576,891	3		5,599,944	3	5,604,258	3
Deferred income tax assets			309,903	_		347,333	_	313,690	_
Other non-current assets	6(15) and 8		314,302	_		328,368	_	335,830	_
			14,473,993	8		13,744,212	8	13,341,419	8
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	177,971,180	100	\$	179,014,946	100	\$ 171,867,274	100
		<u> </u>	,-,-,0			, , ,	_ ~ ~	, _ , _ , _ ,	

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WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2017, DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND JUNE 30, 2016

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED IN CONFORMITY WITH R.O.C. GAAS)

Notes		June 30, 2017					June 30, 2016	
110103		Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
6(16)	\$	50,207,361	28	\$	52,854,073	29	\$ 43,444,684	25
6(17)		5,211,310	3		4,202,919	2	3,698,530	2
6(2)								
		4,608	-		5,686	-	2,602	-
		582,884	-		415,080	-	781,356	-
		48,885,235	28		47,829,951	27	49,549,980	29
7(3)		5,160	-		12,679	-	264	-
		8,686,327	5		4,542,499	3	8,605,560	5
		736,634	-		670,663	-	859,866	1
6(18)(19)		8,056,606	5		11,753,868	7	1,809,801	1
		122,376,125	69		122,287,418	68	108,752,643	63
		_						
6(18)		-	-		-	-	5,915,410	4
6(19)		5,157,302	3		5,196,441	3	9,962,773	6
		413,960	_		432,481	_	413,374	_
		853,998	-		781,157	1	690,032	-
		6,425,260	3		<u> </u>	4	16,981,589	10
		128,801,385	72		128,697,497	72	125,734,232	73
1 and 6(21)								
		17,454,207	10		17,238,954	10	16,557,092	10
		655,140	_		2,938	_	-	_
6(22)								
		19,098,767	11		16,901,053	9	15,187,834	9
6(23)								
		4,544,073	3		4,012,785	2	4,012,786	2
6(31)		9,661,625	6		10,734,088	6	8,595,145	5
6(24)	(2,791,386)(2)		908,063	1	1,274,342	1
		· ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		48,622,426	28		49.797.881	28	45.627.199	27
			-			-		
		•	28		<u> </u>	28		27
Q		47,107,775			30,317,449		+0,133,042	
,								
	\$	177,971,180	100	\$	179,014,946	100	\$ 171,867,274	100
	6(17) 6(2) 7(3) 6(18)(19) 6(18) 6(19) 1 and 6(21) 6(22) 6(23) 6(31)	6(17) 6(2) 7(3) 6(18)(19) 6(18) 6(19) 1 and 6(21) 6(22) 6(23) 6(31) 6(24) (6(17) 5,211,310 6(2) 4,608 582,884 48,885,235 7(3) 5,160 8,686,327 736,634 6(18)(19) 8,056,606 122,376,125 6(18) - 6(19) 5,157,302 413,960 853,998 6,425,260 128,801,385 1 and 6(21) 17,454,207 655,140 6(22) 19,098,767 6(23) 4,544,073 6(31) 9,661,625 6(24) (2,791,386) (48,622,426 547,369 49,169,795	6(17) 5,211,310 3 6(2) 4,608 - 582,884 - 48,885,235 28 7(3) 5,160 - 8,686,327 5 736,634 - 6(18)(19) 8,056,606 5 122,376,125 69 6(18) 6(19) 5,157,302 3 413,960 - 853,998 - 6,425,260 3 128,801,385 72 1 and 6(21) 17,454,207 10 655,140 - 6(22) 19,098,767 11 6(23) 4,544,073 3 6(31) 9,661,625 6 6(24) (2,791,386) (2) 48,622,426 28 547,369 - 49,169,795 28	6(17) 5,211,310 3 6(2) 4,608 - 582,884 - 48,885,235 28 7(3) 5,160 - 8,686,327 5 736,634 - 6(18)(19) 8,056,606 5 122,376,125 69 6(18) 853,998 - 6,425,260 3 128,801,385 72 1 and 6(21) 17,454,207 10 655,140 - 6(22) 19,098,767 11 6(23) 4,544,073 3 6(31) 9,661,625 6 6(24) (2,791,386) (2) 48,622,426 28 547,369 - 49,169,795 28	6(17) 5,211,310 3 4,202,919 6(2) 4,608 - 5,686 582,884 - 415,080 48,885,235 28 47,829,951 7(3) 5,160 - 12,679 8,686,327 5 4,542,499 736,634 - 670,663 6(18)(19) 8,056,606 5 11,753,868 122,376,125 69 122,287,418 6(18) 6(19) 5,157,302 3 5,196,441 413,960 - 432,481 853,998 - 781,157 6,425,260 3 6,410,079 128,801,385 72 128,697,497 1 and 6(21) 17,454,207 10 17,238,954 655,140 - 2,938 6(22) 19,098,767 11 16,901,053 6(23) 4,544,073 3 4,012,785 6(31) 9,661,625 6 10,734,088 6(24) (2,791,386) (2) 908,063 48,622,426 28 49,797,881 547,369 - 519,568 49,169,795 28 50,317,449	6(17)	6(17)

WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Three	months end	ed June 30,		Six months ended June 30,				
		2017		2016		2017		2016		
Items	<u>Notes</u>	Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	_%	Amount	<u>%</u>	
Operating revenues	6(25) and 7(3)	\$ 128,408,370	100	133,759,319	100 \$	247,381,962	100 \$	255,292,068	100	
Operating costs	6(8) and 7(3) (122,979,332)	(<u>96</u>) (_	128,040,107)	(<u>96</u>) (_	236,784,800)	(<u>96</u>) (_	244,401,245)	(<u>96</u>)	
Gross profit		5,429,038	4	5,719,212	4	10,597,162	4	10,890,823	4	
Operating expenses	6(29)(30) and									
	7(3)									
Selling and marketing	(2,187,477)	(1) (2,360,063)	(2) (4,256,109) ((2) (4,342,765) ((2)	
General and administrative	(899,891)	(<u>1</u>) (_	960,994)		1,738,066)	(2,054,483)		
Total operating expenses	(3,087,368)	(<u>2</u>) (_	3,321,057)	(2) (5,994,17 <u>5</u>) (<u>(2</u>) (6,397,248)	(<u>2</u>)	
Operating income		2,341,670	2	2,398,155	2	4,602,987	2	4,493,575	2	
Non-operating income and expenses										
Other income	6(26)	150,073	-	112,486	-	454,999	-	185,594	-	
Other gains or losses	6(27)	114,924	- (128,544)	-	216,761	- (1,772)	-	
Financial costs	6(28)	424,159)	- (360,487)	(1) (829,456)	- (758,249)	-	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures										
accounted for under equity method		28,697	<u> </u>	9,035	 _	26,577		14,016		
Total non-operating income and expenses	(130,465)		367,510)	(1) (_	131,119)	(560,411)		
Income before income tax		2,211,205	2	2,030,645	1	4,471,868	2	3,933,164	2	
Income tax expense	6(31) (402,922)		473,114)	(797,518) ((<u>1</u>) (_	815,262)	(1)	
Consolidated net income		\$ 1,808,283	<u>2</u> §	1,557,531	<u>1</u> \$	3,674,350	<u>1</u> \$	3,117,902	1	

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WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Three months ended June 30,						Six months ended June 30,				
			2017 2016				2017	2016				
Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
Other comprehensive income												
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements		\$	167 105	_	<i>(</i>	27,388)		(2 727 661) (1) (¢	1 224 010)	
		Ф	167,105	-	(\$	21,388)	-	(\$	3,737,661) (1) (\$	1,334,010)	-
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial												
assets	6(24)		36,715	-	(11,795)	-		64,648	-	12,170	-
Share of other comprehensive profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method Income tax related to components of other			6,865	-		723	-	(38,784)	-	1,814	-
comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(31)		386	_		12,600	_		2,935	_	21,613	_
Total components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income (loss), net Total comprehensive income (loss)	0(31)	<u>\$</u> \$	211,071 211,071 2,019,354		(<u>\$</u> (<u>\$</u>	25,860) 25,860) 1,531,671		(<u>\$</u> (\$	3,708,862) (3,708,862) (34,512)		1,298,413) 1,298,413) 1,819,489	
Consolidated net income attributable to:						_			_			
Owners of parent Non-controlling interests		\$ 	1,791,067 17,216 1,808,283	2 2	\$ 	1,552,966 4,565 1,557,531	1 —- 1	\$ 	3,637,136 37,214 3,674,350	1 \$ 	3,108,018 9,884 3,117,902	1 — <u>-</u> 1
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:		<u> </u>	1,000,203	<u> </u>	Ψ	1,337,331		Ψ	3,071,330	<u> </u>	3,117,502	
Owners of parent Non-controlling interests		\$	2,004,434 14,920 2,019,354	2 —	\$ (1,544,591 12,920) 1,531,671	1 —- 1	(\$	62,313) 27,801 34,512)	- \$ - (_	1,828,584 9,095) 1,819,489	1 —-
Earnings man share (in dellars)	6(22)	Ψ	4,017,334	<u></u>	φ	1,331,071		(<u>v</u>	<u>J4,J1Z</u>)	<u> </u>	1,017,409	1
Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(32)	ø		1 02	ф		0.04	ø		2.00 ф		1 00
Basic earnings per share		<u> </u>		1.02	<u> </u>		0.94	<u> </u>		2.09 \$		1.88
Diluted earnings per share		\$		0.99	\$		0.87	\$		2.00 \$		1.73

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

		Car	pital			nbutable to owners of Larnings		nity Interest				
	Notes	Common stock	Certificates of bond conversion	Capital reserve	Legal reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Exchange differences of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	Treasury stocks	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
<u>2016</u>												
Balance at January 1, 2016		\$ 16,557,092	\$ -	\$ 15,187,178	\$ 3,470,739	\$ 10,002,877	\$ 2,574,750	(\$ 20,974)	(\$ 1,242)	\$ 47,770,420	\$ 547,338	\$ 48,317,758
Distribution of retained earnings for 2015	6(23)											
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	-	542,047	(542,047)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed to shareholders		-	-	-	-	(3,973,703)	-	-	-	(3,973,703)	-	(3,973,703)
Changes in capital reserve	6(22)	-	-	207	-	-	-	-	-	207	-	207
Total consolidated profit		-	-	-	-	3,108,018	-	-	-	3,108,018	9,884	3,117,902
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	6(24)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,291,604)	12,170	-	(1,279,434)	(18,979)	(1,298,413)
Disposal of company's share by subsidiaries recognized as treasury share transactions		-	-	449	-	-	-	-	1,242	1,691	-	1,691
Effect of changes in consolidated entities						<u>-</u>					(32,400)	(32,400)
Balance at June 30, 2016		\$ 16,557,092	\$ -	\$ 15,187,834	\$ 4,012,786	\$ 8,595,145	\$ 1,283,146	(\$ 8,804)	\$ -	\$ 45,627,199	\$ 505,843	\$ 46,133,042
<u>2017</u>												
Balance at January 1, 2017		\$ 17,238,954	\$ 2,938	\$ 16,901,053	\$ 4,012,785	\$ 10,734,088	\$ 918,151	(\$ 10,088)	\$ -	\$ 49,797,881	\$ 519,568	\$ 50,317,449
Distribution of retained eqrnings for 2016	6(23)											
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	-	531,288	(531,288)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed to shareholders		-	-	-	-	(4,178,311)	-	-	-	(4,178,311)	-	(4,178,311)
Exercise of convertible bonds		215,253	652,202	2,197,714	-	-	-	-	-	3,065,169	-	3,065,169
Total consolidated profit		-	-	-	-	3,637,136	-	-	-	3,637,136	37,214	3,674,350
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	6(24)					_	(<u>3,764,107</u>)	64,658		(<u>3,699,449</u>)	(9,413)	$(\underline{3,708,862})$
Balance at June 30, 2017		\$ 17,454,207	\$ 655,140	\$ 19,098,767	\$ 4,544,073	\$ 9,661,625	(<u>\$ 2,845,956</u>)	\$ 54,570	\$ -	\$ 48,622,426	\$ 547,369	\$ 49,169,795

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes	2017			2016
sh flows from operating activities					
Income before income tax		\$	4,471,868	\$	3,933,164
Adjustments					
Income and expenses					
Depreciation	6(29)		107,132		118,942
Amortisation	6(13)(29)		13,943		19,972
(Reversal of provision) provision for bad debts	6(26)	(317,221)		53,795
Interest expense	6(28)		715,771		616,940
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(27)		19,516	(8,385
Interest income	6(26)	(11,430)	(17,438
Dividend income	6(26)	Ì	8,570)		18,625
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	-()		0,270)	(10,025
accounted for under equity method		(26,577)	(14,016
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment an	d		20,511)	(11,010
investment property	6(27)		551		3,071
(Gain) loss on disposal of investments	6(27)	(16,243)		2,414
Impairment loss	6(27)		369		54,292
Amortisation of bond discount	6(18)(28)		20,560		40,027
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activit			20,500		10,021
Changes in assets relating to operating activities	103				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or los	S -				
current	5		3,468		9,615
Notes receivable, net			2,750,507	(93,926
Accounts receivable, net			4,134,887	(5,497,623
Accounts receivable - related parties, net			140,292		110,999
Other receivables			3,510,320		2,609,929
Other receivables - related parties		(7,327)		39,416
Inventories			9,599,387)	(3,594,250
Prepayments			849,034)	(1,047,512
Other current assets		(6,291)		34,099
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities			0,271)		54,077
Notes payable			167,804		53,662
Accounts payable			1,055,284		5,189,291
Accounts payable - related parties		(=	(1,857
Other payables			7,519) 8,304)	(411,133
Other current liabilities			169,951	(93,985
Other non-current liabilities		(,	(,
Cash inflow generated from operations			31,732)	(24,298
		(6,392,588	,	15,344,820
Interest paid		(741,950)	(637,964
Income tax paid		(591,002)	(653,564
Interest received Dividends received			10,762		34,231
			58,989		48,467
Net cash provided by operating activities			5,129,387		14,135,990

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WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes		2017		2016
Cash flows from investing activities			_		_
Acquisition of financial assets carried at cost - non-current		(\$	33,035)	\$	-
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets -					
non-current		(85,354)		-
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets					
- current			-		12,748
Proceeds from capital reduction of available-for-sale					
financial assets			-		9,182
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets carried at cost -					
non-current			8,261		-
Proceeds from repayments of investments in debt instrument without active market			-		5,000
Acquisition of investments accounted for under equity					
method		(49,000)	(29,400)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible					
assets	6(33)	(839,470)	(63,880)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			3,899		1,521
Disposal of subsidiaries	6(33)		-	(29,939)
Increase in refundable deposits		(6,190)	(11,168)
Decrease in refundable deposits			10,731		55,167
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets - current			58,047	(520,418)
Increase in other financial assets - non-current		(36,293)	(8)
Decrease in other financial assets - non-current			27,591		-
Decrease in other non-current assets			6,737		12,619
Net cash used in investing activities		(934,076)	(558,576)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Increase in short-term borrowings			327,491,145		262,336,594
Decrease in short-term borrowings		(330,304,033)	(273,414,742)
Increase in long-term borrowings (including current portion					
of long-term liabilities)			81,212		5,380,971
Decrease in long-term borrowings (including current portion					
of long-term liabilities)		(776,777)	(7,916,420)
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable			18,595,952		11,793,339
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable		(17,587,561)	(11,803,006)
Increase in guarantee deposit received			164,728		13,363
Decrease in guarantee deposit received		(56,299)	(2,392)
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,391,633)	(13,612,293)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(3,605,470)	(1,445,174)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,801,792)	(1,480,053)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			8,456,912		9,446,642
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	6,655,120	\$	7,966,589

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

- (1) WPG Holdings Limited (the Company) was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China, and as a holding company of World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. and Silicon Application Corporation by exchanging shares of common stock on November 9, 2005. The Company's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TSE) and approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan, Securities and Futures Bureau on the same date. After restructuring, Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. became the Company's subsidiary on January 1, 2008. The Company acquired Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd., Asian Information Technology Inc., Yosun Industrial Corp. and AECO Technology Co., Ltd. by exchanging shares of common stock on July 16, 2008, February 6, 2009, November 15, 2010 and March 1, 2012, respectively. After the Company's organisation restructuring on January 1, 2014, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd., Silicon Application Corp. and Yosun Industrial Corp. acquired 100% shares in AECO Technology Co., Ltd., Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd. and Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. through share exchange, and consequently, AECO Technology Co., Ltd., Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd. and Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. became indirectly owned subsidiaries. The Company originally evaluated Genuine C&C, Inc. using equity method. The Company acquired partial stocks of Genuine C&C, Inc. on April 8, 2015 and completed the purchase on April 15, 2015. After the purchase, the Company held 60.5% shares of Genuine C&C, Inc. which became the Company's directly owned subsidiary. The Company and the subsidiaries included in these consolidated financial statements are collectively referred as the "Group".
- (2) The Company was organised to create the management mechanism of the group, supervise the subsidiaries, integrate the whole group and improve operational efficiency. The Company's subsidiaries are mainly engaged in the distribution and sales of electronic / electrical components, sales of computer software and electrical products and sales of electronic / electrical components.
- (3) In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the total authorised common stock is 2 billion shares (including 50 million shares of warrant, warrant preferred stock and warrant bond conversion). As of June 30, 2017, the Company had issued capital of \$17,454,207 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 8, 2017.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017 are as follows:

as follows.	
	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	
Accounting for acquisition of interests in joint operations	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IFRS 11)	
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 1)	January 1, 2016
Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	-
Agriculture: bearer plants (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	January 1, 2016
Defined benefit plans: employee contributions (amendments to IAS	July 1, 2014
19R)	·
Equity method in separate financial statements (amendments to IAS	January 1, 2016
27)	
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets (amendments	January 1, 2014
to IAS 36)	
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 39)	, ,
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
	·
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014	January 1, 2016

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2018 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	January 1, 2018
(amendment to IFRS 2)	January 1, 2016
Applying IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' with IFRS 4, 'Insurance contracts' (amendments to IFRS 4)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (amendments to IFRS 15)	January 1, 2018
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (amendments to IAS 12)	January 1, 2017
Transfers of investment property (amendments to IAS 40)	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle - Amendments to IFRS 1, 'First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle - Amendments to IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'	January 1, 2017
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle - Amendments to IAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'	January 1, 2018

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortised cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.
- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognise 12-month expected credit losses ('ECL') or lifetime ECL (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment,

interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance). The Company shall always measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component.

B. IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'

IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' replaces IAS 11, 'Construction Contracts', IAS 18, 'Revenue' and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

Step 1: Identify contracts with customer

Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s)

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price

Step 5: Recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

C. Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation (the promise to transfer a good or a service to a customer) in a contract; determine whether a company is a principal (the provider of a good or service) or an agent (responsible for arranging for the good or service to be provided); and determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognised at a point in time or over time. In addition to the clarifications, the amendments include two additional reliefs to reduce cost and complexity for a company when it first applies the new Standard.

D. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

E. Amendments to IAS 40, 'Transfers of investment property'

The amendments clarify that to transfer to, or from, investment properties there must be a

change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. A change in management's intentions, in isolation, does not provide evidence of the change in use. In addition, the amendments added examples for the evidence of a change in use. The examples include assets under construction or development (not completed properties) transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property at commencement of development with a view to owner-occupation and transfer from inventories to investment property at inception of an operating lease to another party.

F. IFRIC 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration'
The Interpretation states that the date of the transaction for a foreign currency-denominated contract should be the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the receipt or payment of the advance consideration.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

Effective data by

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its	To be determined by
associate or joint venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2021
IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments'	January 1, 2019

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'

The amendments resolve a current inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28. The gain or loss resulting from a transaction that involves sales or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint ventures is recognized either in full or partially depending on the nature of the assets sold or contributed:

- (a) If sales or contributions of assets constitute a 'business', the full gain or loss is recognized;
- (b) If sales or contributions of assets do not constitute a 'business', the partial gain or loss is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

B. IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognize a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

C. IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments'

This Interpretation clarifies when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments, an entity shall recognize and measure its current or deferred tax asset or liability applying the requirements in IAS 12, 'Income taxes' based on taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates determined applying this Interpretation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standards 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) <u>Basis of preparation</u>

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
 - c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.

- b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
- e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownership (%)			
Name of investment	Name of subsidiaries	Main activities	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Note
company						Note
WPG Holdings	World Peace Industrial	Agent and sales of	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Limited	Co., Ltd.	electronic / electrical				
		components				
WPG Holdings Limited	Silicon Application Corporation	Sales of computer software and electronic products	100.00	100.00	100.00	

		_		_		
Name of investment company	Name of subsidiaries	Main activities	June 30, 2017	Ownership (%) December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Note
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Electronic Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG International (CI) Limited	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Holdings Limited	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	
WPG Holdings Limited	Yosun Industrial Corp.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Core Investment Co., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Holdings Limited	Genuine C&C Inc.	Sales of computer and its peripherals	44.21	44.21	44.21	Note 2
World Peace Industria Co., Ltd.	l World Peace International (BVI) Ltd.	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace Industria Co., Ltd.	l WPI Investment Holding (BVI) Company Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
World Peace Industria Co., Ltd.	l Longview Technology Inc.	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace Industria Co., Ltd.	l AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace Industria Co., Ltd.	l Genuine C&C Inc.	Sales of computer and its peripherals	16.29	16.29	16.29	Note 2
AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	Teco Enterprise Holding (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.	Investment company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Teco Enterprise Holding (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.	AECO Electronic Co., Ltd.	Trading of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
AECO Electronic Co., Ltd.	AECO Electronic (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	"	0.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 16

		<u>-</u>		Ownership (%)		=
Name of investment company	Name of subsidiaries	Main activities	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Note
World Peace International (BVI) Ltd.	Prime Future Technology Limited	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Prime Future Technology Limited	World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	Genuine C&C (IndoChina) Pte., Ltd.	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	80.00	80.00	80.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	WPG Americas Inc.	"	4.31	4.31	4.31	Note 3
World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	Genuine C&C (South Asia) Pte., Ltd.	"	0.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 13 and 14
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	World Peace International (India) Pvt., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG C&C (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG C&C (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Agent and sales of information products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 4, 14 and 15
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG C&C Computers And Peripheral (India) Private Limited	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPI Investment Holding (BVI) Company Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
WPI Investment Holding (BVI) Company Ltd.	World Peace International (Asia) Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Agent and sales of information products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG C&C Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	

			Ownership (%)			
Name of investment company	Name of subsidiaries	Main activities	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Note
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	AIO Components Company Limited	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
AIO Components Company Limited	AIO (Shanghai) Components Company Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG C&C Limited	Genuine Trading (Hong Kong) Company Limited	"	0.00	0.00	24.71	Notes 7 and 14
Longview Technology Inc.	Longview Technology GC Limited	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Longview Technology Inc.	Long-Think International Co., Ltd.	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Longview Technology GC Limited	Long-Think International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Long-Think International (Hong Kong) Limited	Long-Think International (Shanghai) Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Silicon Application Corporation	Silicon Application (BVI) Corp.	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Silicon Application Corporation	Win-Win Systems Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Silicon Application Corporation	SAC Components (South Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Sales of computer software and electronic products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Silicon Application Corporation	Win-Win Electronic Corp.	"	0.00	0.00	100.00	Notes 12 and 14
Silicon Application Corporation	Pernas Electronic Co., Ltd.	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Pernas Electronics Co Ltd.	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Pernas Electronics Co. Ltd.	Pernas Enterprise (Samoa) Limited	International investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Pernas Enterprise (Samoa) Limited	World Components Agent (Shanghai) Inc.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	0.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 17

Name of investment		-	June 30,	Ownership (%) December 31,	June 30,	-
company	Name of subsidiaries	Main activities	2017	2016	2016	Note
Silicon Application (BVI) Corp.	Silicon Application Company Limited	Sales of computer software and electronic products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Silicon Application Company Limited	Dstar Electronic Company Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	Apache Communication Inc. (B.V.I.)	Investment company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Apache Communication Inc. (B.V.I.)	Apache Korea Corp.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG International (CI) Limited	WPG International (Hong Kong) Limited	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG International (CI) Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	95.69	95.69	95.69	Note 3
WPG International (CI) Limited	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG International (CI) Limited	WPG Cloud Service Limited	General trading	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG International (CI) Limited	WPG Gain Tune Ltd.	Agent for selling electronic / electrical components	60.00	60.00	60.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG Electronics (Hong Kong) Limited	n	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China Inc.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
WPG International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	Sales of computer software and electronic products	100.00	100.00	100.00	
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	WPG Malaysia Sdn. Bhd	Agent and sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	WPG (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 6, 14 and 15
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	WPG India Electronics Pvt. Ltd.	"	99.99	99.99	99.99	Notes 9, 14 and 15

Ownership (9/)						
Name of investment		-	June 30,	Ownership (%) December 31,	June 30,	-
wpc South Asia Pto	Name of subsidiaries WPG Electronics	Main activities Agent and sales of	2017 100.00	2016 100.00	2016 100.00	Note Notes 5,
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	(Philippines) Inc.	electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	14 and 15
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	WPG SCM Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
WPG Malaysia Sdn. Bhd	WPG India Electronics Pvt. Ltd.	"	0.01	0.01	0.01	Notes 9, 14 and 15
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Apache Communication Inc.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Henshen Electric Trading Co., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	n	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Fame Hall International Co., Ltd.	Investment company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Frontek Technology Corporation	Frontek International Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Fame Hall International Co., Ltd.	AIT Japan Inc.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Frontek International Limited	AITG Electronic Limited	Sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Sertek Incorporated	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Suntop Investments Limited	Investment company	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Mec Technology Co., Limited	n	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Richpower Electronic Devices Pte., Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15
Sertek Incorporated	Sertek Limited	Sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15

		_	Ownership (%)				
Name of investment company	Name of subsidiaries	Main activities	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Note	
Suntop Investments Limited	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Sales of electronic / electrical products	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Suntop Investments Limited	Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15	
Sertek Limited	Sertek (Shanghai) Limited	"	0.00	0.00	100.00	Notes 11 and 14	
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Giatek Corp. Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15	
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Yosun South China Corp. Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15	
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	Warehouse business and sales of electronic components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15	
Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	Yosun Industrial (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Sales of electronic / electrical components	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15	
Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	Yosun India Private Ltd.	"	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 14 and 15	
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	Taibaoo Creation Co., Ltd.	Retail of groceries	0.00	0.00	25.00	Notes 8 and 14	
Genuine C&C, Inc.	Hoban Inc.	General investment and retail of groceries	100.00	100.00	100.00	Notes 2, 14, 15 and 18	
Genuine C&C, Inc.	Taibaoo Creation Co., Ltd.	Retail of groceries	100.00	100.00	50.00	Notes 2, 8, 14 and 15	
Genuine C&C, Inc.	Genuine C&C Holding Inc. (Seychelles)	Holding company	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note 2	
Genuine C&C Holding Inc. (Seychelles)	g Genuine Trading (Hong Kong) Company Limited	"	100.00	100.00	75.29	Notes 2 and 7	
Genuine C&C Holding Inc. (Seychelles)	g Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of electronic /electrical products	55.00	55.00	55.00	Notes 2 and 14	
Genuine Trading (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Hubei Xinsheng Technology Investment Management Co., Ltd.	Sales of electronic products and peripherals	0.00	0.00	83.33	Notes 2 and 10	

- Note 1: The combined ownership percentage of common shares held by the Company and its subsidiaries is more than 50% or has control power.
- Note 2: The Company directly held 44.21% equity of Genuine C&C, Inc. plus the 16.29% equity of Genuine C&C, Inc. held by the wholly owned subsidiary, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd., the total shareholding ratio was 60.50%.
- Note 3: World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. totally held 4.31% of shares of WPG Americas Inc. through World Peace International Pte Ltd. and WPI International (Hong

- Kong) Limited. Along with shares of WPG Americas Inc. held by WPG International (CI) Limited, the total shareholding ratio is 100%.
- Note 4: Due to restriction of local regulations, the Company holds 51% ownership which is under the name of other individuals. The substantial ownership held by the Company was 100%.
- Note 5: Due to restriction of local regulations, the Company holds 62% ownership which is under the name of other individuals. The substantial ownership held by the Company was 100%.
- Note 6: Due to restriction of local regulations, the Company holds 61% ownership which is under the name of other individuals. The substantial ownership held by the Company was 100%.
- Note 7: On March 31, 2016, WPG C&C Limited held 24.71% equity of Genuine Trading (Hong Kong) Company Limited plus 75.29% equity of the same company held by Genuine C&C Holding Inc. (Seychelles), the total shareholding ratio was 100%. In December 2016, WPG C&C Limited sold all the shares to Genuine C&C Holding Inc. (Seychelles), the Group holds 100% of shares in total.
- Note 8: Genuine C&C, Inc. holds 50% of Taibaoo Creation Co., Ltd. Along with 25% of shares held by WPG Investment Co., Ltd., and Genuine C&C holds 75% equity interest in total. Genuine C&C, Inc. purchased 25% of shares from WPG Investment Co., Ltd. and shareholders in August 2016. As a result, Genuine C&C, Inc. holds 100% share of ownership since the acquisition.
- Note 9: WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd. and WPG Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. separately holds 99.99% and 0.01% of shares of the subsidiary, and both companies together hold 100% of shares of the subsidiary.
- Note 10: Genuine Trading (Hong Kong) Company Limited has disposed all shares of the invested company on August 1, 2016.
- Note 11: It was liquidated in August 2016.
- Note 12: It was liquidated in December 2016.
- Note 13: It was liquidated in March 2017.
- Note 14: The financial statements as of June 30, 2016 were not reviewed by independent accountants since it did not meet the definition of significant subsidiaries.
- Note 15: The financial statements as of June 30, 2017 were not reviewed by independent accountants since it did not meet the definition of significant subsidiaries.
- Note 16: It was liquidated in June 2017.
- Note 17: It was liquidated in May 2017.
- Note 18: It was formerly known as Hat-Trick Co., Ltd. and was renamed in April 2017.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$547,369, \$519,568 and \$505,843, respectively. The information on non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

	Principal		Non-controlling interest								
Name of	place	_	June 30, 2017			December 31, 2016			June 30, 2016		
subsidiary	of business		Amount	Ownership		Amount	Ownership		Amount	Ownership	
Genuine C&C,	Taiwan	\$	424,507	39.5%	\$	417,404	39.5%	\$	403,830	39.5%	
Inc. and its subsidiaries											

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

(a) Balance sheets

	Genuine C&C, Inc. and its subsidiaries						
	June 30, 2017		Dec	cember 31, 2016	June 30, 2016		
Current assets	\$	2,620,644	\$	2,693,783	\$	2,472,465	
Non-current assets		106,499		113,039		117,780	
Current liabilities	(1,522,006)	(1,641,941)	(1,453,426)	
Non-current liabilities	(55,230)	(56,032)	(48,376)	
Total net assets		1,149,907		1,108,849		1,088,443	
Less: non-controlling							
interest	(75,213)	(52,135)	(66,096)	
Equity attributable to							
owners of the parent							
company	<u>\$</u>	1,074,694	\$	1,056,714	\$	1,022,347	

(b) Statements of comprehensive income

•	Genuine C&C, Inc. and its subsidiaries Three months ended June 30,						
		2017	2016				
Revenue	\$	2,412,758	\$	2,663,647			
Profit before tax		40,359		9,218			
Income tax benefit (expense)	(2,656)	(3,043)			
Profit for the period		37,703		6,175			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		1,654	(3,107)			
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	39,357	<u>\$</u>	3,068			
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	<u>\$</u>	4,211	(<u>\$</u>	3,449)			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	<u>\$</u>	18,229	<u>\$</u>	15,715			

	Genuine C&C, Inc. and its subsidiaries Six months ended June 30,						
		2017		2016			
Revenue	\$	4,801,973	\$	5,510,817			
Profit before tax		91,263		14,420			
Income tax expense	(14,201)	(2,063)			
Profit for the period		77,062		12,357			
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(4,806)	(4,091)			
Total comprehensive income	\$	72,256	\$	8,266			
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	8,126	(\$	5,963)			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	\$	18,229	\$	15,715			
Statements of cash flows	C	anvina ChC Ina	and it	a aubaidianiaa			

(c)

	Ge	Genuine C&C, Inc. and its subsidiaries						
		Six months ended June 30,						
	2017			2016				
Net cash (used in) provided by								
operating activities	(\$	209,410)	\$	31,862				
Net cash provided by investing								
activities		22,073		13,328				
Net cash provided by (used in)								
financing activities		165,701	(237,145)				
Effect of exchange rates on cash and								
cash equivalents	()	3,756)	(4,399)				
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	()	25,392)	(196,354)				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning								
of period		188,421		421,071				
Cash and cash equivalents, end of								
period	\$	163,029	\$	224,717				

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such

- transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within other gains or losses.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- b) The operating results and financial position of all the overseas branches that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period;
 - iii. Accounts with head office and working capital are translated using the historical exchange rates; and
 - iv. Exchange differences denominated in NTD arising from translation of overseas branches' financial statements are recorded as 'other equity exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements' under shareholders' equity,

- c) When a foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- d) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- e) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date:
 - d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial assets held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets held for trading are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting. Derivatives are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
- C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognised in profit or loss.

(8) Available-for-sale financial assets

- A. Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, available-for-sale financial assets are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

(9) Loans and receivables

A. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are loans and receivables originated by the entity. They are created by the entity by selling goods or providing services to customers in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. However, short-term accounts receivable which are non-interest bearing are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

B. Investments in debt instruments without active market

- a) Investments in debt instruments without active market are loans and receivables not originated by the entity. They are bond investments with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, and also meet all of the following conditions:
 - i. Not designated on initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss;

- ii. Not designated on initial recognition as available-for-sale;
- iii. Not for which the holder may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration.
- b) On a regular way purchase or sale basis, investments in debt instruments without active market are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- c) Investments in debt instruments without active market are initially recognised at fair value on the trade date plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Amortisation of a premium or a discount on such assets is recognised in profit or loss.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.
- B. The criteria that the Group uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:
 - a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
 - b) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;
 - c) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
 - d) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - e) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;
 - f) Information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technology, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and indicates that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered; or
 - g) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- C. When the Group assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment and an

impairment loss has occurred, accounting for impairment is made as follows according to the category of financial assets:

a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognised in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognised previously. Impairment loss is recognised and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

b) Financial assets measured at cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market return rate of similar financial asset, and is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment loss recognised for this category shall not be reversed subsequently. Impairment loss is recognised by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

c) Available-for-sale financial assets

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost less any principal repayment and amortisation and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss, and is reclassified from 'other comprehensive income' to 'profit or loss'. Impairment loss of an investment in an equity instrument recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss is recognised and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(12) Inventories

- A. Cost of inventory purchase includes purchase price, import taxes and all the related costs involved in the process of obtaining inventory. Discounts, allowances and etc. shall be deducted from the cost of inventory purchases.
- B. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. The calculation of net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, net of estimated selling expenses.

(13) <u>Investments accounted for using the equity method / associates</u>

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 per cent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds the Group's interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred statutory/constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $5 \sim 55$ yearsTransportation equipment $2 \sim 10$ yearsOffice equipment $2 \sim 10$ years

Leasehold improvements $2 \sim 15$ years Other property, plant and equipment $3 \sim 10$ years

(15) Leases

If substantially all the significiant risks and rewards of rental object remain to lessor, the Group accounts for this kind of leases as operating lease. Rental revenues and expenses made under an operating lease are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(16) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5~55 years.

(17) <u>Intangible assets</u>

A. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

B. Intangible assets, other than goodwill, are software and business right which are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3~5 years.

(18) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(19) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(20) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable which are non-interest bearing are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(21) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading except for derivatives which are categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial liabilities are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

(22) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(23) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(24) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Company's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares). The Company classifies the bonds payable and derivative features embedded in convertible corporate bonds on initial recognition as a financial asset and a financial liability. Convertible corporate bonds are accounted for as follows:

A. Bonds payable of convertible corporate bonds is initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and

presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to the 'finance costs' over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method.

- B. Conversion options embedded in convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company, which meet the definition of an equity instrument, are initially recognised in 'capital surplus stock options' at the residual amount of total issue price less amounts of 'bonds payable net' as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- C. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of convertible corporate bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.
- D. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including 'bonds payable') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The book value of common shares issued due to the conversion shall be based on the adjusted book value of the abovementioned liability component plus the book value of capital surplus stock options.

(25) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value and recognized in profit or loss.

(26) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and

- term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(27) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the

temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(28) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(29) Revenue recognition

The Group manufactures and sells computer software, electrical components products and so on. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the business tax, returns, rebates and discounts for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods is recognised when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied.

(30) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquire recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

A. Financial assets-impairment of equity investments

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 39 to determine whether a financial asset-equity

investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an equity investment is less than its cost and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

If the decline of the fair value of an individual equity investment below cost was considered significant or prolonged, the Group would incur an additional loss of \$995,086 in its financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2017, being the transfer of the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in other comprehensive income on the impaired available-for-sale financial assets to profit or loss or being the recognition of the impairment loss on the impaired financial assets measured at cost in profit or loss.

B. Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The determination of whether the Group is acting as principal or agent in a transaction is based on an evaluation of the Group's exposure to the significant risks and rewards associated with the sale of goods or the rendering of service in accordance with the business model and substance of the transaction. Where the Group acts as a principal, the amount received or receivable from customer is recognised as revenue on a gross basis. Where the Group acts as an agent, net revenue is recognised representing commissions earned.

The following characteristics of a principal are used as indicators to determine whether the Group shall recognise revenue on a gross basis:

- a. The Group has primary responsibilities for the goods or services it provides;
- b. The Group bears inventory risk;
- c. The Group has the latitude in establishing prices for the goods or services, either directly or indirectly.
- d. The Group bears credit risk of customers.

(2) <u>Critical accounting estimates and assumptions</u>

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill related to cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units. Please refer to Note 6(13) for the information on goodwill impairment.

B. Assessing uncollectible accounts for doubtful receivables

In the process of assessing uncollectible accounts, the Group must use judgements and assumptions to determine the collectability of accounts receivable. The collectability is affected by various factors: customers' financial conditions, the Company's internal credit

ratings, historical experience, current economic conditions, etc. When sales are not expected to be collected, the Group recognizes a specific allowance for doubtful receivables after the assessment. The assumptions and estimates of allowance for uncollectible accounts are based on projected future events at the balance sheet date. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results which may result in a material adjustment. Please refer to Note 6(5) for the information on assessing uncollectible accounts for doubtful receivables.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	J ₁	<u>June 30, 2017</u>		<u>December 31, 2016</u>		<u>June 30, 2016</u>	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	3,816	\$	2,945	\$	3,141	
Checking accounts deposits		1,003,914		1,786,628		2,996,910	
Demand deposits		5,079,156		6,496,436		4,547,238	
Time deposits		568,234		170,903		419,300	
	\$	6,655,120	\$	8,456,912	\$	7,966,589	

- A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The bank deposits and time deposits pledged as collateral and non-pledged time deposits that are not considered as cash equivalents have been transferred to 'other current assets' by the Group. Details are provided in Note 8.

(2) Financial assets / liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Items	June 3	0, 2017	Decembe	er 31, 2016	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2016
Current items:						
Financial assets held for trading						
Listed stocks	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,053
Derivatives		4,011		17,721		6,803
Domestic open-end fund		10,132		20,266		20,266
		14,143		37,987		38,122
Valuation adjustment of financial						
assets held for trading		253		471	(1,203)
	\$	14,396	\$	38,458	\$	36,919
Current items:						
Financial liabilities held for						
trading						
Derivatives	\$	4,608	\$	5,686	\$	2,602

- A. The Group recognised net gain (loss) of \$9,320, \$22,055, (\$19,516) and \$8,385 on financial assets and liabilities held for trading for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- B. The counterparties of the Group's debt instrument investments are mostly listed companies or financial institutions which have good credit quality so the Group expects that the

counterparties would not default on the contract.

C. The non-hedging derivative instrument transactions and contract information are as follows:

		June 30, 20	017	December 31, 2016			
	Contract amount (notional principal)				ract amount onal principal)	_	
Derivative instruments	(Note)	Contract period		(Note)	Contract period	
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
- Sell	USD	4,000	2017.05.30~ 2017.07.20	USD	1,500	2016.12.02~ 2017.01.16	
	EUR	800	2017.01.24~ 2017.12.11	EUR	500	2016.11.02~ 2017.02.23	
- Sell-SWAP	USD	14,200	2017.06.01~ 2017.07.31	USD	12,900	2016.12.12~ 2017.01.26	
- Buy	USD	29,313	2016.12.02~ 2017.04.20	USD	27,506	2016.04.20~ 2017.06.21	
	EUR	3,000	2017.06.09~ 2017.07.14	EUR	3,000	2016.12.09~ 2017.01.12	
					June 30, 2016		
					ract amount onal principal)		
Derivative instruments Forward foreign exchange contracts	-				(Note)	Contract period	
- Sell				USD	8,500	2016.05.30~ 2016.07.29	
				EUR	650	2016.04.29~ 2016.08.17	
- Sell-SWAP				USD	8,000	2016.06.02~ 2016.07.29	
- Buy				USD	28,161	2015.11.25~ 2017.06.21	
				EUR	2,700	2016.06.13~ 2016.07.14	

Note: expressed in thousands.

The Group entered into forward exchange contracts to manage exposures to foreign exchange rate fluctuations of import or export sales. However, the forward exchange contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Group did not apply hedge accounting.

(3) Available-for-sale financial assets

Investee company	Jui	ne 30, 2017	Dece	mber 31, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2016
Current items:						
Farglory FTZ Investment						
Holding Co., Ltd.	\$	13,799	\$	13,799	\$	13,799
Dimerco Express Corporation	<u> </u>	8,748		8,748		10,535
		22,547		22,547		24,334
Adjustment of available-for-sale						
financial assets		1,926		560	(2,048)
		24,473		23,107		22,286
Non-current items:						
Nichidenbo Corporation		231,990		231,990		231,990
Vitec holdings Co., Ltd.		85,354		-		-
Promaster Technology Corp.		49,605		49,605		49,605
Apollo Electronics Group Ltd.		32,956		34,938		34,964
Murad Chia Jei Biotechnology						
Co., Ltd.		19,107		19,107		19,107
Hua-Jie (Taiwan) Corp.		10,500		10,500		10,500
Kingmax Technology Inc.		9,504		9,504		9,504
Others		9,587		9,587		9,588
		448,603		365,231		365,258
Valuation adjustment		37,826	(25,456)	(21,558)
Accumulated impairment	(7,801)	(7,801)	(7,801)
		478,628		331,974		335,899
	\$	503,101	\$	355,081	\$	358,185

- A. The Group recognised \$36,715, (11,795), 64,648 and \$12,170 in other comprehensive income (loss) for fair value change of current and non-current available-for-sale financial assets and no amount was reclassified from equity to profit or loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- B. The Group had no investment in debt instruments that was classified as available-for-sale financial assets.
- C. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Group pledged available-for-sale financial assets as guarantees for purchases. Please refer to Note 8 for details.

(4) Notes receivable

	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Dece	ember 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	
Notes receivable	\$	4,820,899	\$	7,573,363	\$	6,605,902

The notes receivable are mostly checks collected from counterparties or from financial institutions which have good credit quality so the Group does not expect any contract default.

(5) Accounts receivable

	J	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Accounts receivable	\$	81,928,215	\$	88,220,742	\$	80,542,935
Less: Allowance for doubtful						
accounts	(770,053)	(3,246,871)	(859,030)
	\$	81,158,162	\$	84,973,871	\$	79,683,905

A. The credit quality of financial assets that were neither past due nor impaired was in the following categories:

	June 30, 2017		Dec	ember 31, 2016	June 30, 2016		
Group 1	\$	33,779,477	\$	45,903,680	\$	25,537,509	
Group 2		43,110,027		35,084,851		49,093,602	
	\$	76,889,504	\$	80,988,531	\$	74,631,111	

Group 1: Includes customers with current ratio, debt ratio, earnings, etc. within a certain range.

Group 2: Customers not belonging to Group 1.

B. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due is as follows:

	J <u>ı</u>	June 30, 2017		<u>December 31, 2016</u>		June 30, 2016	
0 to 30 days	\$	3,427,357	\$	2,158,300	\$	3,525,622	
31 to 60 days		279,825		1,990,180		858,361	
61 to 90 days		217,556		514,933		616,257	
91 to 120 days		76,247		1,117,178		134,411	
121 to 150 days		187,637		455,740		192,357	
151 to 180 days		11,441		495,027		40,821	
Over 181 days		838,648		500,853		543,995	
	<u>\$</u>	5,038,711	\$	7,232,211	\$	5,911,824	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

C. Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

	2017									
<u>Indi</u>	vidual provision	Gro	oup provision	<u>Total</u>						
\$	2,920,322	\$	326,549	\$	3,246,871					
(195,839)	(100,065)	(295,904)					
(1,604,244)	(31,114)	(1,635,358)					
(146,488)	(12,869)	(159,357)					
(371,360)	(14,839)	(386,199)					
\$	602,391	\$	167,662	\$	770,053					
		(195,839) (1,604,244) (146,488) (371,360)	\$ 2,920,322 \$ (195,839) ((1,604,244) ((146,488) (371,360) ()	\$ 2,920,322 \$ 326,549 (195,839) (100,065) (1,604,244) (31,114) (146,488) (12,869) (371,360) (14,839)	Individual provision Group provision \$ 2,920,322 \$ 326,549 \$ (195,839) (100,065) (1,604,244) (31,114) (146,488) (12,869) (371,360) (14,839)					

Note: Others included the amounts reclassified to overdue receivables and reversal and decrease of recovery of write-offs of provision for impairment of accounts receivable in prior year amounting to (\$388,650) and \$2,451, respectively.

		2016									
	<u>Indiv</u>	idual provision	<u>Gr</u>	oup provision	Total						
At January 1	\$	353,584	\$	465,233	\$	818,817					
Provision for											
impairment		24,346		25,450		49,796					
Write-offs during the											
period		-	(453)	(453)					
Effects of foreign											
exchange	(6,183)	(114)	(6,297)					
Others (Note)	(1,681)	(1,152)	(2,833)					
At June 30	\$	370,066	\$	488,964	\$	859,030					

Note: Others pertain to accounts receivable transferred to overdue receivables amounting to (\$2,833).

(6) Transfer of financial assets

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

The Group entered into factoring of accounts receivable with banks. In accordance with the contract requirements, the Group shall only be liable for the losses incurred on any commercial dispute and did not assume the risk of uncollectible accounts receivable. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred accounts receivable. The derecognised amounts had already deducted the estimated commercial disputes. The commercial papers and time deposits pledged to the banks are for losses incurred only on commercial disputes or for the banks' practice of accounts receivable factoring. The pledged commercial papers and time deposits do not cover losses other than those arising from commercial disputes. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, outstanding accounts receivable were as follows:

June 30, 2017											
Purchaser of accounts receivable	Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognised		Facilities thousands)	Amount advanced	Interest rate of amount advanced	Pledged assets				
Cathay United Bank	\$ 1,084,980 \$	1,084,980	USD	47,500 \$	1,084,980	2.00%~2.30%	Note 1				
Mega International	3,273,683	3,273,683	USD	166,900	3,079,131	1.53%~2.38%	Note 2				
Commercial Bank			\$	480,000							
CTBC Bank	2,704,838	2,704,838	USD	15,000	961,653	1.69%~2.18%	Note 3				
			\$	2,782,000							
E. SUN Commercial	2,696,331	2,696,331	USD	160,500	2,071,346	1.15%~2.21%	Note 4				
Bank			\$	20,000							
Taipei Fubon	1,183,343	1,183,343	\$	3,139,300	1,138,127	1.10%~2.11%	Note 5				
Commercial Bank											
Yuanta Commercial	281,337	281,337	USD	25,000	121,183	1.95%~2.28%	Note 6				
Bank			\$	100,000							
The Hong Kong and	2,091,460	2,091,460	USD	146,200	1,566,971	1.76%~1.78%	Note 7				
Shanghai Banking											
Corporation Limited											
Ta Chong Bank	206,079	206,079	USD	6,500	818	1.80%~2.30%	Note 8				
			\$	820,000							

June 30, 2017

Purchaser of accounts receivable	Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognised		Facilities thousands)	Amount advanced	Interest rate of amount advanced	Pledged assets
Standard Chartered	\$ 16,082			60,120 \$		1.83%~1.95%	None
Bank	Ψ 10,002	ų 10,00 <u>2</u>		00,120 4	,,,,,,,,		- 10000
Taishin International	4,743,972	4,743,972	\$	9,000,000	1,808,664	1.79%~2.20%	Note 9
Bank							
Bank SinoPac	562,495	562,495	USD	45,550	487,799	1.53%~1.80%	Note 10
Far Eastern	180,212	180,212	USD	22,000	77,124	1.82%~2.19%	Note 11
International Bank			\$	400,000			
Chang Hwa Bank	640,585	640,585	USD	48,700	412,060	1.85%~2.10%	Note 12
DBS Bank	982,963	982,963	USD	133,500	975,100	1.42%~2.23%	Note 13
Shin Kong Bank	-	-	USD	300	-	-	Note 14
Taiwan Cooperative	28,071	28,071	USD	3,000	26,668	1.96%~2.22%	Note 15
Bank							
Hang Seng Bank	2,282,598	2,282,598	USD	128,000	2,150,982	1.73%~2.23%	Note 16
KGI Bank	489,186	489,186	\$	1,450,000	472,708	1.65%~2.00%	Note 17

- Note 1: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 47,500 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 2: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 166,900 thousand and \$530,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 3: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 15 million and \$367,600 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 4: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 163 million and \$20,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 5: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$203,500 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 6: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 25 million and \$100,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 7: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 135,630 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 8: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 6,500 thousand and \$820,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 9: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$9,000,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 10: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 41 million and \$600,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 11: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 22 million and \$400,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 12: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 48,700 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.

- Note 13: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 155,500 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 14: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 300 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 15: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 3 million that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 16: The Group has provided demand deposits amounting to USD 140 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 17: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$820,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.

				Dece	ember :	31, 2016					
Purchaser of accounts receivable	r	Accounts receivable ansferred	Amor derecogn		(I ₁	Facilities thousands)		Amoun		Interest rate of amount advanced	Pledged assets
Cathay United Bank	\$	1,383,750 \$	1,38	3,750	USD	47,	500 \$	1,383	,750	1.54%~2.50%	Note 1
Mega International		4,395,529	4,39	5,529	USD	166,	900	3,598	,146	1.27%~2.46%	Note 2
Commercial Bank					\$	480,	000				
ANZ Bank		-		-	USD	60,	000		-	-	None
CTBC Bank		3,148,440	3,14	8,440	USD	15,	000	1,688	,956	1.37%~2.35%	Note 3
					\$	3,582,0	000				
E. SUN Commercial		3,095,093	3,09	5,093	USD	161,	500	2,551	,250	1.05%~2.15%	Note 4
Bank					\$	20,	000				
Taipei Fubon		1,815,351	1,81	5,351	\$	3,099,	300	876	,207	1.12%~2.18%	Note 5
Commercial Bank											
Industrial Bank of		341,021	34	1,021	\$	669,	720		-	-	Note 6
Taiwan											
Yuanta Commercial		647,253	64	7,253	USD	25,	000	401	,120	1.60%~1.75%	Note 7
Bank					\$	1,400,	000				
The Hong Kong and		2,226,489	2,22	6,489	USD	146,	700	2,214	,364	1.42%	Note 8
Shanghai Banking											
Corporation Limited											
Ta Chong Bank		487,640	48	7,640	USD	3,	500	31	,992	1.80%	Note 9
					\$	914,	215				
Standard Chartered		22,732	2	2,732	USD	60,	120	18	,918	1.44%~2.03%	None
Bank											
Taishin International		5,917,168	5,91	7,168	\$	9,000,	000	972	,534	1.17%~2.00%	Note 10
Bank											
Bank SinoPac		459,475	45	9,475	USD	44,	050	418	,008	1.85%	Note 11
					\$	1,	500				
Far Eastern		150,502	15	0,502	USD	22,	000	73	,197	1.64%~2.38%	Note 12
International Bank					\$	400,	000				
Chang Hwa Bank		793,082	79	3,082	USD	50,	300	525	,449	1.40%~2.18%	Note 13
DBS Bank		958,014	95	8,014	USD	92,	000	919	,969	1.08%~2.05%	Note 14
Shin Kong Bank		5,297		5,297	USD	2,	250		-	-	Note 15
					\$	10,	000				
Taiwan Cooperative Bank		67,739	6	7,739	USD	3,	000		-	-	Note 16
Dank											

December 31, 2016

		Accounts					Interest rate	
Purchaser of		receivable	Amount		Facilities	Amount	of amount	Pledged
accounts receivable	_	transferred	derecognised	(Iı	n thousands)	advanced	advanced	assets
Hang Seng Bank	\$	2,142,961	\$ 2,142,961	USD	88,000 \$	1,938,080	1.46%~1.81%	Note 17
KGI Bank		305,003	305,003	\$	850,000	301,922	1.40%~1.60%	Note 18

- Note 1: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 47,500 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 2: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 166,900 thousand and \$530,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 3: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 15 million and \$447,600 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 4: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 164 million and \$20,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 5: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$203,500 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 6: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$669,720 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 7: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 25 million and \$1,400,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 8: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 135,630 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 9: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 7,700 thousand and \$1,500,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 10: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$9,000,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 11: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 41 million and \$600,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 12: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 22 million and \$400,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 13: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 50,300 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 14: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 114 million that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 15: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 225 thousand and \$1,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 16: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 3 million that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 17: The Group has provided demand deposits amounting to USD 140 thousand that

were pledged to others as collateral.

Note 18: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$760,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.

June 30, 2016											
Purchaser of accounts receivable	Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognised	<u>l (Ir</u>	Facilities thousands)	Amount advanced	Interest rate of amount advanced	Pledged assets				
Cathay United Bank	\$ 1,257,540	\$ 1,257,54	40 USD	47,500	\$ 1,257,540	1.54%~1.64%	Note 1				
Mega International	2,842,951	2,842,93	51 USD	173,900	2,276,560	1.45%~1.93%	Note 2				
Commercial Bank			\$	600,000	10,142						
ANZ Bank	592,744	592,74	44 USD	110,000	592,744	1.78%~2.22%	None				
CTBC Bank	2,336,966	2,336,96	66 USD	15,000	227,765	1.24%~1.57%	Note 3				
			\$	3,906,000	1,970,823						
E. SUN Commercial	2,462,707	2,462,70)7 USD	193,000	1,880,946	1.24%~1.76%	Note 4				
Bank			\$	20,000							
Taipei Fubon	1,636,862	1,636,86	52 \$	3,139,300	1,507,644	1.16%~1.44%	Note 5				
Commercial Bank											
Industrial Bank of	344,882	344,88	32 \$	527,505	339,329	1.20%	Note 6				
Taiwan											
Yuanta Commercial	837,345	837,34	45 USD	25,000	131,144	1.35%~1.65%	Note 7				
Bank			\$	2,310,000	318,622						
The Hong Kong and	2,035,334	2,035,33	34 USD	144,700	2,004,907	1.12%	Note 8				
Shanghai Banking											
Corporation Limited											
Ta Chong Bank	329,753	329,7	33 USD	3,500	-	1.85%	Note 9				
			\$	914,215	32,706						
Standard Chartered	423,969	423,96	69 USD	71,130	412,781	1.44%~1.48%	None				
Bank											
Taishin International	4,077,972	4,077,9	72 \$	9,000,000	1,572,777	1.42%~1.65%	Note 10				
Bank											
Bank SinoPac	167,020	167,02	20 USD	19,000	134,108	1.10%~1.74%	Note 11				
			\$	950,000	332						
Far Eastern	82,054	82,0	54 USD	22,000	43,822	1.40%~1.62%	Note 12				
International Bank			\$	400,000							
Chang Hwa Bank	527,601	527,6	01 USD	46,300	379,309	1.40%~2.01%	Note 13				
DBS Bank	990,877	990.8	77 USD	92,000	831,630	1.03%~1.73%	Note 14				
Shin Kong Bank	13,800		00 USD	2,250	6,034	1.47%~1.51%	Note 15				
. 0	15,500	10,0	\$	10,000	0,001						
Taiwan Cooperative			- USD	3,000		_	Note 16				
Bank	-		- 000	5,000	-	_	11010 10				
	404 226	40.4.2	06 HCD	20,000	417 011	1 200/ 1 460/	Note 17				
Hang Seng Bank	494,226	,	26 USD	28,000	417,811	1.20%~1.46%	Note 17				
KGI Bank	56,041	56,0	41 \$	130,000	56,041	1.18%~1.19%	Note 18				

Note 1: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 47,500 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.

Note 2: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 173,900 thousand and \$650,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.

Note 3: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 15 million and

- \$450,600 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 4: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 196,500 thousand and \$20,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 5: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$203,500 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 6: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$527,505 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 7: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 25 million and \$2,310,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 8: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 130,230 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 9: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 7,700 thousand and \$1,500,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 10: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$9,000,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 11: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 19 million and \$600,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 12: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 22 million and \$400,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 13: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 46,300 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 14: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 114 million that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 15: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 225 thousand and \$1,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 16: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to USD 3 million that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 17: The Group has provided demand deposits amounting to USD 1,470 thousand that were pledged to others as collateral.
- Note 18: The Group has signed commercial papers amounting to \$23,000 that were pledged to others as collateral.

(7) Other receivables

	June 30, 2017		<u>Dec</u>	<u>ember 31, 2016</u>	June 30, 2016		
Retention amount of factoring accounts receivable	\$	7,003,556	\$	10,448,677	\$	5,483,226	
VAT refund		225,769		348,744		333,640	
Others		484,010		402,431		628,591	
	\$	7,713,335	\$	11,199,852	\$	6,445,457	

(8) <u>Inventories</u>

<u>mventories</u>			
		June 30, 2017	
		Allowance	
	Cost	for valuation	Book value
Inventories	\$ 57,529,390	(\$ 1,010,317)	\$ 56,519,073
Inventories in transit	3,007,479		3,007,479
	\$ 60,536,869	$(\underline{\$} 1,010,317)$	\$ 59,526,552
		D 1 01 0016	
		December 31, 2016	
		Allowance	
	Cost	for valuation	Book value
Inventories	\$ 47,711,985	(\$ 1,061,430)	\$ 46,650,555
Inventories in transit	3,276,610		3,276,610
	\$ 50,988,595	(\$ 1,061,430)	\$ 49,927,165
		June 30, 2016	
		Allowance	
	Cost	for valuation	Book value
Inventories	\$ 51,567,735	(\$ 1,044,901)	\$ 50,522,834
Inventories in transit	3,331,105	<u>-</u> _	3,331,105
	\$ 54,898,840	(<u>\$ 1,044,901</u>)	\$ 53,853,939
The cost of inventories recognis	sed as expense for th	e period:	
J	•	Three months ende	ed June 30

	Three months ended June 30,							
		2017		2016				
Cost of goods sold	\$	122,967,529	\$	128,058,589				
Loss on (gain from recovery of) price decline								
in inventory		10,869	(18,563)				
Loss on physical inventory		934		81				
Cost of goods sold	\$	122,979,332	\$	128,040,107				
		Six months e	ended J	une 30,				
		2017		2016				
Cost of goods sold	\$	236,664,739	\$	244,064,072				
Loss on price decline in inventory		117,726		335,504				
Loss on physical inventory		2,335		1,669				
Cost of goods sold	\$	236,784,800	\$	244,401,245				

Gain from price recovery of inventories was caused by the reversal of net realisable value and sale of inventories which were previously provided with allowance for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

(9) Financial assets measured at cost - non-current

Investee company	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
Tyche Partners, LP.	\$ 138,217	\$ 138,217	\$ 63,364
Ability I Venture Capital			
Corporation	100,000	100,000	100,000
CDIB CME Fund Ltd.	100,000	100,000	100,000
Nanjing Sunlord Electronics			
Corporation Ltd.	44,277	45,570	-
Silicon Line GmbH	40,851	40,851	40,851
DIGITIMES Inc.	33,035	-	-
M Cube Inc.	30,365	30,365	30,365
Ability Asia Capital Corporation	25,000	25,000	25,000
Chlen Hwa Coating Technology			
Inc.	20,000	20,000	20,000
GEC Technology Hong Kong			
Company Limited	19,994	19,994	19,994
Bettery Energy Technology Inc.	18,000	18,000	18,000
Fantasy Story Inc.	15,047	15,047	15,047
Liefco Optical Inc.	15,000	15,000	15,000
Systemweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	12,600	12,600	-
Centillion III Venture Capital			
Corp.	10,500	10,500	10,500
SmartDisplayer Technology Co.,			
Ltd.	10,000	10,000	10,000
PTR-Tech Technology Co., Ltd.	10,000	10,000	10,000
FineMat Applied Materials Co.,			
Ltd.	-	11,941	11,941
Remotek Corporation	-	-	13,520
TekCare Corporation	-	-	12,600
Others	56,949	56,803	62,280
	699,835	679,888	578,462
Less: Accumulated impairment	(<u>168,098</u>)	((171,409)	(111,815)
	\$ 531,737	\$ 508,479	\$ 466,647

- A. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, no financial assets measured at cost held by the Group were pledged to others.
- B. Based on the Group's intention, its investment in stocks should be classified as 'available-for-sale financial assets'. However, as these stocks are not traded in active market, and sufficient industry information of companies similar to the investee or the investee's financial information cannot be obtained, the fair value of the investment in stocks cannot be measured reliably. Accordingly, the Group classified those stocks as 'financial assets measured at cost'.
- C. There was no impairment on financial assets measured as cost non-current for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Details are provided in Note 6(14).

(10) Investments accounted for under the equity method

A. Details of investments accounted for under the equity method:

Investee company	J	une 30, 2017	De	ecember 31, 2016	 June 30, 2016
CECI Technology Co., Ltd.	\$	589,659	\$	583,371	\$ -
ChainPower Technology Corp.		139,810		152,983	193,382
Sunrise Technology Co., Ltd.		69,640		80,331	80,991
Eesource Corp.		63,736		82,758	70,951
Suzhou Xinning Bonded					
Warehouse Co., Ltd.		56,374		54,439	57,732
Adivic Technology Co., Ltd.		67,361		32,446	41,894
Yosun Japan Corp.		8,370		37,828	39,619
Suzhou Xinning Logistics Co.,					
Ltd.		29,192		33,633	39,051
Gain Tune Logistics					
(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.		30,482		34,400	38,756
VITEC WPG Limtied		38,853		39,708	35,225
Others		2,087		428	 509
	\$	1,095,564	\$	1,132,325	\$ 598,110

B. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$1,095,564, \$1,132,325 and \$598,110, respectively.

	-	Three months e	ended .	June 30,
		2017		2016
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$	28,697	\$	9,035
Other comprehensive income - net of tax		6,865		723
Total comprehensive income	\$	35,562	\$	9,758
		Six months er	nded Ju	ine 30,
		2017		2016
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$	26,577	\$	2016
-	\$ (\$	

- C. There was no impairment on investments accounted for using equity method for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.
- D. The investment balance of the abovementioned investees accounted for using equity method as of and for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were assessed based on the investees' unreviewed financial statements of the same periods.

(11) Property, plant and equipment

At January 1, 2017	Land	Buildings and structures		Insportation equipment		Furniture ad fixtures		asehold rovements		Others	pro eq	struction in ogress and uipment to be tested	<u>Total</u>
Cost	\$2,281,371	\$2,103,545	\$	18,809	\$	526,282	\$	499,499	\$	210,204	\$	2,688	\$5,642,398
Accumulated depreciation	-	(451,224)	•	44 000	(423,925)	•	300,335)		164,588)	Ψ	-	(1,351,394)
Accumulated impairment	(1,582)	(10,764)	` <u></u>		`			<u> </u>					(12,346)
	<u>\$2,279,789</u>	<u>\$1,641,557</u>	\$	7,487	\$	102,357	\$	199,164	\$	45,616	\$	2,688	\$4,278,658
Six months ended June 30,	<u>2017</u>												
Opening net book amount	\$2,279,789	\$1,641,557	\$	7,487	\$	102,357	\$	199,164	\$	45,616	\$	2,688	\$4,278,658
Additions	-	404		3,629		8,428		3,657		3,934		815,565	835,617
Disposals	-	-	(1,686)	(2,672)	(92)		-		-	(4,450)
Transfer	-	-		-		101		520		3,533	(4,053)	101
Depreciation charge	-	(34,168)	(1,358)	(22,217)	(24,728)	(12,935)		-	(95,406)
Effect due to changes in													
exchange rates	(1,307)	(<u>21,605</u>)	(<u>294</u>)	(2,824)	()	4,238)	(<u>850</u>)	(124)	(31,242)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$2,278,482</u>	<u>\$1,586,188</u>	\$	7,778	\$	83,173	\$	174,283	\$	39,298	\$	814,076	<u>\$4,983,278</u>
At June 30, 2017													
Cost	\$2,280,064	\$2,079,548	\$	19,541	\$	461,481	\$	468,615	\$	212,549	\$	814,076	\$6,335,874
Accumulated depreciation	-	(482,596)	(11,763)	(378,308)	(294,332)	(173,251)		-	(1,340,250)
Accumulated impairment	$(\underline{1,582})$	(10,764)		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>							(12,346)
	<u>\$2,278,482</u>	<u>\$1,586,188</u>	\$	7,778	\$	83,173	\$	174,283	\$	39,298	\$	814,076	<u>\$4,983,278</u>

Note: Inventories amounting to \$101 were transferred to property, plant and equipment.

	Land	Buildings and structures		nsportation equipment	_6	Office equipment		asehold rovements		Others	pr eq	nstruction in ogress and quipment to be tested	Total
At January 1, 2016 Cost	\$2,291,275	\$2,365,315	\$	20,894	\$	535,144	\$	528,154	\$	199,322	\$	458	\$5,940,562
Accumulated depreciation	\$2,291,273	(414,810)	φ (14,282)		393,552)		301,006)		148,246)	Ф	436	(1,271,896)
Accumulated impairment	(1,582)	(10,764)	(14,202)	(393,332)	(301,000)	(140,240)		-	(1,271,890) $(12,346)$
Accumulated impairment	\$2,289,693	\$1,939,741	\$	6,612	\$	141,592	\$	227,148	<u></u>	51,076	\$	458	\$4,656,320
	$\frac{\psi Z, ZOJ, OJJ}{2}$	$\frac{\psi_1, j_2 j_1, j_4 j_1}{\psi_1, j_2 j_3, j_4 j_4}$	Ψ	0,012	Ψ	141,372	Ψ	227,140	Ψ	31,070	Ψ	430	ψ 4 ,030,320
Six months ended June 30,	<u>2016</u>												
Opening net book amount	\$2,289,693	\$1,939,741	\$	6,612	\$	141,592	\$	227,148	\$	51,076	\$	458	\$4,656,320
Additions	-	683		2,800		10,817		29,138		6,463		16,887	66,788
Disposals	-	(49)	(100)	(2,345)	(3,102)	(78)	(457)	(6,131)
Transfer (Note)	23,082	24,749	(484)		694		-		356	(566)	47,831
Decrease in consolidated													
entities	-	-		-	(13)		-		-		-	(13)
Depreciation charge	-	(36,862)	(1,350)	(30,662)	(27,115)	(12,285)		-	(108,274)
Effect due to changes in													
exchange rates	10,106	$(\underline{28,546})$	(<u>168</u>)	(1,338)	(2,713)	(<u>587</u>)	(223)	(23,469)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$2,322,881</u>	<u>\$1,899,716</u>	\$	7,310	\$	118,745	\$	223,356	\$	44,945	\$	16,099	<u>\$4,633,052</u>
At June 30, 2016													
Cost	\$2,324,463	\$2,360,081	\$	19,363	\$	528,278	\$	535,673	\$	199,797	\$	16,099	\$5,983,754
Accumulated depreciation	-	(449,601)	(12,053)	(409,533)	(312,317)	(154,852)		-	(1,338,356)
Accumulated impairment	$(\underline{1,582})$	$(\underline{10,764})$		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_			<u>-</u>	(12,346)
	<u>\$2,322,881</u>	<u>\$1,899,716</u>	\$	7,310	\$	118,745	\$	223,356	\$	44,945	\$	16,099	<u>\$4,633,052</u>

Note: Investment property amounting to \$47,831 were transferred to property, plant and equipment.

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

	-	Three months	<u>ended June 30.</u>	,
		2017	2016)
Amount capitalised	\$	1,880	\$	_
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation	1	.06%~1.09%		-
		Six months e	nded June 30,	
		2017	2016)
Amount capitalised	\$	1,880	\$	-
Range of the interest rates for				
capitalisation	1	.06%~1.09%		-

B. Information on property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(12) <u>Investment property</u>

	Land		structures		Total
At January 1, 2017					
Cost	\$ 354,128	\$	1,023,373	\$	1,377,501
Accumulated depreciation	 	(160,370)	(160,370)
	\$ 354,128	\$	863,003	\$	1,217,131
Six months ended June 30, 2017					
Opening net book amount	\$ 354,128	\$	863,003	\$	1,217,131
Depreciation charge	-	(11,726)	(11,726)
Effect due to changes in exchange rates		(21,715)	()	21,715)
Closing net book amount	\$ 354,128	\$	829,562	\$	1,183,690
At June 30, 2017					
Cost	\$ 354,128	\$	998,633	\$	1,352,761
Accumulated depreciation	 	(169,071)	(169,071)
	\$ 354,128	\$	829,562	\$	1,183,690

				Buildings and		
	Land			structures	<u>Total</u>	
At January 1, 2016						
Cost	\$	344,833	\$	919,470	\$	1,264,303
Accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>	(122,694)	(122,694)
	\$	344,833	\$	796,776	\$	1,141,609
Six months ended June 30, 2016	!					
Opening net book amount	\$	344,833	\$	796,776	\$	1,141,609
Depreciation charge		-	(10,668)	(10,668)
Transfer (Note)	(23,082)	(24,749)	(47,831)
Effect due to changes in exchange rates		-	(29,177)	(29,177)
Closing net book amount	\$	321,751	\$	732,182	\$	1,053,933
At June 30, 2016						
Cost	\$	321,751	\$	857,605	\$	1,179,356
Accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>	(125,423)	(125,423)
	\$	321,751	\$	732,182	\$	1,053,933

Note: Investment property amounting to \$47,831 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was transferred to property, plant and equipment. Please refer to Note 6(11).

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from the investment property are shown below:

my comone property and smooth constitutions	Three months	ended June 30,
	2017	2016
Rental revenue from investment property	\$ 19,015	\$ 9,626
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental	\$ 4,769	\$ 2.678
income during the period Direct operating expenses arising from the	<u>\$ 4,709</u>	<u>\$ 2,678</u>
investment property that did not generate rental income during the period	<u>\$ 1,031</u>	\$ 1,339
	Six months e	ended June 30,
	2017	2016
Rental revenue from investment property	\$ 31,045	\$ 18,756
Diagram 41.		
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental		
	<u>\$ 8,319</u>	<u>\$ 6,372</u>

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 was \$1,668,120, \$1,590,508 and \$1,566,529, respectively. The fair value as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 was based on independent appraisers' valuation, which was made using comparative method and income approach. Comparison method is to compare the valuation target with similar property which is traded around the valuation period. Valuations were made using the income approach with key assumptions as follows:

	June 30, 2017	<u>December 31, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>
Discount rate	2%~2.75%	2%~2.75%	2%~2.5%
Growth rate	0%~1%	0%~1%	1%
Gross margin	1.87%~2.88%	1.87%~2.67%	2.7%

- C. There is no impairment loss on investment property.
- D. For investment property pledged for guarantee, please refer to Note 8.

(13) Intangible assets

	Oper	ating right	S	oftware		Goodwill	(Others	Total
At January 1, 2017									
Cost	\$	308,230	\$	228,230	\$	5,683,269	\$	69,970	\$6,289,699
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(306,659)	(185,850)	-	131,609)	(65,637)	(689,755)
	\$	1,571	\$	42,380	\$	5,551,660	\$	4,333	<u>\$5,599,944</u>
Six months ended June 30, 201	<u>7</u>								
Opening net book amount	\$	1,571	\$	42,380	\$	5,551,660	\$	4,333	\$5,599,944
Additions-acquired separately		-		3,853		-		-	3,853
Amortisation charge	(1,571)	(9,920)		-	(2,452)	(13,943)
Acquired from business combinations		_		_		_		_	-
Effect due to changes in									
exchange rates		<u>-</u>	(<u>563</u>)	(12,193)	(<u>207</u>)	(<u>12,963</u>)
Closing net book amount	\$		\$	35,750	\$	5,539,467	\$	1,674	<u>\$5,576,891</u>
At June 30, 2017									
Cost	\$	291,544	\$	220,643	\$	5,663,608	\$	66,278	\$6,242,073
Accumulated amortisation and									
impairment	(<u>291,544</u>)	(<u>184,893</u>)	(124,141)	(64,604)	$(\underline{665,182})$
	\$		\$	35,750	\$	5,539,467	\$	1,674	\$5,576,891

	<u>Oper</u>	ating right	S	oftware	<u>G</u>	oodwill	(Others	Total
At January 1, 2016									
Cost	\$	356,692	\$	197,776	\$ 5	5,691,164	\$	70,730	\$6,316,362
Accumulated amortisation and									
impairment	(349,467)	(163,070)	(73,646)	(59,025)	$(\underline{645,208})$
	\$	7,225	\$	34,706	<u>\$ 5</u>	5,617,518	\$	11,705	<u>\$5,671,154</u>
Six months ended June 30, 20	<u>16</u>								
Opening net book amount	\$	7,225	\$	34,706	\$ 5	5,617,518	\$	11,705	\$5,671,154
Additions-acquired separately		-		10,570		-		-	10,570
Amortisation charge	(4,436)	(11,588)		-	(3,756)	(19,780)
Impairment loss		-		-	(53,018)		-	(53,018)
Effect due to changes in									
exchange rates		2	(<u>617</u>)	(<u>3,913</u>)	(<u>140</u>)	$(\underline{4,668})$
Closing net book amount	\$	2,791	\$	33,071	\$ 5	5,560,587	\$	7,809	\$5,604,258
At June 30, 2016									
Cost	\$	352,500	\$	209,495	\$ 5	5,685,224	\$	69,620	\$6,316,839
Accumulated amortisation and		002,000	4	207, 170	, ,	, 550, 22.	4	0,,020	40,010,000
impairment	(349,709)	(176,424)	(124,637)	(61,811)	$(\underline{712,581})$
	\$	2,791	\$	33,071	\$ 5	5,560,587	\$	7,809	<u>\$5,604,258</u>

The details of amortisation charge are as follows:

The details of amortisation charge are as for	no ws.			
		Three months	ended Jui	ne 30,
		2017		2016
Selling and marketing expenses	\$	2,900	\$	4,596
General and administrative expenses		3,914		4,693
	\$	6,814	\$	9,289
		Six months en	nded June	e 30,
		2017		2016
Selling and marketing expenses	\$	5,993	\$	9,021
General and administrative expenses		7,950		10,951
	\$	13,943	\$	19,972

The amortisation charge above includes amortisation of deferred expenses accounted as 'Other non-current asset' for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

A. Goodwill is allocated as follows to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment:

	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Dece	ember 31, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2016
Yosun subgroup	\$	3,647,202	\$	4,711,379	\$	4,711,516
World Peace subgroup		1,647,983		595,998		603,101
Others		244,282		244,283		245,970
	\$	5,539,467	\$	5,551,660	\$	5,560,587

B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

Except for goodwill arising from investing in World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.'s indirect subsidiary - Long-Think International (Shanghai) Limited, and Genuine C&C (South Asia) Pte Ltd. which incurred impairment loss of \$59,231 as the estimated recoverable amount was lower than the carrying amount, in the second and third quarter of 2016, the remaining goodwill was not impaired as the recoverable amount calculated using the value-in-use exceeded the carrying amount. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are gross margin, growth rate and discount rate.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The assumptions used for weighted average growth rates are based on past historical experience and expectations of industry; the assumption used for discount rate is the weighted average capital cost of the Group. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the key valuations used for pre-tax discount rate were 6.01%, 5.55% and 5.59%, respectively.

C. Impairment information about the intangible assets is provided in Note 6(14).

(14) Impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets

The Group recognised impairment loss amounting to \$369, \$54,292, \$369 and \$54,292 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Details of such loss are as follows:

			Three r	months ende	ended June 30,				
		2	017		2	016			
	_		Recognis othe	r		Recognised in other			
	Recogn profit	ised in or loss	comprehe incom		ognised in ofit or loss	comprehensive income			
Impairment loss - financial assets carried at cost -									
non-current	\$	369	\$	- \$	1,274	\$ -			
Impairment loss - goodwill		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	53,018	<u>-</u>			
	\$	369	\$	- \$	54,292	\$ -			
		2	Six m	onths ended		2016			
	-		Recognis	ed in		Recognised in			
			othe			other			
	Recogn	ised in	comprehe		cognised in	comprehensive			
	_profit		incon		ofit or loss	income			
Impairment loss - financial assets carried at cost -									
non aurrant	\$	369	\$	- \$	1,274	¢			
non-current	Ф	309	Ψ	- ф	1,274	\$ -			
Impairment loss - goodwill	Ф		Ψ	- φ 	53,018	<u> </u>			

(15) Overdue receivables (Shown as "Other non-current assets")

	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Dece	mber 31, 2016	J	une 30, 2016
Overdue receivables	\$	1,034,843	\$	718,231	\$	637,283
Less: Allowance for doubtful						
accounts	(1,034,843)	(718,231)	(637,283)
	\$	_	\$		\$	<u> </u>

Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

	2017			2016		
	<u>Indiv</u>	idual provision	<u>Indi</u>	vidual provision		
At January 1	\$	718,231	\$	648,790		
(Reversal) provision for impairment	(21,131)		3,999		
Write-off of bad debts	(14,258)	(9,693)		
Transferred from accounts receivable		388,650		2,833		
Effect due to changes in exchange rates	(36,649)	(8,646)		
At June 30	\$	1,034,843	\$	637,283		

(16) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	June 30, 2017		Dec	ember 31, 2016	June 30, 2016		
Loans for overseas purchases	\$	21,168,203	\$	26,322,079	\$	22,603,837	
Short-term loans		29,039,158		26,531,994		20,840,847	
	\$	50,207,361	\$	52,854,073	\$	43,444,684	
Annual interest rates		0.89%~5.00%		0.95%~5.00%		0.97%~4.29%	

For information on pledged assets, please refer to Note 8.

(17) Short-term notes and bills payable

	Jı	June 30, 2017		cember 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Commercial papers payable	\$	5,215,000	\$	4,205,000	\$	3,700,000
Less: Unamortised discount	(3,690)	(2,081)	(1,470)
	\$	5,211,310	\$	4,202,919	\$	3,698,530
Annual interest rates		0.51%~1.36%		0.46%~1.41%		0.50%~1.24%

The abovementioned short-term notes and bills payable are guaranteed by financial institutions.

(18) Bonds payable

		June 30, 2017	De	ecember 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Bonds payable	\$	505,000	\$	3,575,800	\$	6,000,000
Less: discount on bonds payable	(<u>287</u>)	(<u> 26,476</u>)	(_	84,590)
		504,713		3,549,324		5,915,410
Less: current portion of bonds payable (shown as 'Other						
current liabilities')	(504,713)	(3,549,324)	_	-
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,915,410

- A. Related information on the issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company is as follows:
 - (a) The terms of the first domestic unsecured convertible bonds issued by the Company

are as follows:

The Company issued \$6,000,000, 0% first domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (July 25, 2014 ~ July 25, 2017) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taiwan Over-The-Counter Securities Exchange on July 25, 2014.

- (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
- (c) The conversion price (\$42.8 (in dollars) per share) of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. As of June 30, 2017, the conversion price was \$35.4.
- (d) Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taiwan Over-The-Counter Securities Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$232,800 were separated from the liability component and were recognised in 'capital surplus-stock warrants' in accordance with IAS 32. As of June 30, 2017, the balance of capital surplus, share options was \$19,594 after the bondholder exercised conversion right.
- C. As of June 30, 2017, convertible bonds with face value of \$5,495,000 had been converted to 155,226 thousand ordinary shares. Among them, the Group obtained 65,514 thousand shares of certificate of bond conversion for the convertible bonds face value of \$2,319,200.
- D. The amortisation of discount on bonds payable was \$8,963, \$20,048, \$20,560 and \$40,027 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(19) Long-term borrowings

	Borrowing period /						
Type of borrowings	repayment term	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Dec	ember 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Secured bank borrowings (Note 1 and Note 2)	2012.01.02~ 2027.01.02	\$	513,757	\$	541,079	\$	573,603
Unsecured bank borrowings (Note 3~	2014.09.3~ 2019.10.03						
Note 10)			11,218,080		12,052,500		10,338,875
			11,731,837		12,593,579		10,912,478
Less: current portion of long (shown as other curre	,	(6,574,535) 5,157,302	(7,397,138) 5,196,441	(949,705) 9,962,773
Interest rate range		<u>*</u>	1.20%~3.14%	<u>-</u>	1.20%~2.05%	<u>*</u>	1.25%~1.79%

For information on pledged assets, please refer to Note 8.

- Note 1: (a) The Company had entered into a long-term agreement for fifteen years with a financial institution. The pledged assets are the land and building of Linkou warehouse. The principal should be repaid in equal monthly installments starting 2015.
 - (b) In November 2014, the lending financial institution agreed to grant a grace period of one year, therefore the start of the repayment of the principal has been moved to January 2016, which will be in equal monthly installments.
 - (c) The interest rate is the index interest rate plus 0.21% from the borrowing day to January 2, 2013, plus 0.25% from January 2, 2013, plus 0.25% from January 2, 2014, plus 0.35% from January 2, 2015, plus 0.42% from January 2, 2016 and plus 0.44% from January 2, 2017, plus 1.5% from January 2, 2018.
- Note 2: AIT Japan Inc., the Company's indirect subsidiary, had entered into a long-term loan agreement for a period of ten years with the Daiwa Bank, Limited on March 28, 2012, and the facility is JPY 250,000,000. The pledged assets are land, and furniture and fixtures, which amount to \$69,545 and \$73,096, respectively. The principal should be repaid in equal monthly installments (totaling 114 months) of JPY 2,193,000 from October 31, 2012 and the last monthly installment will be JPY 2,191,000.
- Note 3: The Company's indirect subsidiary, Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. and its subsidiary, Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited, had entered into a syndicated borrowing agreement with E. SUN Commercial Bank and other financial institutions on December 26, 2013. The terms and conditions of the contract were as follows:
 - (a) Contract term: Within three years from the first drawdown. (January 10, 2014)
 - (b) Facility and drawdown: The facility is \$1,800,000 and the first drawdown of the loan must be within six months from the contract signing date and the amount of drawdown must be no less than \$30,000 or USD 1 million, and the amount must

be in multiples of \$10,000 (not applied to USD drawbacks). If the amount of drawdown was in New Taiwan Dollars, the repayment period could be between 60 days and 180 days or other periods agreed by the bank; if the amount of drawdown was in US Dollars, the repayment could be between two months and six months or other periods agreed by the bank. If the amount drawn is less than 50% of the facility amount for the nine months after the first drawdown, the financial commitment fee is calculated at 0.15% per annum with the undrawn amount.

- (c) Repayment: For each drawdown, the principal and interest must be repaid in full at the end of each drawdown's term. For extension of the loan at maturity date, approval must be obtained from the bank. The repayment currency should be the same as the borrowed currency and it would be the responsibility of the borrower to acquire foreign exchange approvals and, if any, other required approvals for repayment in the foreign currency.
- (d) Loan covenant: Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. and Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited are required to maintain certain financial ratios based on the consolidated financial statements during the contract period as follows: liquidity ratio should not be less than 100%, debt ratio should not be higher than 200%, time interest earned ratio should not be less than 2.5 and net value (net intangible assets) should not be less than \$1,500,000.

The contract was due on January 10, 2017, Richpower and Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. did not violate the financial commitments in the contract period. Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd. and its subsidiary, Silicon Application Corporation, met all the financial commitments stated in the contract.

- Note 4: Silicon Application Corporation, the Company's subsidiary, had entered into a syndicated borrowing agreement with Mega International Commercial Bank and other financial institutions. The terms and conditions of the contract were as follows:
 - (a) Contract term: Within three years from the first drawdown
 - (b) Facility and drawdown: The facility is \$2,400,000, could be multiple drawdowns or revolving, however the total amount at any time cannot exceed the facility amount.
 - (c) Repayment: For each drawdown, the principal and the interest payable must be repaid in full at the end of that specific drawdown's term. At the end of the contract term, the principal, interest payable and any related expense of each drawdown must be repaid in full.
 - (d) Loan covenant: During the contract term, Silicon Application Corporation is required to maintain financial ratios as follows: the liquidity ratio should not be

less than 100%, debt ratio should not be higher than 220%, time interest earned ratio should not be less than 3 and net value (net intangible assets) should be maintained at or above \$3,000,000. If Silicon Application Corporation could not meet any of the abovementioned covenants due to the adoption of IFRSs, then Silicon Application Corporation should, within six months of delivering the first IFRS financial statements to the bank, renegotiate the terms of the covenant with the syndicate of lending financial institutions, and obtain the agreement of the majority of the syndicate.

Silicon Application Corporation met all the financial commitments stated in the contract.

- Note 5: The Company's subsidiary, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. (WPI), had entered into a syndicated borrowing agreement with E. SUN Commercial Bank, KGI Commercial Bank, Mizuho Corporate Bank, First Commercial Bank and other financial institutions on September 22, 2014. The terms and conditions of the contract were as follows:
 - (a) Contract term: Within three years from the first drawdown.
 - (b) Facility and drawdown: This pertains to a revolving loan facility of World Peace Industrial Co. Ltd., the Company's subsidiary, wherein the principal amount can be renewed after the corresponding interest is paid, and payment of the existing loan can be repaid by the new loan. If the amounts equal, then the banks would not make a procedure of remittance and loan.
 - (c) Repayment: For each drawdown, the principal and interest must be repaid in full at the end of each drawdown's term. For re-utilization of the revolving loan after maturity date, application should be submitted to the lead bank five days before the maturity date. Based on the credit term in the contract, all or part of the loan will be re-utilized. If the amount of drawdown is the same as the last time, the syndicate of banks would not make an additional procedure of remittance and loan, as if the borrower has actually received the loan, and uses the loan contract as proof of receipt. The amount of re-utilization of the revolving loan shall be repaid based on the contract.
 - (d) Loan covenant: The subsidiary World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. (WPI) is required to maintain certain financial ratios based on semi-annual and annual consolidated financial statements during the contract period as follows: liquidity ratio should not be less than 100%, debt ratio should not be higher than 200%, time interest earned ratio should not be less than 2.5 and net value (net intangible assets) should not be less than \$7,500,000. If the covenants are not met, WPI's right to drawdown is immediately terminated, and the lead bank can decide to take the following actions:

- a. Rescind part or all of the undrawn facility;
- b. Demand WPI to immediately repay all drawn principals, interest payable and other related payables as specified in the contract;
- c. Demand all rights of the promissory note as obtained from signing of the contract.

During the contract period, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. met all the financial commitments stated in the contract.

Note 6: The Company's subsidiary, Asian Information Technology Inc., and indirect subsidiary, Frontek Technology Corporation, had entered into long-term loan agreements for a period of two years with Yuanta Commercial Bank in May 2014 and December 2014 with facilities of \$400,000 and \$300,000, respectively. Payment terms are the following: monthly interest payments, principal is payable upon maturity, and loans can be drawndown or repaid at any time during the term of the contract.

The subsidiary, Asian Information Technology Inc., and indirect subsidiary, Frontek Technology Corporation, have renewed the long-term loan agreement for two more years with Yuanta Commercial Bank in April 2015 and December 2016, respectively. Facilities and related regulations were in agreement with those referred above.

- Note 7: The Company's subsidiary, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. (WPI), had entered into a long-term loan agreement with Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank, E. SUN Commercial Bank, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Bank of Taiwan and other financial institutions on October 26, 2015. The terms and conditions of the contract were as follows:
 - (a) Contract term: Within three years from the first drawdown.
 - (b) Facility and drawdown: The facility must be less than \$7,200,000. Each drawdown amount must be no less than \$100,000 or USD 3 million. The repayment period could be 60, 90 or 180 days, and six months at the most.
 - (c) Repayment: For each drawdown, the principal and interest must be repaid in full at the end of each drawdown's term. For re-utilization of the revolving loan after maturity date, application should be submitted to the lead bank five days before the maturity date. Based on the credit term in the contract, all or part of the loan will be re-utilized. If the amount of drawdown is the same as the last time, the syndicate of banks would not make an additional procedure of remittance and loan, as if the borrower has actually received the loan, and uses the loan contract as proof of receipt.
 - (d) Loan covenant: World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. is required to maintain certain financial ratios based on semi-annual and annual consolidated financial statements during the contract period as follows: liquidity ratio should not be

less than 100%, debt ratio should not be higher than 200%, time interest earned ratio should not be less than 2.5 and net value (net intangible assets) should not be less than \$10,000,000.

During the contract period, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. met all the financial commitments stated in the contract.

- Note 8: The Company's subsidiary, World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. (WPI), had entered into a long-term loan agreement with The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ on September 23, 2016. The terms and conditions of the contract were as follows:
 - (a) Contract term: Within three years from the first drawdown.
 - (b) Facility and drawdown: The facility must be less than \$700,000,000. This pertains to a revolving loan facility of World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd., the Company's subsidiary, wherein the principal amount can be renewed after the corresponding interest is paid, and payment of the existing loan can be repaid by the new loan. If the amounts equal, then the banks would not make a procedure of remittance and loan.
 - (c) Repayment: For each drawdown, the principal must be repaid in full at the end of each drawdown's term. Interests shall be paid quarterly.
 - (d) Loan covenant: The subsidiary World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. (WPI) is required to maintain certain financial ratios based on semi-annual and annual consolidated financial statements during the contract period as follows: liquidity ratio should not be less than 100%, debt ratio should not be higher than 200%, time interest earned ratio should not be less than 2.5, net value (net intangible assets) should not be less than \$10,000,000 and the ratio of liability divide earnings before interest, taxes depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) should not be higher than 10. If the covenants are not met, right to drawdown is immediately terminated, and the lead bank can decide to take the following actions:
 - Rescind part or all of the undrawn facility;
 - b. Demand WPI to immediately repay all drawn principals, interest payable and other related payables as specified in the contract;
 - c. Demand all rights of the promissory note obtained from signing of the contract.

World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. met all the financial commitments stated in the contract.

Note 9: On June 12, 2017, WPG Korea Co., Ltd. entered into a long-term loan agreement with Kookmin Bank for a loan of KRW 2 billion until March 15, 2020. The principal is payable in 10 quarterly installments of KRW 200 million each starting from December 15, 2017. The interest is payable quarterly.

Note 10: On June 12, 2017, WPG Korea Co., Ltd. entered into a long-term loan agreement with Kookmin Bank for a loan of KRW 1 billion until June 15, 2020. The principal is payable in 10 quarterly installments of KRW 100 million each starting from December 15, 2017. The interest is payable quarterly.

(20) Pensions

A. Defined benefit plans

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
 - Effective January 1, 2010, the Company and certain subsidiaries have funded defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the "Regulations on pensions of managers", covering all managers appointed by the Company. Under the defined benefit pension plan, one unit is accrued for each year of service, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the remuneration per unit ratified during the appointed period.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries recognised pension costs of \$4,407, \$4,982, \$8,637 and \$10,256 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2018 are \$23,414.

B. Defined contribution plans

(a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a

defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on not less than 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.

- (b) Other overseas companies have defined contribution plans. Contributions for pensions and retirement allowance to independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the local pension regulations are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the companies have no further obligations.
- (c) The pension costs of the Group under the defined contribution pension plans for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$80,598, \$86,587, \$152,755 and \$176,525, respectively.

(21) Share capital

As of June 30, 2017, the Company's authorized capital was \$20,000,000 (including \$500,000 for stock options, convertible preferred stock and convertible bonds), and the paid-in capital was \$17,454,207 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares) for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

<u> </u>	2017	2016
At January 1	1,723,895	1,655,670
Convertible bonds converted to shares	21,525	-
Disposal of Company's share by subsidiaries	-	39
At June 30	1,745,420	1,655,709

(22) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Law, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized as mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. Details of capital surplus - stock options are provided in Note 6 (18).

			20)17		
January 1	<u>Share premium</u> \$ 16,694,715	Treasury share transaction \$ 45,177		Changes in associates' net equity \$ 21,989	Stock options \$138,741	Total \$ 16,901,053
Convertible bonds converted to share	s2,316,861	_	_	_	(119,147)	2,197,714
June 30	\$ 19,011,576	\$ 45,177	\$ 431	\$ 21,989	\$ 19,594	\$ 19,098,767
	-			16		
		_	Recognised			
		Treasury share	changes in subsidiaries'	Changes in associates'	Stock	
	Share premium		equity	net equity	options_	Total
January 1	\$ 14,886,934		\$ 431	\$ 21,831	\$232,800	\$ 15,187,178
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	-		207	<u>-</u>	207
Disposal of Company's share by subsidiaries recognised as treasury share transactions		449				449
June 30	\$ 14,886,934	\$ 45,631	\$ 431	\$ 22,038	\$232,800	\$ 15,187,834

(23) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall be used to set aside as legal reserve, and set aside as special reserve in accordance with Article 41 of Securities and Exchange Act. The remainder, if any, to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors. If cash dividends are distributed, they shall account for at least 20% of the total dividends distributed.
 - Employees of the Company's subsidiaries are entitled to receive the distribution of earnings. The terms shall be defined by the Board of Directors.
- B. Legal reserve can only be used to cover accumulated losses or issue new shares or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the balance of the reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- D. The appropriations of earnings for 2016 and 2015 had been resolved at the stockholders' meeting on June 19, 2017 and June 22, 2016, respectively. Details are summarized below:

	 Years ended December 31,								
	2016				2015				
	Dividend per share						Dividend per share		
	 Amount	<u>(in</u>	<u>dollars)</u>		Amount	_	(in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$ 531,288	\$	-	\$	542,047	\$	-		
Cash dividends	 4,178,311		2.40		3,973,703		2.40		
	\$ 4,709,599	\$	2.40	\$	4,515,750	\$	2.40		

The above appropriations of earnings for 2016 and 2015 as resolved by the shareholders are the same with the amounts resolved by the Board of Directors.

E. For the information relating to employees' compensation and directors' remuneration, please refer to Note 6(30).

(24) Other equity items

			2017		
		ble-for-sale vestment	Currency translation		Total
At January 1	(\$	10,088) \$		\$	908,063
Revaluation - gross	(Ψ	64,648	710,131	Ψ	64,648
Revaluation associates		10	_		10
Cumulative translation differences:					10
- Group		- (3,728,248)) (3,728,248)
- Tax on Group		-	2,935		2,935
- Associates		- (_	38,794)	(38,794)
At June 30	\$	<u>54,570</u> (<u>\$</u>	2,845,956)	(<u>\$</u>	<u>2,791,386</u>)
			2016		
	Availa	ıble-for-sale	Currency		
		vestment	translation		Total
At January 1	(\$	20,974) \$	2,574,750	\$	2,553,776
Revaluation - gross		12,170	-		12,170
Cumulative translation differences:					
- Group		- (1,315,031)) (1,315,031)
- Tax on Group		-	21,613		21,613
- Associates		<u>-</u>	1,814		1,814
At June 30	(<u>\$</u>	<u>8,804</u>) <u>\$</u>	1,283,146	\$	1,274,342
(25) Operating revenue					
		T	hree months end	<u>led Ju</u>	ine 30,
			017		2016
Sales revenue		\$ 12	8,321,106 \$	6	133,743,377
Service revenue			87,264		15,942

<u>\$ 128,408,370</u> <u>\$ 133,759,319</u>

	Six months ended June 30,				
		2017		2016	
Sales revenue	\$	247,280,482	\$	255,263,183	
Service revenue		101,480		28,885	
	\$	247,381,962	\$	255,292,068	
(26) Other income					
· /		Three months	ended	June 30,	
		2017		2016	
Bad debts transferred to revenue	\$	83,158	\$	-	
Rental revenue		17,455		14,991	
Dividend income		8,570		9,060	
Interest income		5,717		10,259	
Other income		35,173		78,176	
	\$	150,073	\$	112,486	
		Six months e	nded l	June 30	
		2017	11404 5	2016	
Bad debts transferred to revenue	\$	317,221	\$		
Rental revenue	Ψ	32,666	Ψ	26,390	
Dividend income		8,570		18,625	
Interest income		11,430		17,438	
Other income		85,112		123,141	
	\$	454,999	\$	185,594	
(27) Other gains and losses					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Three months	ended	June 30,	
		2017		2016	
Gain (loss) on disposal of investments	\$	16,243	(\$	2,512)	
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		9,320		22,055	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and					
equipment and investment property	(413)	(2,777)	
Currency exchange gain (loss)		102,273	(77,542)	
Impaiment loss	(369)	(54,292)	
Other losses	(12,130)	(13,476)	
	\$	114,924	(<u>\$</u>	128,544)	

	Six months ended June 30,			
		2017		2016
Gain (loss) on disposal of investments (Loss) gain on financial assets and liabilities at	\$	16,243	(\$	2,414)
fair value through profit or loss	(19,516)		8,385
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	(551)	(2 071)
equipment and investment property	(551)	(3,071) 75,975
Currency exchange gain	(241,823	,	· ·
Impaiment loss	(369)	(54,292)
Other losses	(20,869)	(26,355)
	\$	216,761	(<u>\$</u>	1,772)
(28) <u>Finance costs</u>				
		Three months	<u>ended J</u>	<u> </u>
		2017		2016
Interest expense:				
Bank borrowings	\$	366,684	\$	285,894
Convertible bonds		8,963		20,048
Less: capitalization of qualifying assets	(1,880)		-
Others		50,392		54,545
	<u>\$</u>	424,159	\$	360,487
		Six months e	nded Ju	ne 30,
		2017		2016
Interest expense:	-			
Bank borrowings	\$	717,651	\$	616,940
Convertible bonds	4	20,560	4	40,027
Less: capitalization of qualifying assets	(1,880)		
Others	(93,125		101,282
	\$	829,456	\$	758,249
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
(29) Additional information of expenses by nature				
		Three months	<u>ended J</u>	<u> </u>
		2017		2016
Employee benefit expense	\$	1,964,464	<u>\$</u>	2,063,227
Depreciation charges on property and				
equipment (including investment property)	\$	52,683	\$	58,628
Amortisation charges on intangible assets and				
other non-current assets	\$	6,814	\$	9,289

		Six months ended June 30,			
			2017		2016
	Employee benefit expense	\$	3,810,546	\$	3,945,135
	Depreciation charges on property and equipment (including investment property)	\$	107,132	\$	118,942
	Amortisation charges on intangible assets and				
	other non-current assets	\$	13,943	\$	19,972
(30)	Employee benefit expense				
			Three months	ended J	June 30,
			2017		2016
	Wages and salaries	\$	1,743,310	\$	1,820,530
	Labor and health insurance fees		79,385		86,594
	Pension costs		85,005		91,569
	Other personnel expenses		56,764		64,534
		\$	1,964,464	\$	2,063,227
			Six months en	nded Ju	ine 30,
			2017		2016
	Wages and salaries	\$	3,369,057	\$	3,467,706
	Labor and health insurance fees		163,336		170,691
	Pension costs		161,392		186,781
	Other personnel expenses		116,761		119,957
		\$	3,810,546	\$	3,945,135

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of profit of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of profit of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between 0.01% ~5% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, employees' compensation was accrued at \$5,723, \$5,223, \$10,946 and \$10,446, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$10,000, \$7,500, \$17,500 and \$15,000, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and six months ended June 30, 2017, the employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on the profit of current year distributable for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the percentage as prescribed by the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

The difference between employees' compensation of \$11,080 and directors' and

supervisors' remuneration of \$30,000 as resolved by the Board of Directors and employees' compensation of \$20,892 and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of \$30,000 recognised in the 2016 financial statements by \$9,812 had been adjusted in the profit or loss of the first quarter in 2017. The employees' compensation was distributed in the form of cash.

C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(31) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

1	Three months ended June 30,				
		2017		2016	
Current tax					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	323,174	\$	357,476	
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		53,736		76,807	
Prior year income tax overestimate	(7,037)	(2,424)	
Total current tax		369,873		431,859	
Deferred tax					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences		33,049		41,255	
Income tax expense	\$	402,922	\$	473,114	
		Six months e	nded Ju	ine 30,	
		2017		2016	
Current tax					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	730,492	\$	753,133	
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		53,736		76,807	
Prior year income tax overestimate	(8,541)	(1,134)	
Total current tax		775,687		828,806	
Deferred tax					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences		21,831	(13,544)	
Income tax expense	\$	797,518	\$	815,262	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive loss (income) is as follows:

		Three months ended June 30,				
		2017	2016			
Currency translation differences	(<u>\$</u>	386)	(\$ 12,60	<u>00</u>)		

			Six months end	led June		
		 	2017		2016	
Currency translation differences		(<u>\$</u>	<u>2,935</u>) ((\$		<u>21,613</u>)
B. The Company's income tax returns Tax Authority.	thro	ugh 2012 ha	ve been assessed	d and a	pprov	ed by the
C. Unappropriated retained earnings:						
June	30, 2	2017 <u>De</u>	ecember 31, 2016	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30,	2016
Earnings generated after 1998 \$	9,66	<u>\$1,625</u>	10,734,088	\$	8,5	595,145
D. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, tax credit account was \$1,614,389, \$2.000.					the in	nputation
E. Creditable ratio of appropriated retain	ined	earnings:				
		2016	(Estimated)	201	5 (Ac	tual)
Creditable ratio			15.92%			15.50%
(32) <u>Earnings per share</u>				20. 2	0.15	
		Three	months ended Ju Weighted aver		017	
	Am	ount after tax	number of ord shares outstand	inary ding	sha	ings per are dollars)
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	1,791,067	7 1,75	50,602	\$	1.02
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	1,791,067	7 1,75	50,602		
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		8,888	3	74,598		
Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential	1		<u>-</u>	220		
ordinary shares	\$	1,799,955	5 1,82	25,420	\$	0.99
		Three	months ended Ju		016	
	<u>Am</u>	ount after tax	Weighted aver number of ord shares outstand (shares in thou	inary ding	sha	ings per are dollars)
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	<u>\$</u>	1,552,966	<u> </u>	55,701	<u>\$</u>	0.94

		Three r	nonths ended June 30, 2	016	
	Am	ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	sh	ings per are dollars)
Diluted earnings per share			<u> </u>		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	1,552,966	1,655,701		
Convertible bonds		19,973	159,151		
Employees' compensation		- ,,,,,	583		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential					
ordinary shares	\$	1,572,939	1,815,435	\$	0.87
		Six m	onths ended June 30, 20 Weighted average	17	
	Am	ount after tax	number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	sh	nings per nare dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	3,637,136	1,740,888	\$	2.09
Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	3,637,136	1,740,888		
Convertible bonds		20,410	84,313		
Employees' compensation			457		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential					
ordinary shares	\$	3,657,546	1,825,658	\$	2.00
		Six m	onths ended June 30, 20 Weighted average	16	
	<u>Am</u>	ount after tax	number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	sh	nings per nare dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	3,108,018	1,655,686	\$	1.88

	Six months ended June 30, 2016 Weighted average					
	Am	ount after tax	number of or shares outsta (shares in the	anding	sha	ngs per re ollars)
Diluted earnings per share	7 1111	ount utter tux	(Shares in the	<u>ousunus)</u>	<u>(III G</u>	Onars)
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent	\$	3,108,018	1,	655,686		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		39,878		159,151		
Employees' compensation		-		596		
Profit attributable to ordinary		_	•			
shareholders of the parent plus assumed	1					
conversion of all dilutive potential						
ordinary shares	\$	3,147,896	1,	<u>815,433</u>	\$	1.73
Supplemental cash flow information						
A. Partial payment of cash from investi	ina o	ativitias				
A. Fartial payment of cash from livest.	ing a		~· .		•	
		·	Six months e	ended Ju		
			2017	-	2016	
Acquisition of property, plant and						
equipment and intangible assets		\$	839,470	\$	7	7,358
Add: accounts payable at the beginn	ing	of				
period			-			3,019
Less: accounts payable at the end of	peri	od		(1	<u>6,497</u>)
Cash paid during the period for prop	erty	•				
plant and equipment	·	\$	839,470	\$	6	3,880
B. Financing activities with no cash flo	w ei	fects				
			Six months e	nded Jur	ne 30,	
		2	017		2016	
Shareholders' cash dividends declar	ed	\$	4,178,311	\$	3,97	3,703

(32)

C. Information on the cash flow of subsidiary disposed:

		January 1, 2016 (Note)		
Consideration received				
Other receivables	\$	<u>-</u>		
Carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary				
Cash	\$	29,939		
Other current assets		245,084		
Property, plant and equipment		13		
Other non-current assets		220		
Short-term borrowings	(52,520)		
Other current liabilities	(157,936)		
Non-controlling interests	(32,400)		
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	32,400		

Note: As the Company sold certain shares in VITEC WPG Limited, the Company lost control over VITEC WPG Limited and accordingly, accounted for its investment in VITEC WPG Limited using equity method.

D. Investing activities with no cash flow effects:

	<u>June 30, 2</u>	<u> 2017 </u>	<u>June 30, 201</u>	6
Uncollected proceeds from capital reduction				
of investments accounted for using equity				
method	\$	<u>23,135</u>	\$	

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Group's shares are widely held so the Company has no ultimate parent and ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Chain Power Technology Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method
Yosun Japan Corp.	"
VITEC WPG Limited	"
CECI Technology Co. Ltd.	"
Gain Tune Logistics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	"
Suzhou Xinning Logistics Co., Ltd.	"
Suzhou Xinning Bonded Warehouse Co., Ltd.	"
Eesource Corp.	"
CEAC Technology HK Limited	Subsidiary of investee accounted for using
	equity method

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
CEAC International Limited	Subsidiary of investee accounted for using
	equity method
P.T. WPG Electrindo Jaya	Stockholder of a Group's subsidiary accounted
	for using equity method
WPG Holdings Education Foundation	One third of paid-in-capital was granted by the
	Group
Wu Chih-Chiang (Note)	Key management of the subsidiary, Genuine
	C&C Inc.

Note: Former vice president of Genuine C&C Inc. and became a consultant starting March 1, 2017

(3) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

A. Operating revenues

	Three months ended June 30,				
		2017			
Sales of goods					
Others	(\$	4,931)	\$	185,149	
Associates		83,706		61,577	
	\$	78,775	\$	246,726	
		Six months er	nded Jur	ne 30,	
		2017		2016	
Sales of goods					
Others	\$	270,767	\$	400,374	
Associates		158,310		119,771	
	<u>\$</u>	429,077	\$	520,145	

The terms and sales prices with other related parties were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market, competition and other conditions. The collection period was 90 days. Terms and sales prices with associates are in accordance with normal selling prices and terms of collection.

B. Purchases

	Three months ended June 30,					
D 1 C 1						
Purchases of goods Associates	\$ 115,80	6 \$ 308				
	Six month	s ended June 30,				
	2017	2016				
Purchases of goods						
Associates	\$ 405,13	<u>4</u> \$ 426				

The purchase prices and terms of payment for associates including products, market, competition and other conditions are the same as those for general suppliers.

C. Receivables from related parties

	June	June 30, 2017		<u>December 31, 2016</u>		June 30, 2016	
Accounts receivable							
Others	\$	48,969	\$	205,629	\$	186,187	
Associates		40,657		24,289		21,872	
	\$	89,626	\$	229,918	\$	208,059	

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods. The receivables are due 30 to 90 days after the date of sale. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts held against receivables from related parties. The receivables from related parties belong to Group 2. The details of the group classification are described in Note 6. (5) A.

D. Other receivables

	June 30, 2017		Decen	<u>December 31, 2016</u>		June 30, 2016	
Other receivables							
Others	\$	-	\$	21,622	\$	-	
Associates		30,746		1,797		56,460	
	\$	30,746	\$	23,419	\$	56,460	

Receivables from payments on behalf of others, purchase on behalf of others, receivables from capital reduction of investments accounted for using equity method, and receivables from disposal of subsidiary.

E. Payables to related parties

	June	30, 2017	<u>December 31, 2016</u>		June 30, 2016	
Accounts payable						
Associates	\$	5,160	\$	12,679	\$	264

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchases of goods. The payables are due 30 to 90 days after the date of purchase. The payables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest.

F. Endorsements and guarantees provided to related parties

	<u>June</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>		<u>December 31, 2016</u>		ne 30, 2016
Associates						
VITEC WPG Limited	\$	68,445	\$	72,562	\$	72,618

G. Others

The Group's donations to WPG Holding Education Foundation were \$1,700, \$1,500, \$3,400 and \$3,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(4) Key management compensation

	Three months ended June 30,				
	-	2017		2016	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	54,178	\$	51,996	
Post-employment benefits		520		846	
	\$	54,698	\$	52,842	
		Six months e	nded J	une 30,	
		2017		2016	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	100,883	\$	96,160	
Post-employment benefits		1,040		1,488	
	\$	101,923	\$	97,648	

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

Pledged assets (Note 1)	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Purpose of Collateral
Other current assets and other non-current assets -Time deposits	\$ 86,887	\$ 110,395	\$ 87,117	Security for purchases and deposits for litigation
Available-for-sale financial assets-non-current (Note 2)	9,014	9,014	9,014	Security for purchases
Property, plant and equipment (including investment property)				
-Land	1,383,227	1,384,236	1,326,712	Long-term and short-term borrowings guarantee and security for purchases
-Buildings and structures	639,194	649,986	641,130	"
	<u>\$ 2,118,322</u>	\$ 2,153,631	\$ 2,063,973	

Note 1: The Company held 100% of shares of WPG Investment Co., Ltd., in which 8,999 thousand shares have been pledged for purchases as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016.

Note 2: As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the subsidiary - Silicon Application Corporation held 1,133 thousand shares of Kingmax Technology Inc., which have been pledged for purchases.

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS</u>

In addition to Note 6(6), other commitments were as follows:

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	<u> </u>	ine 30, 2017	Dec	ember 31, 2016	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2016
Property, plant and						
equipment and intangible						
assets	\$	5,644,935	\$	6,454,010	\$	10,871

B. Operating lease commitments and building management fee agreements

The future aggregate minimum payments under operating leases and building management fee agreements are as follows:

	June 30, 2017		Dec	ember 31, 2016	June 30, 2016		
Not later than one year	\$	381,724	\$	454,807	\$	454,010	
Later than one year but not							
later than five years		616,844		717,340		998,147	
Later than five years		2,863		17,875		73,749	
	\$	1,001,431	\$	1,190,022	\$	1,525,906	

A. The Group's letters of credit issued but not negotiated are as follows:

	June 30, 2017	Dec	<u>ember 31, 2016</u>		June 30, 2016
\$	703,891	\$	811,408	\$	1,011,206
USD	89,821,000	USD	81,708,000	USD	52,892,000

10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or manage operating capital effectively to reduce debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

a) The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties), other financial assets, refundable deposits, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, long-term

borrowings - current portion, bonds payable, long-term borrowings and deposits received) are approximate to their fair value. Fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value is provided in Note 12(3).

The methods and assumptions of fair value measurement are as follows:

Convertible debentures payable: Regarding the convertible bonds issued by the Group, the coupon rate is approximate to the current market rate. Therefore, the fair value is estimated using the present value of the expected cash flows and approximate to the book value.

B. Financial risk management policies

- a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures (see Note 6(2)).
- b) Risk management is carried out by each central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. To manage the foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, entities in the Group use forward foreign exchange contracts, transacted with treasury department. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.
- iii. The Group adopts the forward foreign contract to hedge recognised foreign currency assets and liabilities and reduce fair value risk arising from change in foreign exchange. In order to reduce foreign exchange risk, the Group monitors foreign exchange changes and establishes stop-loss points.

iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain foreign subsidiaries' functional currency: local common currency). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

June 30, 2017							
Foreign currency							
a	mount			Book value			
(in	thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)			
\$	493,226	30.42	\$	15,003,944			
	13,482	6.78		410,135			
	36,486	7.81		1,109,907			
	16,057	1,136.77		488,455			
	8,288	112.00		252,131			
	116,165	0.13		452,695			
	25,869	0.15		116,048			
	413,287	30.42		12,572,182			
	89,493	6.78		2,722,384			
	28,175	1,136.77		857,093			
	· ·	112.00		242,968			
	· ·	0.13		328,656			
	3,170	1.14		107,559			
	(<u>in</u>	amount (in thousands) \$ 493,226 13,482 36,486 16,057 8,288 116,165 25,869 413,287 89,493 28,175 7,987 84,336	Foreign currency amount (in thousands) Exchange rate \$ 493,226 30.42 13,482 6.78 36,486 7.81 16,057 1,136.77 8,288 112.00 116,165 0.13 25,869 0.15 413,287 30.42 89,493 6.78 28,175 1,136.77 7,987 112.00 84,336 0.13	Foreign currency amount (in thousands) \$ 493,226			

	December 31, 2016								
		gn currency mount			Book value				
	(in 1	thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)				
Foreign currency: functional currency			-						
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: TWD	\$	500,487	32.25	\$	16,140,706				
USD: RMB		16,423	6.99		529,635				
USD: HKD		36,893	7.76		1,189,786				
USD: KRW		17,274	1,194.00		557,096				
USD: JPY		10,100	117.02		325,714				
HKD: USD		109,979	0.13		457,291				
Non-monetary items									
RMB: USD		26,526	0.14		122,471				
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: TWD		353,940	32.25		11,414,573				
USD: RMB		106,897	6.99		3,447,422				
USD: KRW		21,547	1,194.00		694,895				
USD: JPY		9,970	117.02		321,538				
USD: MYR		4,629	4.48		149,295				
HKD: USD		82,033	0.13		341,092				
EUR: USD		3,289	1.05		111,493				

	-	June 30, 2016											
		reign currency amount		Book value									
		in thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)								
Foreign currency:													
functional currency													
<u>Financial assets</u>													
Monetary items													
USD: TWD	\$	718,638	32.28	\$	23,194,048								
USD: RMB		25,318	6.66		817,123								
USD: HKD		35,992	7.76		1,161,646								
USD: KRW		29,009	1,145.32		936,272								
USD: JPY		21,954	102.69		708,551								
USD: MYR		4,108	4.03		132,594								
HKD: USD		122,803	0.13		510,736								
Non-monetary items													
RMB: USD		27,975	0.15		135,539								
Financial liabilities													
Monetary items													
USD: TWD		785,225	32.28		25,343,150								
USD: RMB		156,017	6.66		5,035,439								
USD: KRW		33,850	1,145.32		1,092,518								
USD: JPY		21,563	102.69		695,940								
USD: INR		9,776	67.57		315,531								
USD: MYR		4,122	4.03		133,021								
HKD: USD		73,161	0.13		304,275								
SGD: USD		5,454	0.74		130,396								
EUR: TWD		3,314	35.88		118,897								
		,			,								

v. The total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 amounted to \$102,273, (\$77,542), \$241,823 and \$75,975, respectively.

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

_	Six months ended June 30, 2017											
_		Sensitivity A	nalysis									
			Effect on Other									
	Degree of	Effect on	Comprehensive									
<u> </u>	Variation	Profit or Loss	Income									
Foreign currency: functional												
currency												
Financial assets												
Monetary items												
USD: TWD	1%	\$ 150,039	\$ -									
USD: RMB	1%	4,101	-									
USD: HKD	1%	11,099	-									
USD: KRW	1%	4,885	-									
USD: JPY	1%	2,521	-									
HKD: USD	1%	4,527	-									
Financial liabilities												
Monetary items												
USD: TWD	1%	125,722	-									
USD: RMB	1%	27,224	-									
USD: KRW	1%	8,571	-									
USD: JPY	1%	2,430	-									
HKD: USD	1%	3,287	-									
EUR: USD	1%	1,076	-									

_	Six months ended June 30, 2016											
_			Sensitivity A	analysis								
			Effect on	Effect on Other								
	Degree of		Comprehensive									
-	Variation	<u>Pr</u>	ofit or Loss	Income								
Foreign currency: functional												
currency												
<u>Financial assets</u>												
Monetary items												
USD: TWD	1%	\$	231,940	\$ -								
USD: RMB	1%		8,171	-								
USD: HKD	1%		11,616	-								
USD: KRW	1%		9,363	-								
USD: JPY	1%		7,086	-								
USD: MYR	1%		1,326	_								
HKD: USD	1%		5,107	-								
Financial liabilities												
Monetary items												
USD: TWD	1%		253,432	-								
USD: RMB	1%		50,354	-								
USD: KRW	1%		10,925	-								
USD: JPY	1%		6,959	-								
USD: INR	1%		3,155	-								
USD: MYR	1%		1,330	-								
HKD: USD	1%		3,043	-								
SGD: USD	1%		1,304	-								
EUR: TWD	1%		1,189	-								

Price risk

- The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio.
- The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 would have increased/decreased by \$104 and \$301, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$5,031 and \$3,582 as a result of gains/losses on equity

securities classified as available-for-sale, respectively.

Interest rate risk

- The Group's interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings (including long-term liabilities due within a year), short-term notes and bills payable and bonds payable. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's borrowings were mainly in fixed rate instruments. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in the NTD and USD.
- At June 30, 2017 and 2016, if interest rates on borrowings had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 would have been \$78,944 and \$60,605 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. For banks and financial institutions, only rated parties with good ratings are accepted.
- ii. No credit limits were exceeded during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.
- iii. The credit quality information of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired is provided in Notes 6(5)A. and 7(3)C.
- iv. The ageing analysis of financial assets that were past due is provided in Note 6(5)B.
- v. The individual analysis of financial assets that had been impaired is provided in Notes 6(5)C. and 6(15).

c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group. Each treasury department monitors rolling forecasts of the liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans and covenant compliance.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2017	Less	than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years		Between 2 and 5 years		Over 5 years
Short-term							
borrowings	\$	52,302,156	\$	- 3	\$	-	\$ -
Short-term notes and							
bills payable		5,215,000		-		-	-
Financial liabilities							
measured at fair							
value through profi	t						
or loss		4,608		-		-	-
Notes payable		582,884		-		-	-
Accounts payable		48,885,235		-		-	-
Accounts payable -							
related parties		5,160		-		-	-
Other payables		8,686,327		-		-	-
Bonds payable							
(including current							
portion)		505,000		-		-	-
Long-term							
borrowings							
(including current							
portion)		6,688,304	4,700,15	56	286,93	37	237,250

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

<u>December 31, 2016</u>	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term	\$ 52,948,597	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
borrowings				
Short-term notes and				
bills payable	4,205,000	-	-	-
Financial liabilities				
measured at fair				
value through profit or loss	5,686			
	415,080	-	-	-
Notes payable	47,829,951	-	-	-
Accounts payable	47,029,931	-	-	-
Accounts payable -	12,679			
related parties	4,542,499	-	-	-
Other payables	4,542,433	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including current				
portion)	3,575,800	_	_	_
Long-term	3,373,000			
borrowings				
(including current				
portion)	7,563,604	4,754,522	292,917	264,796
1 ,				
June 30, 2016		Between 1	Between 2	
	Less than 1 year		and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term	Less than 1 year \$ 43,531,351	and 2 years		Over 5 years -
Short-term borrowings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and	\$ 43,531,351	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities	\$ 43,531,351	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable -	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356 49,549,980	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356 49,549,980 264	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356 49,549,980 264	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Bonds payable	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356 49,549,980 264	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Bonds payable Long-term	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356 49,549,980 264	and 2 years	and 5 years	
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills payable Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Bonds payable Long-term borrowings	\$ 43,531,351 3,700,000 2,602 781,356 49,549,980 264	and 2 years	and 5 years	

<u>Derivative financial liabilities</u>:

As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, derivative financial liabilities that the Group entered into are all due within a year.

iii. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(2)A. Details of the fair value of the Group's investment property measured at cost are provided in Note 6(12).
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Inputs that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. A market is regarded as active if it meets all the following conditions: the items traded in the market are homogeneous; willing buyers and sellers can normally be found at any time; and prices are available to the public. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). The fair value of the Group's investment in emerging stocks, publicly traded equity investment, forward exchange and swap contracts is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.
- C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 is as follows:

June 30, 2017	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	 Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity securities	\$ 10,385	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,385
Forward exchange contracts	-		4,011		-	4,011
Available-for-sale financial assets						
Equity securities	 424,568		71,849		6,684	 503,101
	\$ 434,953	\$	75,860	\$	6,684	\$ 517,497
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 	\$	4,608	\$		\$ 4,608

<u>December 31, 2016</u>	Level 1			Level 2	Level 3			Total
<u>Assets</u>								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
Equity securities	\$	20,737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,737
Forward exchange contracts		-		17,721		-		17,721
Available-for-sale financial assets								
Equity securities		282,387		66,010		6,684		355,081
	\$	303,124	\$	83,731	\$	6,684	\$	393,539
<u>Liabilities</u> Recurring fair value measurements								
Forward exchange contracts	\$	_	\$	5,686	\$	_	\$	5,686
1 of ward exchange contracts	Ψ		Ψ	3,000	Ψ		Ψ	3,000
June 30, 2016		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
<u>Assets</u>								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
Equity securities	\$	30,116	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,116
Forward exchange contracts		-		6,803		-		6,803
Available-for-sale financial assets								
Equity securities		285,013		66,488		6,684		358,185
	\$	315,129	\$	73,291	\$	6,684	\$	395,104
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Forward exchange contracts	\$		\$	2,602	\$		\$	2,602

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - (a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

Market quoted price Listed shares

Closing price

- (b) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques widely accepted in financial management.
- (c) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, foreign exchange swap contracts, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.

- (d) Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- (e) The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- (f) The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. Because the trading amount of the investment in Sunlux Energy Corporation was assessed to be unsteady and underperforming, the Group transferred the fair value from Level 1 to Level 2 in the first quarter of 2017.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	<u></u>	 2016		
At January 1	\$	6,684	\$ 6,684	
Losses recognised in profit or loss			 	
At June 30	<u>\$</u>	6,684	\$ 6,684	

- G. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Finance and accounting department is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions and frequently reviewed.
 - Finance and accounting department sets up valuation policies, valuation processes and rules for measuring fair value of financial instruments and ensure compliance with the related requirements in IFRS. The related valuation results are reported to management monthly. Management is responsible for managing and reviewing valuation processes.
- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at June 30, 2017	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity: Equity investment without active market	\$ 6,684	Net asset value method	Net asset value	-	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
	Fair value at December 31, 2016	, Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity: Equity investment without active market		Net asset value method	Net asset value		The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
	Fair value at June 30, 2016	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity: Equity investment without active market	\$ 6,684	Net asset value method	Net asset value		The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2017										
			Reco	gnised in	Recognised in other								
			prof	it or loss	comprehensive income								
			Favourable Unfavourable		Favourable	Unfavourable							
	<u>Input</u>	Change	change	change	<u>change</u>	change							
Financial asse	ts												
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 67</u>	<u>\$ 67</u>							

			December 31, 2016										
			Reco	gnised in	Recognis	sed in other							
			prof	it or loss	comprehe	nsive income							
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable							
	Input	Change	change	change change		change							
Financial asset	ts												
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67	\$ 67							
mstrument	varue		Ψ	Ψ	Ψ 07	Ψ 07							
				June 30	0, 2016								
			Reco	gnised in	Recognis	sed in other							
			prof	it or loss	comprehe	nsive income							
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable							
	<u>Input</u>	Change	change	<u>change</u>	change	change							
Financial asset	ts												
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67	<u>\$ 67</u>							

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

The transactions with subsidiaries disclosed below had been eliminated when preparing consolidated financial statements. The following disclosures are for reference only.

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Aggregate purchases or sales of the same securities reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 7.
- I. Derivative financial instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please see Notes 6(2)C. and 12(3).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 8.

(2) Information on investee companies

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 9.

(3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 10.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area.

Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in the Mainland Area, either directly or indirectly through a third area, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: Information on significant transactions of the Company and subsidiary and investee company in Mainland China as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2017 is provided in Note(1)J.

14. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

1) General information

The Group is mainly engaged in the import and export of electronic components. The products include CPU, analog IC, discrete IC, logic IC, DRAM, Flash, optical component, etc. The chief operating decision-maker evaluates performance based on the separate net income of sub-groups, which includes World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries, Silicon Application Corp. and its subsidiaries, Asian Information Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries, Yosun Industrial Corp. and its subsidiaries and others.

2) Measurement of segment information

The Group's chief operating decision-maker uses the net income as basis for assessing the performance of the Group's operating segments.

3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. The net income reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with revenues, costs and expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. As the amounts in the statement provided to the chief operating decision-maker for managing segment are in agreement with the amounts in the statements of segment income, reconciliation is not needed.
- B. The segment information of the reportable segments provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Three months ended June 30, 2017:

	Indu	World Peace istrial Co., Ltd. its subsidiaries	Silicon Application Corp. and its subsidiaries		Asian Information Cechnology Inc. and its subsidiaries		osun Industrial Corp. and s subsidiaries	Iı	enuine C&C nc. and its subsidiaries	 Others	_E	liminations_	 Total
Revenue from external				_							_		
customers	\$	58,533,374	\$ 17,340,601	\$	17,242,098	\$	20,021,189	\$	2,277,383	\$ 12,993,725	\$	-	\$ 128,408,370
Revenue from internal													
customers		3,348,820	 977,540		303,247	_	2,093,405		135,375	 609,877	(7,468,264)	 <u>-</u>
Total revenue	\$	61,882,194	\$ 18,318,141	\$	17,545,345	\$	22,114,594	\$	2,412,758	\$ 13,603,602	(<u>\$</u>	7,468,264)	\$ 128,408,370
Segment profit	\$	1,426,046	\$ 370,998	\$	431,069	\$	415,324	\$	85,140	\$ 257,643	\$	255,341	\$ 3,241,561
Net income	\$	850,009	\$ 208,200	\$	293,749	\$	257,016	\$	37,703	\$ 1,994,162	(<u>\$</u>	1,832,556)	\$ 1,808,283

Three months ended June 30, 2016:

		World Peace ustrial Co., Ltd. its subsidiaries		Silicon Application Corp. and its subsidiaries	T	Asian Information echnology Inc. and its subsidiaries		fosun Industrial Corp. and as subsidiaries	In	nuine C&C ac. and its ubsidiaries		Others	F	liminations	Total
Revenue from external	una				<u>substatutes</u>	10	as subsidiaries		desidiaries	_	Outers		<u> </u>	10111	
customers	\$	62,190,946	\$	13,558,511	\$	22,443,800	\$	22,641,512	\$	2,655,076	\$	10,269,474	\$	-	\$133,759,319
Revenue from internal															
customers		2,632,118		992,460		396,630		2,538,047		8,571	_	1,238,299	(7,806,125)	
Total revenue	\$	64,823,064	\$	14,550,971	\$	22,840,430	\$	25,179,559	\$	2,663,647	\$	11,507,773	(\$	7,806,125)	\$133,759,319
Segment profit (loss)	\$	1,489,675	\$	286,307	\$	608,774	\$	535,501	\$	50,616	\$	23,011	\$	365,265	\$ 3,359,149
Net income	\$	870,262	\$	162,798	\$	357,443	\$	276,865	\$	6,176	(<u>\$</u>	1,529,218)	(\$	1,645,231)	\$ 1,557,531

Six months ended June 30, 2017:

		World Peace lustrial Co., Ltd.		Silicon Application Corp. and its	Te	Asian Information echnology Inc. and its		osun Industrial Corp. and	In	nuine C&C						
	anc	<u>l its subsidiaries</u>	_	subsidiaries		subsidiaries	it	s subsidiaries	S	ubsidiaries	_	Others	<u> </u>	Eliminations		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	112,161,893	\$	31,631,012	\$	33,110,462	\$	40,900,324	\$	4,444,890	\$	25,133,381	\$	-	\$24	7,381,962
Revenue from internal customers		5,901,723		2,096,252		650,016		3,918,288	_	357,083		1,280,893	(14,204,255)		<u>-</u>
Total revenue	\$	118,063,616	\$	33,727,264	\$	33,760,478	\$	44,818,612	\$	4,801,973	\$	26,414,274	(\$	14,204,255)	\$24	7,381,962
Segment profit (loss)	\$	2,715,531	\$	713,569	\$	840,356	\$	894,694	\$	174,506	\$	476,925	\$	525,472	\$	6,341,053
Net income	\$	1,697,764	\$	369,526	\$	567,026	\$	577,642	\$	77,062	\$	4,050,892	(<u>\$</u>	3,665,562)	\$	3,674,350

Six months ended June 30, 2016:

	World Peace lustrial Co., Ltd. l its subsidiaries		Silicon Application Corp. and its subsidiaries	Asian Information Cechnology Inc. and its subsidiaries	osun Industrial Corp. and s subsidiaries	In	enuine C&C nc. and its subsidiaries	Others	<u>_ F</u>	Eliminations_	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 117,221,048	\$	25,937,553	\$ 41,969,532	\$ 44,475,446	\$	5,492,468	\$ 20,196,021	\$	-	\$255,292,068
Revenue from internal customers	 5,242,767	_	1,892,322	1,257,744	 5,009,293		18,349	2,467,703	(15,888,178)	
Total revenue	\$ 122,463,815	\$	27,829,875	\$ 43,227,276	\$ 49,484,739	\$	5,510,817	\$ 22,663,724	(\$	15,888,178)	\$255,292,068
Segment profit (loss)	\$ 2,783,599	\$	520,278	\$ 1,148,935	\$ 981,755	\$	96,603	<u>\$ 153,246</u>	\$	863,642	<u>\$ 6,548,058</u>
Net income	\$ 1,610,644	\$	230,471	\$ 694,925	\$ 551,331	\$	12,358	\$ 3,208,531	(<u>\$</u>	3,190,358)	\$ 3,117,902

WPG Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries

Loans to others

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Is a	balance dur	ths			_	_		Amount of transactions	Reason for	Allowance			Limit on loans		
No.	Creditor	D	General ledger account	related party	ended June 2017	30, B	Salance at June 30, 2017		l amount n down	Interest rate	Nature of loan (Note 10)	with the borrower	short-term financing	doubtful accounts	Col Item	lateral Value	granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Б.,
1	Apache Korea Corp.	Borrower WPG Korea Co	Other	Y		72 \$. — —	58,872	2.50	2	\$ -	Operation		None		0 1 1		Footnote Note 1
1	Apaciic Rolea Corp.	Ltd.	receivables - related parties	1	ў 36,6	/2 q	30,672	Ą	36,672	2.30	2	ф -	Орстаноп	φ -	None	-	\$ 74,243	ŷ 74,243	Note 1
2	Giatek Corp. Ltd.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,095,1	20	1,095,120	1,	,095,120	1.20	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,102,992	1,102,992	Note 4
3	Richpower Electronic Devices Pte., Ltd.	Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	197,7	30	197,730		197,730	1.85-2.47	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	424,450	424,450	Note 8
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG Americas Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	2,007,7	20	2,007,720		-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	5,597,324	5,597,324	Note 3
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	608,4	00	304,200		304,200	2.47	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	5,597,324	5,597,324	Note 3
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	608,4	00	608,400		304,200	3.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	5,597,324	5,597,324	Note 3
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.		Other receivables - related parties	Y	30,4	20	30,420		-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	5,597,324	5,597,324	Note 3
5	World Peace International Pte Ltd.		Other receivables - related parties	Y	121,6	80	121,680		115,596	2.47	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	2,227,330	2,227,330	Note 3
6	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	152,1	00	152,100		30,420	2.47	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,288,119	1,288,119	Note 3
6	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	304,2	00	304,200		-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,288,119	1,288,119	Note 3

					balance during					Amount of		Allowance					
				Is a	the six months					transactions	Reason for	for			Limit on loans		
			General ledger	related	ended June 30,	Balance at June	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	with the	short-term	doubtful	Coll	ateral	granted to a	Ceiling on total	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2017	30, 2017	drawn down	rate	(Note 10)	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single party	loans granted	Footnote
6	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 608,400	\$ 608,400	\$ 517,140	2.47	2	\$ -	Operation	\$ -	None	= ;	\$ 1,288,119	\$ 1,288,119	Note 3
7	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG Americas Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,703,520	1,703,520	1,095,120	2.83-3.43	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	3,339,914	3,339,914	Note 7
7	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	152,100	152,100	152,100	3.08	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	3,339,914	3,339,914	Note 7
8	AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	300,000	150,000	64,500	1.55	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	422,065	422,065	Note 2
9	AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	730,080	730,080	699,660	2.12	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	759,897	759,897	Note 7
10	WPG China Inc.	Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	76,262	-	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	841,986	2,104,964	Note 7
11	Yosun South China Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	112,150	112,150	112,150	2.80	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	201,455	201,455	Note 7
11	Yosun South China Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	67,290	67,290	67,290	2.80	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	201,455	201,455	Note 7
12	Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	183,926	183,926	183,926	2.80	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	357,120	357,120	Note 7
12	Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	143,552	143,552	143,552	2.80	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	357,120	357,120	Note 7
13	WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	WPG Holdings Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	150,000	150,000	110,000	1.16	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	182,672	182,672	Note 2
14	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG C&C Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,855,620	1,612,260	486,720	2.12-2.40	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	13,662,340	13,662,340	Note 7

					balance during					Amount of		Allowance					
				Is a	the six months					transactions	Reason for	for			Limit on loans		
			General ledger	related	ended June 30,	Balance at June	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	with the	short-term	doubtful	Coll	ateral	granted to a	Ceiling on total	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2017	30, 2017	drawn down	rate	(Note 10)	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single party	loans granted	Footnote
14	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Long-Think International (Hong Kong) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 152,100	\$ 152,100	\$ 69,966	2.12-2.40	2	\$ -	Operation	\$ -	None	-	\$ 13,662,340	\$ 13,662,340	Note 7
14	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	365,040	365,040	365,040	3.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	13,662,340	13,662,340	Note 7
15	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Long-Think International Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	91,260	45,630	18,860	2.15	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	4,130,133	8,260,266	Note 6
15	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,521,000	1,521,000	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	4,130,133	8,260,266	Note 6
16	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	150,000	150,000	150,000	1.37	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	190,305	190,305	Note 2
17	Silicon Application (BVI) Corporation	Silicon Application Corp.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,186,380	1,186,380	1,186,380	1.25	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,237,774	3,094,436	Note 7
17	Silicon Application (BVI) Corporation	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	91,260	91,260	91,260	1.20-1.45	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	3,094,436	3,094,436	Note 7
18	Silicon Application Company Limited	Silicon Application Corp.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	669,240	669,240	669,240	1.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	693,000	1,732,500	Note 7
18	Silicon Application Company Limited	Ostar Electronic Company Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	21,294	21,294	21,294	1.25	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,732,500	1,732,500	Note 7
18	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	60,840	-	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,732,500	1,732,500	Note 7
18	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Other receivables - related parties	Y	517,140	212,940	212,940	1.20-1.45	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,732,500	1,732,500	Note 7
18	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	304,200	304,200	304,200	2.70	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,732,500	1,732,500	Note 7

					balance during					Amount of		Allowance					
			General ledger	Is a related	the six months	Balance at June	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	transactions with the	Reason for short-term	for doubtful	Coll	lateral	Limit on loans granted to a	Ceiling on total	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2017	30, 2017	drawn down	rate	(Note 10)	borrower	financing	accounts		Value	single party	loans granted	Footnote
18	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 456,300	\$ 456,300	\$ 456,300	3.43	2	\$ -	Operation	\$ -	None	-	\$ 1,732,500	\$ 1,732,500	Note 7
19	Sertek Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	419,796	419,796	419,796	2.97	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	431,891	431,891	Note 7
20	Sertek Incorporated	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd	Other receivables - related parties	Y	504,200	504,200	382,520	1.74-2.05	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	540,090	540,090	Note 2
21	Apache Communication Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	Other receivables - related parties	Y	100,000	100,000	100,000	1.50	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	418,636	669,817	Note 5
22	Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	486,720	486,720	243,360	1.43	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	589,818	943,709	Note 5
23	Genuine C&C Inc.	Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	89,720	89,720	89,720	3.50	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	429,877	429,877	Note 2
23	Genuine C&C Inc.	Hoban Inc.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	50,000	50,000	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	429,877	429,877	Note 2
24	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	152,100	-	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,820,179	1,820,179	Note 7
24	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	608,400	608,400	517,140	2.22	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	1,820,179	1,820,179	Note 7
25	Long-Think International (Shanghai) Limited	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	40,374	40,374	40,374	2.80	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	96,065	96,065	Note 7
26	Longview Technology Inc.	Long-Think International Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	50,000	-	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	213,045	213,045	Note 2
27	Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	6,729	6,729	-	0.00	2	-	Operation	-	None	-	66,856	66,856	Note 9

					Ma	ximum														
					outs	tanding														
					balan	ce during						Amount of		Allowance						
				Is a	the si	x months						transactions	Reason for	for			Limit or	n loans		
			General ledger	related	ended	June 30,	Balance at J	une A	actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	with the	short-term	doubtful	Coll	ateral	grante	d to a	Ceiling on total	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2	2017	30, 2017		drawn down	rate	(Note 10)	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single	party	loans granted	Footnote
27	Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Hubei Xinsheng Technology Investment Management Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	N	\$	22,430	\$ -		-	0.00	2	\$ -	Operation	\$ -	None	-	\$	66,856	\$ 66,856	Notes 9 and 11

- Note 1: Accumulated financing activities and the individual limit to any company or person should not be in excess of 100% of creditors' net assets.
- Note 2: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 40% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, financing activities to a single company should not be in excess of 40% of creditor's net assts.
- Note 3: (1) For those borrowers which are not 100% held investee company, the individual limit amount and the accumulated financing activities to those borrowers should not be in excess of 40% of the creditor's net assets.
 - (2) For those borrowers which are 100% held investee company, the individual limit amount and the accumulated financing activities to those borrowers should not be in excess of 200% of the creditor's net assets.
 - (3) The total limit of (1) and (2) should not exceed 200% of the creditor's net assets.
- Note 4: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 100% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, the financing activities to an overseas company which is 100% directly or indirectly held by ultimate parent company should not be in excess of 100% of creditor's net assets. For borrower not fulfilling said criteria, the limit should not exceed 10% of the creditor's net assets.
- Note 5: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 40% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, financing activities to a single company should not be in excess of 25% of creditor's assets.
 - (3) The financing activities to an overseas company which is 100% directly or indirectly held by the creditor should not be restricted by (1) and (2).
- Note 6: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 40% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, financing activities to a single company should not be in excess of 20% of creditor's assets.
- Note 7: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 100% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, the financing activities to an overseas company which is 100% directly or indirectly held by ultimate parent company should not be in excess of 100% of creditor's net assets. For borrower not fulfilling said criteria, the limit should not exceed 40% of the creditor's net assets.
- Note 8: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 200% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, the financing activities to an overseas company which is 100% directly or indirectly held by ultimate parent company should not be in excess of 100% of creditor's net assets. For borrower not fulfilling said criteria, the limit should not exceed 40% of the creditor's net assets.
- Note 9: Accumulated financing activities to any company or person should not be in excess of 40% of creditor's net assets. Limit on loans to a single company is as follows:
 - (1) For business transaction to the creditor, the individual limit should not exceed 10% of the Company's net assets and the amount of business transactions; the amount of business transactions means the higher between sales and purchases.
 - (2) For short-term financing, financing activities to a single company should not be in excess of 40% of creditor's net assets. Limit on total loans to a single party is 40% of creditor's net assets.
- Note 10: The column of 'Nature of loan' shall fill in 1. 'Business transaction or 2. 'Short-term financing'.
- Note 11: Genuine Trading (Hong Kong) Company Limited had disposed all shares of Hubei Xinsheng Technology Investment Management Co., Ltd. on August 1, 2016. Hubei Xinsheng Technology Investment Management Co., Ltd. wasn't non-related party until August 1, 2016.

WPG Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Number 0	Endorser/ guarantor WPG Holdings Limited World Peace	Party being endorsed Company name World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. WPG Americas Inc.	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor Note 1	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party \$ 24,311,213	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2017 \$ 164,622	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2017 \$ 82,193	Actual amount drawn down \$ 82,193 159,346	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral \$82,193	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company 0.17 5.88	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided 24,311,213 6,211,841	Provision of endorsements/guarantees by parent company to subsidiary Y	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company N	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China N	Footnote Notes 4 and 5 Note 7
1	International Pte. Ltd. World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	WPG C&C Computers and Peripheral (India) Private Ltd.	Note 1	6,211,841	368,082	368,082	-	-	11.85	6,211,841	N	N	N	Note 7
1	World Peace International Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Note 1	6,211,841	3,178,890	3,178,890	980,180	-	102.35	6,211,841	N	N	N	Note 7
2	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	WPG India Electronics Private Limited	Note 1	1,288,119	15,210	15,210	-	-	2.36	1,288,119	N	N	N	Note 11
3	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Yosun Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Note 1	9,947,402	1,499,706	1,499,706	550,527	-	15.08	19,894,804	N	N	N	Note 9
3	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Note 1	9,947,402	2,403,180	2,403,180	283,406	-	24.16	19,894,804	N	N	N	Note 9
3	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Sertek Incorporated	Note 1	9,947,402	1,521,000	1,521,000	1,521,000	-	15.29	19,894,804	N	N	N	Note 9
3	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	Note 1	9,947,402	700,000	700,000	-	-	7.04	19,894,804	N	N	N	Note 9
4	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Vitec WPG Limited	Note 3	10,325,333	68,445	68,445	60,840	-	0.33	16,520,533	N	N	N	Note 6
4	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Note 1	10,325,333	1,937,177	1,398,857	966,724	-	6.77	16,520,533	N	N	Y	Note 6
4	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Note 1	10,325,333	669,240	669,240	669,240	-	3.24	16,520,533	N	N	N	Note 6

	Ratio of accumulated Party being endorsed/guaranteed Limit on Manipum Outstanding Amount of and accumulated								Provision of					
		Party being endorsed	1/guaranteed	Limit on	Maximum	Outstanding		Amount of	endorsement/	Ceiling on total	Provision of	endorsements/	Provision of	
			Relationship	endorsements/	outstanding	endorsement/		endorsements/	guarantee amount to	amount of	endorsements/	guarantees by	endorsements/	
			with the	guarantees	endorsement/	guarantee		guarantees	net asset value of the	endorsements/	guarantees by	subsidiary to	guarantees to the	
	Endorser/		endorser/	provided for a	guarantee amount as	amount at	Actual amount	secured with	endorser/ guarantor	guarantees	parent company	parent	party in Mainland	
Number	guarantor	Company name	guarantor	single party	of June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	drawn down	collateral	company	provided	to subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
4	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Note 1	\$ 10,325,333	\$ 2,803,507	\$ 1,460,160	\$ 503,325	\$ -	7.07	16,520,533	N	N	N	Note 6
5	Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Note 2	943,709	512,100	512,100	342,326	-	21.71	1,179,636	N	N	N	Note 8
6		Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Note 1	429,877	179,440	179,440	-	-	16.70	537,347	N	N	Y	Note 10
7		Frontek Technology Corporation	Note 1	1,857,431	1,417,910	1,417,910	176,535	-	30.53	2,321,789	N	N	N	Note 8
7	Asian Information Technology Inc.	WPG China Inc.	Note 3	1,857,431	15,210	15,210	8	-	0.33	2,321,789	N	N	Y	Note 8
7	Asian Information Technology Inc.	AIT Japan Inc.	Note 1	1,857,431	608,400	608,400	62,001	-	13.10	2,321,789	N	N	N	Note 8

Note 1: The company and its subsidiary hold more than 50% of the investee company.

Note 2: The parent company directly owns more than 50% of the company.

Note 3: An affiliate.

Note 4: The guarantee amount should not exceed 50% of guarantor's net assets; the limit to a single company should not exceed 50% of the Company's stockholder's equity. For business transaction with the Company, the guarantee amount should not exceed the amount of business transaction, which is the higher between sales and purchases. The limit on the Company and its subsidiaries' total loan to other companies is 60% of the Company's net assets. The guarantee amount to a subsidiary which is 90%~100% directly or indirectly held by the Company should not exceed 10% of the Company's net assets, which is based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Note 5: There are 8,999 thousand shares of WPG Investment Co., Ltd. which have been pledged for purchases for World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. The book value of those pledged investments is \$82,193.

Note 6: The cumulative guarantee amount to others should not be in excess of 80% of guarantor's net assets. The guarantee amount to a single company should not be in excess of 50% of guarantor's net assets. For business transaction with the guarantee amount should not exceed the amount of business transaction, which is the higher between sales and purchases. The net asset value is based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Note 7: The cumulative guarantee amount and the guarantee amount to a single company both should not be in excess of 200% of guarantor's net assets.

Note 8: The cumulative guarantee amount to others should not be in excess of 50% of guarantor's net assets. The guarantee amount to a single company should not be in excess of 40% of guarantor's net assets. However, guarantee amount to a single overseas affiliate should not be in excess of 40% of guarantor's net assets.

Note 9: The cumulative guarantee amount to others should not be in excess of 200% of guarantor and its subsidiaries' total net assets. The guarantee amount to a single company should not be in excess of 100% of guarantor and its subsidiaries' total net assets. For business transaction with the Company, the guarantee amount should not exceed the amount of business transaction, which is the higher between sales and purchases. The Company's guarantee amount to a subsidiary which is 90%~100% directly or indirectly held by the ultimate parent company should not exceed 10% of the ultimate parent company's net assets. The net asset value is based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Note 10: The cumulative guarantee amount to others should not be in excess of 50% of guarantor's net assets. The guarantee amount to a single company should not be in excess of 30% of guarantor's net assets. However, guarantee amount to a single overseas affiliate should not be in excess of 40% of guarantor's net assets.

Note 11: The cumulative guarantee amount to others should not be in excess of 200% of the Company's net assets. The guarantee amount to a single company should not be in excess of 200% of Company's net assets. For business transaction with the Company, the guarantee amount should not exceed the amount of business transaction, which is the higher between sales and purchases. The guarantee amount to a subsidiary which is 90%~100% directly or indirectly held by the Company should not exceed 10% of the Company's net assets.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					As of Jun	e 30, 2017		
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value (Note 1)	Footnote
WPG Holdings Limited	Vitec Holdings Co., Ltd., etc Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current, etc.	- \$	257,169	-	\$ 257,169	
WPG Holdings Limited	Tyche Partners L.P Funds	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current	-	138,217	-	138,217	
Silicon Application Corp.	Kingmax Technology Inc., etc Equity securities	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current, etc.	-	14,203	-	14,203	Note 2
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Silicon Line GmbH, Munich etc Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current, etc.	-	26,319	-	26,319	
AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	Hua-Jie (Taiwan) Corp Equity securities	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	668	6,684	3.32	6,684	
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Fortend Taiwan Scientific Corp., etc Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current	-	3,463	-	3,463	
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Nichidenbo Corporation - Equity securities	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	9,647	294,719	5.78	294,719	
Genuine C&C Inc.	Systemweb Technology - Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current	700	8,800	9.90	8,800	
Hoban Inc.	Mega Diamond Money Market - funds	None	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - current	835	10,385	-	10,385	
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Promaster Technology Co., Ltd., etc Equity securities	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current, etc.	-	24,356	-	24,356	
Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Promaster Technology Co., Ltd Equity securities	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	1,368	9,196	4.00	9,196	
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	DIGITIMES Inc. etc Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current, etc.	-	167,187	-	167,187	
Silicon Application (BVI) Corp.	Apollo Electronics Group Ltd., etc Equity securities	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current, etc.	-	39,591	-	39,591	
Win-Win Systems Ltd.	Silicon Electronics Company(s) Pte. Ltd Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current	180	-	-	-	
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	ViMOS Technologies GmBH - Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current	20	658	9.00	658	
WPG China Inc.	Nanjing Sunlord Electronics Corporation Ltd Equity securities	None	Financial assets at cost - non- current	897	44,277	1.70	44,277	

Note 1: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 2: There are 1,133 thousand shares of Kingmax Technology Inc. which have been pledged for purchases as of June 30, 2017.

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Balance as at January 1, 2017 Addition Disposal Balance as at June 30, 2017 Number of Number of Number of Number of shares Gain (loss) on shares shares shares Amount (thousands) Amount (thousands) (Note 2) (thousands) Selling price Book value disposal (thousands) Amount

WPG Holdings World Peace Note 1 World Peace Subsidiary 981,100 \$ 20,412,332 116,152 \$ 240,398 - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,097,252 \$ 20,652,730 Limited Industrial Co., Ltd. Industrial Co., Ltd.

Note 1: It was recognised at investments accounted for using equity method

Marketable

securities

Investor

General

ledger

account

Counterparty

Note 2: The acquisition cost is \$2,487,285, inclusive of share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method, other equity and dividends received (\$2,246,887) for the period.

Relationship

with

the investor

Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction of the real estate is disclosed below:

Real estate acquired by	Real estate acquired	Date of the event	Transact	tion amount	Status of payment	<u>Counterparty</u>	Relationship with the counterparty	Original owner who sold the real estate to the counterparty	Relationship between the original owner and the acquirer	Date of the original transaction	Amount	Basis or reference used in setting the price	Reason for acquisition of real estate and status of the real estate	Other commitments
The Company	Office building A in Taipei City Nangang Dist. Jingmao section No.70, No. 70-1	2016.12 (Note 1)	\$	4,533,954 \$	566,744	Ji Tai Development Co., Ltd.	Non-related party	-	-	-	\$ -	It was appraised by Honda real estate appraising firm and China real estate appraising firm	Operation needs	None
The Company	Taipei City Nangang Dist. Jingmao section No.70, No. 70-1	2016.12 (Note 1)		1,063,114	132,889	Lee	Non-related party	-	-	-	-	It was appraised by Honda real estate appraising firm and China real estate appraising firm	Operation needs	None
The Company	Taipei City Nangang Dist. Jingmao section No.70, No. 70-1	2016.12 (Note 1)		843,765	105,471	Wang	Non-related party	-	-	-	-	It was appraised by Honda real estate appraising firm and China real estate appraising firm	Operation needs	None

Note 1: It was the date of contract.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

			Transaction			transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)					
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)			Percentage of otal purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
WPG Holdings Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(\$	171,328) (50.75)	Note 7	Note 7	Note 7	\$	31,817	53.64	
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	п	"	(215,490) (0.48)	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3		49,972	0.26	
n	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	"	(2,669,207) (5.94)	"	"	"		588,945	3.01	
n	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	"	(427,012) (0.95)	"	"	"		271,528	1.39	
Longview Technology Inc.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	u	"	(209,834) (23.47)	"	"	"		42,440	11.98	
Genuine C&C (IndoChina) Pte Ltd.	P.T. WPG Electrindo Jaya	Investment under equity method	"	(270,767) (70.34)	II	II	"		48,970	56.93	
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	n World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	"	(219,987) (1.79)	"	"	"		9,023	0.20	
n	Conuine C&C (IndoChina) Pte Ltd.	"	"	(205,684) (1.67)	"	"	"		-	0.00	
n	WPG SCM Limited	"	"	(2,926,432) (23.75)	"	"	"		1,891,985	42.09	
n	WPG C&C (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	"	"	(308,688) (2.50)	"	"	"		48,337	1.08	
"	WPG C&C Computers And Peripheral (India) Private Limited	n .	"	(572,867) (4.65)	"	"	"		120,531	2.68	
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China Inc.	n .	"	(336,947) (0.55)	II	II	11		149,713	0.72	
u u	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	"	"	(2,714,900) (4.46)	"	"	"		454,884	2.18	
n	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	u	"	(1,333,710) (2.19)	"	"	"		39,774	0.19	
"	WPG SCM Limited	"	"	(336,764) (0.55)	"	"	"		16,378	0.08	
n	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	u	"	(187,299) (0.31)	"	"	"		150,467	0.72	
n	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	"	(229,893) (0.38)	"	"	"		103,685	0.50	
n .	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	"	(955,201) (1.57)	"	"	"		475,961	2.28	

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

			Transaction				o third party	37 . /				
								transa	actions	Notes/accounts r	eceivable (payable)	
		Relationship	D			Percentage of					Percentage of total	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	otal purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(\$	267,684) (0.44)	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	\$ 58,400	0.28	Toomote
WPG C&C Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	"	(279,484) (7.98)	"	"	"	62,290	8.82	
п	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	n	"	(673,059) (19.22)	"	"	"	267,706	37.89	
Long-Think International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	"	(202,521) (29.20)	"	"	"	28,489	14.97	
Silicon Application Corp.	WPG SCM Limited	"	"	(100,009) (0.33)	30 days after monthly billings	Note 4	Note 4	21,528	0.19	
н	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	**	"	(110,192) (0.36)	"	"	"	8,440	0.08	
"	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	"	(448,496) (1.47)	"	"	"	109,740	0.99	
n	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	"	(1,262,128) (4.13)	90 days after monthly billings	"	"	710,627	6.41	
m	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	"	(394,085) (1.29)	120 days after monthly billings	"	n	139,208	1.25	
Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	**	"	(128,394) (5.46)	90 days after monthly billings	"	"	71,237	6.51	
Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	"	(561,487) (32.36)	"	"	"	261,179	35.33	
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Apache Communication Inc.	"	"	(2,125,320) (13.07)	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	36,065	0.71	
"	Frontek Technology Corporation	"	"	(298,038) (1.83)	"	"	"	58,733	1.15	
n .	AIT Japan Inc.	u u	"	(667,591) (4.10)	"	"	"	172,571	3.39	
Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	"	"	(459,851) (4.94)	"	"	"	258,773	6.68	
"	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	"	(238,946) (2.57)	"	"	"	179,901	4.64	
AIT Japan Inc.	Asian Information Technology Inc.	"	"	(274,708) (28.31)	"	"	"	63,965	25.65	
Yosun Industrial Corp.	WPG China Inc.	"	"	(250,904) (1.60)	Note 6	Note 6	Note 6	101,785	2.86	
"	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	"	(245,423) (1.57)	"	"	"	99,185	2.79	
n .	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	II.	"	(2,515,440) (16.08)	Credit 75 days	Note 5	Note 5	302,598	8.51	
Sertek Incorporated	Yosun Industrial Corp.	"	"	(249,390) (3.69)	"	"	"	9,987	1.74	
n	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	u u	"	(196,630) (2.91)	"	"	"	28,563	4.98	
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	"	"	(1,551,041) (9.40)	Note 6	Note 6	Note 6	523,434	11.64	
"	Yosun Industrial Corp.	u u	"	(382,513) (2.32)	Credit 75 days	Note 5	Note 5	41,883	0.93	

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

			Transaction			transactions			Notes/accounts r				
		Relationship with the	Purchases	Percentage of s total purchases Amount (sales) Credit term							Percentage of total notes/accounts		
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	Same parent company	Sales	(\$	694,975) (4.21)	Note 6	Note 6	Note 6	\$	339,794	7.56	
u	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	"	"	(738,179) (4.47)	Credit 75 days	Note 5	Note 5		71,370	1.59	
Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	WPG SCM Limited	"	"	(177,348) (7.73)	Credit 60 days	"	"		44,917	4.57	
II.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	"	"	(137,816) (6.01)	Credit 75 days	"	"		4,686	0.48	
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	п	"	(100,138) (2.71)	Note 6	Note 6	Note 6		26,000	1.46	
n .	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	II .	"	(590,629) (15.97)	11	"	"		408,627	22.91	
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	"	"	(310,014) (7.81)	**	"	"		33,013	2.42	
Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	"	(336,446) (36.66)	30 days after monthly billings	Note 4	Note 4		115,551	32.48	
WPG China Inc.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	u .	"	(186,421) (5.22)	90 days after monthly billings	Note 5	Note 5		113,139	6.29	
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	"	"	(235,231) (80.05)	Note 7	Note 7	Note 7		-	0.00	
WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	"	(124,364) (3.26)	"	"	"		-	0.00	

Note 1: As the related party transactions of consolidated subsidiaries exceeding \$100 million are voluminous, the related information disclosed here is from the sales aspect.

Note 2: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition. The collection period is 30~120 days from the end of the month of sales.

Note 3: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition. The collection period is 30-90 days from the end of the month of sales.

Note 4: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition.

Note 5: Similar to third parties.

Note 6: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition. The collection period is 60~120 days from the end of the month of sales.

Note 7: The income arose from the provision of administrative resources and management services, and the sales price and terms were determined by the parties.

Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					 Overdue rec	ceivables		
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	 Balance as at June 30, 2017 (Note 1)	Turnover rate (Note 2)	Amount	Action taken	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date (Note 3)	Allowance for doubtful accounts
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Same parent company	\$ 588,945	5.48	\$ -	- 5	588,945	\$ -
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	271,528	2.47	-	-	59,749	-
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.) WPG SCM Limited	n	1,891,985	3.19	-	-	380,246	-
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.) WPG C&C Computers and Peripheral (India) Private Limited	n	120,531	6.11	-	-	87,830	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limite	ed WPG China Inc.	"	149,713	6.02	-	-	91,645	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limite	ed World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	"	454,884	11.59	-	-	454,884	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limite	ed WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	u	150,467	3.81	-	-	-	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limite	ed WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	103,685	4.03	-	-	61,043	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limite	ed WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	475,961	2.83	-	-	113,409	-
WPG C&C Limited	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	"	267,706	4.22	-	-	21,290	-
Silicon Application Corp.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	109,740	13.65	-	-	109,010	-
Silicon Application Corp.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	710,627	3.42	-	-	250,073	-
Silicon Application Corp.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	139,208	3.74	-	-	80,642	-
Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	261,179	4.39	-	-	118,441	-
Asian Information Technology Inc.	AIT Japan Inc.	"	172,571	6.49	-	-	91,922	-
Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	"	258,773	5.95	-	-	248,268	
Frontek Technology Corporation	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	"	179,901	2.59	-	-	29,564	-

Overdue receivables

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2017 (Note 1)	Turnover rate (Note 2)	Amount	Action taken	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date (Note 3)	Allowance for doubtful accounts
Yosun Industrial Corp.	WPG China Inc.	Same parent company	\$ 101,785	5.00	\$ -	-	\$ 45,994	\$ -
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	"	302,598	19.42	-	-	302,598	-
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	"	523,434	4.93	-	-	278,620	-
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	339,794	4.12	-	-	179,917	-
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd	. WPG Electronices (HK) Limited	"	408,627	2.98	-	-	80,545	-
Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technolog Co., Ltd.	y WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	n	115,551	6.63	-	-	-	-
WPG China Inc.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	113,139	3.95	-	-	63,433	-
WPG Holdings Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	"	2,001,993	0.00	-	-	-	-
WPG Holdings Limited	Silicon Application Corp.	"	563,958	0.00	-	-	-	-
WPG Holdings Limited	Asian Information Technology Inc.	"	1,271,110	0.00	-	-	-	-
WPG Holdings Limited	Yosun Industrial Corp.	"	1,062,648	0.00	-	-	-	-
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Yosun Industrial Corp.	"	123,067	0.00	-	-	123,067	-
World Peace International Pte Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	п	115,778	0.00	-	-	-	-
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	"	312,920	0.00	-	-	312,003	-
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	304,242	0.00	-	-	304,242	-
World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	"	108,385	0.00	-	-	108,385	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	d WPG China Inc.	n	374,774	0.00	-	-	-	-
WPI International (Hong Kong) Limite	d WPG C&C Limited	n	490,520	0.00	-	-	490,520	-
AECO Electronic Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	706,882	0.00	-	-	706,856	-
Silicon Application (BVI) Corp.	Silicon Application Corp.	"	1,187,945	0.00	-	-	-	-
Silicon Application Corp.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	131,852	0.00	-	-	1,319	-
Silicon Application Company Limited	Silicon Application Corp.	"	740,486	0.00	-	-	-	-
Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	"	305,820	0.00	-	-	-	-

Overdue receivables

			Balance as at				Amount collected subsequent to	
		Relationship	June 30, 2017	Turnover rate			the balance	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	 (Note 1)	(Note 2)	 Amount	Action taken	sheet date (Note 3)	doubtful accounts
Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	Same parent company	\$ 463,473	0.00	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Silicon Application Company Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	"	214,610	0.00	-	-	-	-
Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	150,293	0.00	-	-	-	-
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Apache Communication Inc.	"	343,236	0.00	-	-	3,639	-
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	"	165,082	0.00	-	-	6,853	-
Apache Communication Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	"	100,377	0.00	-	-	100,377	-
Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	"	245,840	0.00	-	-	5	-
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Sertek Incorporated	"	266,899	0.00	-	-	1,003	-
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	"	175,402	0.00	-	-	575	-
Sertek Incorporated	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	"	386,049	0.00	-	-	-	-
Sertek Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	"	422,948	0.00	-	-	3,151	-
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	"	153,050	0.00	-	-	-	-
Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG Americas Inc.	"	1,103,231	0.00	-	-	8,111	-
Giatek Corp. Ltd.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	"	1,097,915	0.00	-	-	-	-
Yosun South China Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	112,412	0.00	-	-	262	-
Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	"	143,552	0.00	-	-	-	-
Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	"	184,349	0.00	-	-	423	-
Richpower Electornic Devices Co., Limited	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	n	520,616	0.00	-	-	-	-
Richpower Electornic Devices Pte. Ltd.	. Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	"	198,137	0.00	-	-	407	-
WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	n	562,817	0.00	-	-	108,928	-
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	WPG Holdings Limited	Parent company	110,107	0.00	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Balance as at June 30, 2017 includes other receivables that exceed \$100,000.

Note 2: Turnover rate of 0.00 was caused by the receivables amount recorded as other receivables, and thus the turnover rate is not applicable.

Note 3: The subsequent collections are amounts collected as of August 8, 2017.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

					Trailsa	CHOII	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
1	WPG Holdings Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	1	Sales	\$ 171,328	Note 11	0.07
2	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	3	n .	215,490	Note 5	0.09
2	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	2,669,207	Note 5	1.08
2	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	427,012	Note 5	0.17
3	Longview Technology Inc.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	209,834	Note 5	0.08
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	n .	219,987	Note 5	0.09
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	Genuine C&C (IndoChina) Pte Ltd.	3	n	205,684	Note 5	0.08
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG SCM Limited	3	"	2,926,432	Note 5	1.18
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG C&C (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	3	n	308,688	Note 5	0.12
4	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG C&C Computers and Peripheral (India) Private Limited	3	n	572,867	Note 5	0.23
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China Inc.	3	"	336,947	Note 5	0.14
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	"	2,714,900	Note 5	1.10
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	3	n	1,333,710	Note 5	0.54
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG SCM Limited	3	"	336,764	Note 5	0.14
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	3	"	187,299	Note 5	0.08
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	229,893	Note 5	0.09
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	955,201	Note 5	0.39
5	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"	267,684	Note 5	0.11
6	WPG C&C Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	279,484	Note 5	0.11

Transaction

Percentage of consolidated

Number	G	Continue	Relationship	Constitution		A	Township	total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
(Note 1)	Company name WPG C&C Limited	Counterparty WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	(Note 2)	General ledger account Sales	\$	Amount 673,059	Transaction terms Note 5	(Note 3) 0.27
7	Long-Think International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	,	202,521	Note 5	0.08
8	Silicon Application Corp.	WPG SCM Limited	3	"		100,009	Notes 9 and 11	0.04
8	Silicon Application Corp.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"		110,192	Notes 9 and 11	0.04
8	Silicon Application Corp.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	"		448,496	Notes 9 and 11	0.18
8	Silicon Application Corp.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"		1,262,128	Notes 9 and 14	0.51
8	Silicon Application Corp.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"		394,085	Notes 6 and 9	0.16
9	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.		"		128,394	Notes 9 and 14	0.05
10	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	"		561,487	Notes 9 and 14	0.23
11	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Apache Communication Inc.	3	"		2,125,320	Note 4	0.86
11	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	3	"		298,038	Note 4	0.12
11	Asian Information Technology Inc.	AIT Japan Inc.	3	"		667,591	Note 4	0.27
12	Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	3	"		459,851	Note 4	0.19
12	Frontek Technology Corporation	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"		238,946	Note 4	0.10
13	AIT Japan Inc.	Asian Information Technology Inc.	3	"		274,708	Note 4	0.11
14	Yosun Industrial Corp.	WPG China Inc.	3	"		250,904	Notes 7 and 8	0.10
14	Yosun Industrial Corp.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"		245,423	Notes 7 and 8	0.10
14	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"		2,515,440	Notes 7 and 12	1.02
15	Sertek Incorporated	Yosun Industrial Corp.	3	"		249,390	Notes 7 and 12	0.10
15	Sertek Incorporated	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"		196,630	Notes 7 and 12	0.08
16	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	3	"		1,551,041	Notes 7 and 8	0.63
16	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Yosun Industrial Corp.	3	"		382,513	Notes 7 and 12	0.15
16	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"		694,975	Notes 7 and 8	0.28
16	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	3	"		738,179	Notes 7 and 12	0.30
17	Yosun Singapore Ptd Ltd.	WPG SCM Limited	3	"		177,348	Notes 7 and 10	0.07
17	Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"		137,816	Notes 7 and 12	0.06

Transaction

Percentage of consolidated

Number			Relationship				total operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	 Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
18	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	\$ 100,138	Note 8	0.04
18	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	590,629	Note 8	0.24
19	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"	310,014	Note 8	0.13
20	Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	336,446	Notes 9 and 11	0.14
21	WPG China Inc.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	186,421	Notes 9 and 14	0.08
22	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	3	n	235,231	Note 10	0.10
23	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	124,364	Note 11	0.05
1	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	Accounts receivable	588,945	Note 5	0.33
1	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	271,528	Note 5	0.15
2	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG SCM Limited	3	"	1,891,985	Note 5	1.06
2	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG C&C Computers and Peripheral (India) Private Limited	3	"	120,531	Note 5	0.07
3	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China Inc.	3	"	149,713	Note 5	0.08
3	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	n .	454,884	Note 5	0.26
3	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	3	n .	150,467	Note 5	0.08
3	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	103,685	Note 5	0.06
3	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	475,961	Note 5	0.27
4	WPG C&C Limited	WPI International Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	3	"	267,706	Note 5	0.15
5	Silicon Application Corp.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	u	109,740	Notes 9 and 11	0.06
5	Silicon Application Corp.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	u	710,627	Note 5	0.40
5	Silicon Application Corp.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	139,208	Notes 6 and 9	0.08
6	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	n .	261,179	Notes 9 and 14	0.15
7	Asian Information Technology Inc.	AIT Japan Inc.	3	n .	172,571	Note 4	0.10
8	Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	3	"	258,773	Note 4	0.15
8	Frontek Technology Corporation	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	"	179,901	Note 4	0.10
9	Yosun Industrial Corp.	WPG China Inc.	3	"	101,785	Note 8	0.06

Transaction

Percentage of consolidated

Number			Relationship				total operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	 Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
9	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	\$ 302,598	Notes 7 and 12	0.17
10	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	3	"	523,434	Notes 7 and 8	0.29
10	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	n .	339,794	Notes 7 and 8	0.19
11	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	u	408,627	Note 8	0.23
12	Peng Yu (Shamhai) Digical Technology Co., Ltd.	WPG Electronics (HK) Limited	3	n.	115,551	Notes 9 and 11	0.06
13	WPG China Inc.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	113,139	Notes 9 and 14	0.06
0	WPG Holdings Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	1	Other receivables	2,001,933	Note 16	1.12
0	WPG Holdings Limited	Silicon Application Corp.	1	u u	563,958	Note 16	0.32
0	WPG Holdings Limited	Asian Information Technology Inc.	1	u	1,271,110	Note 16	0.71
0	WPG Holdings Limited	Yosun Industrial Corp.	1	u u	1,062,648	Note 16	0.60
1	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Yosun Industrial Corp.	3	"	123,067	Note 15	0.07
2	World Peace International Pte Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	3	0	115,778	Note 13	0.07
3	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	3	n .	312,920	Note 13	0.18
3	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	304,242	Note 13	0.17
3	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	3	"	108,385	Note 15	0.06
4	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG China Inc.	3	"	374,774	Note 13	0.21
4	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	WPG C&C Limited	3	"	490,520	Note 13	0.28
5	AECO Electronic Co., Ltd.	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	706,882	Note 13	0.40
6	Silicon Application (BVI) Corp.	Silicon Application Corp.	3	"	1,187,945	Note 13	0.67
7	Silicon Application Corp.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	"	131,852	Note 16	0.07
8	Silicon Application Company Limited	Silicon Application Corp.	3	"	740,486	Note 13	0.42
8	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	3	"	305,820	Note 13	0.17
8	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	3	"	463,473	Note 13	0.26
8	Silicon Application Company Limited	WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited	3	"	214,610	Note 13	0.12
9	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	u u	150,293	Note 13	0.08

Percentage of consolidated

Number			Relationship				total operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
10	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Apache Communication Inc.	3	Other receivables	\$ 343,236	Note 16	0.19
10	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	3	"	165,082	Note 16	0.09
11	Apache Communication Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	3	"	100,377	Note 13	0.06
12	Frontek Technology Corporation	Asian Information Technology Inc.	3	"	245,840	Note 13	0.14
13	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Sertek Incorporated	3	"	266,899	Note 16	0.15
13	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	3	"	175,402	Note 16	0.10
14	Sertek Incorporated	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	3	"	386,049	Note 13	0.22
15	Sertek Limited	WPG Americas Inc.	3	"	422,948	Note 13	0.24
16	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG Korea Co., LTD.	3	"	153,050	Note 13	0.09
16	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	WPG Americas Inc.	3	"	1,103,231	Note 13	0.62
17	Giatek Corp. Ltd.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"	1,097,915	Note 13	0.62
18	Yosun South China Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	112,412	Note 13	0.06
19	Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	WPG China Inc.	3	"	143,552	Note 13	0.08
19	Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	WPG China (SZ) Inc.	3	"	184,349	Note 13	0.10
20	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited.	Yosun Hong Kong Corp. Ltd.	3	"	520,616	Note 13	0.29
21	Richpower Electronic Devices Pte., Ltd.	Yosun Singapore Pte Ltd.	3	"	198,137	Note 13	0.11
22	WPG South Asia Pte. Ltd.	World Peace International (South Asia) Pte Ltd.	3	"	562,817	Note 13	0.32
23	WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	WPG Holdings Limited	2	"	110,107	Note 13	0.06

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition. The collection period is 30~120 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 5: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition. The collection period is 30~90 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 6: The collection period is 120 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 7: The terms and sales prices are similar to third parties.

- Note 8: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition. The collection period is 60~120 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 9: The terms and sales prices were negotiated in consideration of different factors including product, cost, market and competition.
- Note 10: The collection period is 60 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 11: The collection period is 30 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 12: The collection period is 75 days after sale.
- Note 13: Mainly accrued financing charges.
- Note 14: The collection period is 90 days from the end of the month of sales.
- Note 15: The amount pertains mainly to receivables from related parties for collections of sales on behalf of the Company.
- Note 16: Maiuly dividends receivable.

WPG Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries Information on investees Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment amount		Shares he	eld as at June 30,	2017			
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at June 30, 2017	Balance as at December 31, 2016	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2017	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2017 (Note 1)	Footnote
WPG Holdings Limited	World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic	\$ 15,971,669	\$ 13,484,384	1,097,252,407	100.00 \$	20,652,730	\$ 1,697,201	\$ 1,697,201	Notes 4 and 9
WPG Holdings Limited	Asian Information Technology Inc.	Taiwan	components Sales of electronic /electrical components	4,063,464	4,063,464	346,812,367	100.00	4,643,579	567,025	567,025	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	Silicon Application Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of computer software, hardware and electronic components	4,717,962	4,717,962	406,570,000	100.00	5,832,605	369,526	369,526	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Electronics Limited	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	14,735	14,735	3,920,000	100.00	47,526	4,283	4,283	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Korea Co., Ltd.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	169,071	169,071	1,087,794	100.00	405,553	22,997	22,997	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG International (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands	Holding company	3,783,583	3,783,583	124,442,727	100.00	3,815,114	381,394	381,394	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	Yosun Industrial Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic /electrical components	13,644,406	16,131,691	512,074,400	100.00	13,713,941	577,642	575,884	Notes 4 and 9
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment company	502,997	502,997	50,000,000	100.00	456,680	2,670	5,584	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	WPG Core Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment company	50,000	50,000	5,000,000	100.00	1,271	(501)	(501)	Note 4
WPG Holdings Limited	Genuine C&C Inc.	Taiwan	Sales of computer and its peripheral equipment	510,041	510,041	35,175,221	44.21	512,157	66,631	27,972	Note 4
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	World Peace International (BVI) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	1,132,162	1,132,162	34,196,393	100.00	3,225,955	103,178		Notes 2 and 5
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	WPI Investment Holding (BVI) Company Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	2,774,146	2,774,146	83,179,435	100.00	13,715,278	981,197		Notes 2 and 5
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Longview Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	364,290	364,290	33,900,000	100.00	533,716	39,229		Notes 2 and 5

Initial investment amount Shares held as at June 30, 20)17
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Investment income

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at Jur 30, 2017	Balance as the December 3		Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2017	(loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2017 (Note 1)	Footnote
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Chainpower Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	\$ 66,26	1 \$ 66,	9,781,452	2 39.00	\$ 139,810	\$ 24,428		Notes 2 and 3
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	1,468,55	5 1,468,	94,600,000	100.00	1,659,868	23,385		Notes 2 and 5
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd.	Genuine C&C Inc.	Taiwan	Sales of computer and its peripheral equipment	149,13	0 149,	130 12,964,098	3 16.29	175,098	66,631		Notes 2 and 5
Longview Technology Inc.	Longview Technology GC Limited	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	335,32	8 335,	328 11,300,000	100.00	354,611	10,760		Notes 2 and 5
Longview Technology Inc.	Long-Think International Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	37,30	2 37,	302 4,000,000	100.00	49,652	4,921		Notes 2 and 5
AECO Technology Co., Ltd.	Teco Enterprise Holding (BVI) Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment company	436,28	0 436,	280 12,610,000	100.00	760,039	21,158		Notes 2 and 5
Silicon Application Corp.	Silicon Application (BVI) Corp.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	706,40	2 706,	402 22,000,000	100.00	3,094,436	25,092		Notes 2 and 5
Silicon Application Corp.	Win-Win Systems Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	24,01	5 24,	015 765,000	100.00	24,868	110		Notes 2 and 5
Silicon Application Corp.	SAC Components (South Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Sales of computer software, hardware and electronic components	104,51	0 104,	510 3,500,000	100.00	112,656	3,667		Notes 2 and 5
Silicon Application Corp.	Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	959,50	4 959,	73,500,000	100.00	975,504	55,990		Notes 2 and 5
Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	Everwiner Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	343,95	9 343,	959 28,000,000	100.00	668,026	20,606		Notes 2 and 5
Pernas Electronics Co., Ltd.	Pernas Enterprise (Samoa) Limited	Samoa	International investment	33,28	7 33,	1,000,000	100.00	3,115	(185)		Notes 2 and 5
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Frontek Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Wholesale of electronic components	1,515,25	6 1,515,	256 214,563,352	2 100.00	2,359,272	180,321		Notes 2 and 5
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Apache Communication Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of electronic components	680,31	3 680,	313 157,000,000	100.00	1,674,543	33,869		Notes 2 and 5
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Henshen Electric Trading Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale of electronic components	124,52	1 124,	521 10,000,000	100.00	112,155	2,080		Notes 2 and 5

Investment income

			Main business	Balance as at June	Balance as at December 31,		Ownership		Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended	(loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2017	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	30, 2017	2016	Number of shares	(%)	Book value	June 30, 2017	(Note 1)	Footnote
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Adivic Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Import and export business for electronic components	\$ 206,200	\$ 157,200	11,760,000	49.00	\$ 67,361	(\$ 28,767)		Notes 2, 3 and 8
Asian Information Technology Inc.	Fame Hall International Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment company	155,558	155,558	4,703,107	100.00	305,115	6,207		Notes 2 and 5
Frontek Technology Corporation	n Frontek International Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment company	101,862	101,862	2,970,000	100.00	119,395	787		Notes 2 and 5
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Suntop Investments Limited	Cayman Islands	Investment company	1,812,188	1,812,188	50,700,000	100.00	4,893,566	249,209		Notes 2 and 5
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Sertek Incorporated	Taiwan	Sales of electronic /electrical components	1,616,722	1,616,722	94,828,100	100.00	1,645,646	100,321		Notes 2 and 5
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Pan-World Control Technologies, Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of machinery	19,920	19,920	1,660,000	24.24	205	-		Notes 2 and 3
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Eesource Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic /electrical components, office machinery and equipment	11,520	11,520	1,080,000	20.00	31,868	5,399		Notes 2 and 3
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Yosun Japan Corp.	Japan	Sales of electronic /electrical components	21,037	44,172	5,000	50.00	8,370	(999)		Notes 2, 3 and 6
Yosun Industrial Corp.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic /electrical components	2,092,631	2,092,631	85,000,000	100.00	2,104,758	215,115		Notes 2 and 5
Sertek Incorporated	Sertek Limited	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic /electrical components	83,494	83,494	19,500,000	100.00	431,891	6,330		Notes 2 and 5
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	284,898	284,898	63,000,000	100.00	1,820,179	209,012		Notes 2 and 5
Richpower Electronic Devices Co., Ltd.	Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	401,247	401,247	24,300,000	100.00	383,976	7,999		Notes 2 and 5
Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Mec Technology Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	1,092	1,092	25,000	100.00	6,809	(35)		Notes 2 and 5
Mec Technology Co., Ltd.	Richpower Electronic Devices Pte., Ltd.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	1,988	1,988	10,000	100.00	212,225	2,065		Notes 2 and 5

				Initial investment amount			Shares held as at June 30, 2017							
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities		ace as at June 30, 2017	Balance as at December 31, 2016	Number of	f shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	tl	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2017	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2017 (Note 1)	Footnote
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	Eesource Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic /electrical components, office machinery and equipment	\$	11,520	\$ 11,52	0 1,	,080,000	20.00	\$ 31,868	\$	5,399		Notes 2 and 3
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	Pan-World Control Technologies, Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of machinery		17,800	17,80	0 1,	,565,218	22.86	-		-		Notes 2 and 3
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	Sunrise Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of computer and its peripheral equipment		50,000	50,00	0 3,	279,800	10.67	57,779	(2,490)		Notes 2 and 3
Genuine C&C Inc.	Hoban Inc.	Taiwan	General investment and retail of groceries		79,999	79,99	9 8,	,000,000	100.00	26,486	(5,090)		Notes 2 and 5
Genuine C&C Inc.	Genuine C&C Holding Inc. (Seychelles)	Seychelles	Holding company		193,870	163,40	0 6,	,500,000	100.00	126,795		12,539		Notes 2, 5 and 7
Genuine C&C Inc.	Taibaoo Creation Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Retail of groceries		26,995	26,99	5 4,	,000,000	100.00	13,959	(7)		Notes 2 and 5
Genuine C&C Inc.	Sunrise Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of computer and its peripheral equipment		12,636	12,63	6 1,	,682,151	5.47	11,861	(2,490)		Notes 2 and 3

Note 1: Investment income (loss) recognised by the company including realised (unrealised) gain or loss from upstream intercompany transactions and amortisation of investment discount (premium).

Note 2: Investment income (loss) recognised by each subsidiary.

Note 3: An investee company accounted for under the equity method by subsidiary.

Note 4: A subsidiary.

Note 5: An indirect subsidiary.

Note 6: In March 2017, the associate reduced its capital.

Note 7: In March 2017, the subsidiary increased its capital.

Note 8: In April 2017, the associate increased its capital.

Note 9: In April 2017, Yosun Industrial Corp. transferred the operations of Texas Instruments product line to World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd., and World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. increased capital as consideration. Meanwhile, Yosun Industrial Corp. reduced its capital.

WPG Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries Information on investments in Mainland China Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 10

Gain Tune Logistics

(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Sales of electronic

components

44,860

1

15,075

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Footnote

- Note 4

					Amount rer	mitted from						
					Taiwan to Ma	inland China /						
			Investment	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Amount rem Taiwan six mont June 30	for the	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Net income of investee for the	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30,		Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in	method	as of January 1,	Mainland	back	as of June 30,	six months ended		2017	Mainland China as	
Mainland China	activities	capital	(Note1)	2017	China	to Taiwan	2017	June 30, 2017	indirect)	(Note 7)	of June 30, 2017	30, 2017 I
WPG China Inc.	Sales of electronic \$ /electrical components	1,697,713	1	\$ 1,774,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,774,640	\$ 111,930	100.00	\$ 111,930	\$ 2,106,089	\$ -
WPG China (SZ) Inc.	Sales of computer software and electronic components	150,659	1	105,648	-	-	105,648	69,846	100.00	69,846	590,995	-
Suzhou Xinning Bonded Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehousing services	37,099	1	28,543	-	-	28,543	9,187	49.00	4,502	56,374	-

Suzhou Xinning Warehousing 67,290 18,701 18,701 1,866 1 6,346 29.40 29,192 Logistics Co., Ltd. services / extra work CECI Technology Co. Business e-1,106,982 1 158,901 15.00 24,009 589,659 - Note 8 Ltd. commerce platform 19,773 WPI International Sales of electronic 208,263 1 19,773 (100.00 (23,169) 214,511 23,169) Trading (Shanghai) Ltd. components AIO (Shanghai) Sales of electronic 7,426 1 171 100.00 171 54,706 Note 3 Components Company components Limited Long-Think Sales of electronic 14,854 1 143,490 143,490 (1,013) 100.00 (3,464) 96,065 - Note 2 International components (Shanghai) Limited

15,075

4,497

40.00

1,799

30,482

Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China /

			Investment	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Taiwan six mont	aitted back to a for the ths ended 0, 2017	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Net income of investee for the	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30,		Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in	method	as of January 1,	Mainland	back	as of June 30,	six months ended		2017	Mainland China as	Taiwan as of June	
Mainland China	activities	capital	(Note1)	2017	China	to Taiwan	2017	June 30, 2017	indirect)	(Note 7)	of June 30, 2017	30, 2017	Footnote
AECO Electronic (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	International trade \$ of electronic components and products	-	1	\$ 119,246	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 119,246	(\$ 18)	0.00	(\$ 18	-	\$ -	Note 9
Yosun Shanghai Corp. Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehousing services	281,792	1	234,237	-	-	234,237	2,860	100.00	2,860	357,121	-	
Yosun South China Corp. Ltd.	Sales of electronic /electrical components	143,860	1	-	-	-	-	2,059	100.00	2,059	201,456	-	
Qegoo Technology Co. Ltd.	, Business e- commerce platform	56,277	1	4,877	-	-	4,877	-	15.00	0.00	4,877	-	
World Components Agent (Shanghai) Inc.	Sales of electronic components	-	1	6,084	-	3,096	2,988	(15)	0.00	(15	-	-	Note 10
Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co.	Sales of electronic , products	100,935	1	40,575	17,048	-	57,623	23,179	55.00	7,713	55,616	-	

Note 1: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China, is '1'.

Ltd

- Note 2: Long View Technology Inc. held investments in Mainland China 100% ownership of Long-Think International Trading (Shanghai) Limited through third district transfer investment of British Virgin Islands-Long Think International (HK) as of August 31, 2012. The investment had been permitted by Investment Commission.
- Note 3: WPI International (Hong Kong) Limited acquired AIO Components Company Limited as of July 1, 2010, and AIO (Shanghai) Company Limited became the Company's indirect subsidiary. The investment of USD 469 thousand in AIO (Shanghai) Company Limited had been permitted by Investment Commission.
- Note 4: WPG International (Hong Kong) Limited invested in WPG (Shenzhen) Inc. in the amount of HKD 10 million, which is part of the distribution of earnings from WPG China Inc. The investment had been permitted by Investment Commission, was excluded from the ceiling of investment amount in Mainland China.
- Note 5: For paid-in capital, amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six months ended June 30, 2017, accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2017, book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2017, accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2017, etc., the exchange rates used were USD 1: NTD 30.42, HKD 1: NTD 3.897 and RMB 1: NTD 4.486.
- Note 6: The ending balance of investment was calculated based on combined ownership percentage held by the Company.
- Note 7: Except for WPG China Inc., WPG China (SZ) Inc. and Peng Yu (Shanghai) Digital Technology Co, Ltd., the investment income/loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017 that was recognised by the Company was based on the financial statements reviewed by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C. The remaining investment income/loss was measured based on unreviewed financial statements of investee during the same period.

Note 8: In August 2016, WPG China Inc. gained 15% of shares in the investee with its own capital.

Note 9: It has completed cancellation of registration in June 2017.

Note 10: It has completed cancellation of registration in May 2017.

Company name	ed amount of remittance from to Mainland China as of June 30, 2017	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA
WPG Holdings Limited	\$ 2,015,241	\$ 2,119,801	\$ 29,501,877
World Peace Industrial Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	379,853	718,010	12,411,661
Silicon Application Corp. and its subsidiaries	40,413	46,337	3,499,563
Yosun Industrial Corp. and its subsidiares	255,075	540,381	5,968,441
WPG Investment Co., Ltd.	4,877	14,857	274,119
Genuine C&C Inc.	152,430	134,921	689,944

⁽¹⁾ Exchange rates as of June 30, 2017 were USD 1: NTD 30.42, HKD 1: NTD 3.897 and RMB 1: NTD 4.486.

⁽²⁾ The ceiling of investment amount of the company is calculated based on the investor's net assets.