

Company registration number 10817398 (England and Wales)

**WEATHER STREAM LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

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# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

		2024		2023	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		1,516		-
Investments	4		7,500		7,500
			<u>9,016</u>		<u>7,500</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	5	36,958		148,172	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,083		981	
		<u>48,041</u>		<u>149,153</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	<u>(1,682,123)</u>		<u>(1,652,058)</u>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(1,634,082)</u>		<u>(1,502,905)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>(1,625,066)</u>		<u>(1,495,405)</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	7		<u>(17,631)</u>		<u>(25,229)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>			<u>(1,642,697)</u>		<u>(1,520,634)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			<u>(1,642,797)</u>		<u>(1,520,734)</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>(1,642,697)</u>		<u>(1,520,634)</u>

## **WEATHER STREAM LIMITED**

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

***AS AT 30 JUNE 2024***

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For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 June 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

D Gallaher  
**Director**

Company registration number 10817398 (England and Wales)

# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Weather Stream Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 6th Floor, Manfield House, 1 Southampton Street, London, WC2R 0LR.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The directors have received assurances from the parent company that further funding in the form of loans or share capital will be provided to meet the working capital requirements of the company. It is for the above reason that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers	33.33% Straight line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	-	-

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Computers £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 July 2023	1,349
Additions	1,558
At 30 June 2024	2,907
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>	
At 1 July 2023	1,349
Depreciation charged in the year	42
At 30 June 2024	1,391
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
At 30 June 2024	1,516
At 30 June 2023	-

### 4 Fixed asset investments

	2024 £	2023 £
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	7,500	7,500

# WEATHER STREAM LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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5 Debtors	2024	2023
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Corporation tax recoverable	22,999	134,735
Amounts owed by group undertakings	13,090	13,090
Other debtors	869	347
	<u>36,958</u>	<u>148,172</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans	9,996	9,996
Trade creditors	2,308	4,675
Amounts owed to group undertakings	426,887	396,928
Other creditors	1,242,932	1,240,459
	<u>1,682,123</u>	<u>1,652,058</u>

Included in other creditors is £1,209,406 (2023: £1,209,406) received under Simple Agreement for Future Equity ("SAFE") loans. The terms of these monies are such that in the event of a future equity financing of the Company they convert to share capital at a discount of 80% of the funding round price. Until such an event occurs the debt is repayable and has been accounted for as a liability.

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	17,631	25,229
	<u>17,631</u>	<u>25,229</u>

### 8 Related party transactions

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

Amounts due from related parties	2024	2023
	£	£
Entities over which the entity has control, joint control or significant influence	13,090	13,090
	<u>13,090</u>	<u>13,090</u>

### 9 Parent company

Weather Stream Inc is the ultimate parent company, which owns 100% of the shares. Their registered office address is 1600 Range St, Suite 102, Boulder, Colorado, 80301.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.