

Registered number: 08441319

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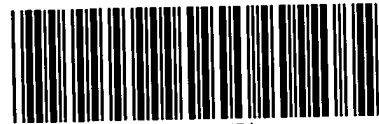
AMENDED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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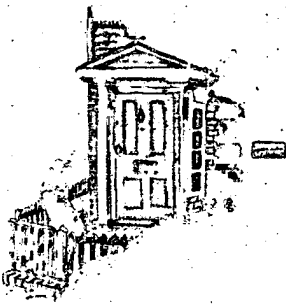
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COMPANIES HOUSE



**dmc** partnership  
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business and taxation advisers

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**PAY HERE LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:08441319**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2021.**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Intangible assets	4	329,318	417,720
Tangible assets	5	18,541	14,626
		<u>347,859</u>	<u>432,346</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	6	204,093	180,568
Cash at bank and in hand	7	274,411	87,294
		<u>478,504</u>	<u>267,862</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(518,230)	(236,469)
<b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>		<u>(39,726)</u>	<u>31,393</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>308,133</u>	<u>463,739</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(156,250)	-
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>151,883</u></u>	<u><u>463,739</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		152	152
Share premium account		616,437	616,437
Profit and loss account		(464,706)	(152,850)
		<u><u>151,883</u></u>	<u><u>463,739</u></u>

**BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

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The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20 December 2022.



**David John Evans**  
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**1. General information**

The Company is incorporated in England and Wales and is limited by shares. The registered office is located at Yew Tree House, Lewes Road, Forest Row, East Sussex, RH18 5AA.

The company's principal activity during the period was that of online payment support services.

These are amended financial statements and as a result they:

- replace the original accounts
- are now the statutory accounts
- are prepared as they were at the date of the original accounts

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

**2.2 Revenue**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

**Rendering of services**

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.3 Research and development**

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

**2.4 Government grants**

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

**2.5 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

**2.6 Finance costs**

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

**2.7 Pensions**

**Defined contribution pension plan**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings	-	
Office equipment	-	25% Reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.12 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.13 Creditors**

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 14 (2020 - 14).

4. Intangible assets

	Development £	Goodwill £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2020	894,647	75,000	969,647
Additions	63,825	-	63,825
At 31 March 2021	<u>958,472</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>1,033,472</u>
<b>Amortisation</b>			
At 1 April 2020	476,927	75,000	551,927
Charge for the year on owned assets	152,227	-	152,227
At 31 March 2021	<u>629,154</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>704,154</u>
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 March 2021	<u>329,318</u>	-	<u>329,318</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>417,720</u>	-	<u>417,720</u>

**PAY HERE LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

**5. Tangible fixed assets**

	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>			
At 1 April 2020	1,700	21,335	23,035
Additions	-	7,571	7,571
At 31 March 2021	<u>1,700</u>	<u>28,906</u>	<u>30,606</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2020	743	7,666	8,409
Charge for the year on owned assets	239	3,417	3,656
At 31 March 2021	<u>982</u>	<u>11,083</u>	<u>12,065</u>
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 March 2021	<u>718</u>	<u>17,823</u>	<u>18,541</u>
<i>At 31 March 2020</i>	<u>957</u>	<u>13,669</u>	<u>14,626</u>

**6. Debtors**

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	22,930	19,302
Other debtors	168,301	143,487
Prepayments and accrued income	12,862	17,778
	<u>204,093</u>	<u>180,567</u>

**7. Cash and cash equivalents**

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	274,411	87,294
	<u>274,411</u>	<u>87,294</u>

**PAY HERE LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	93,750	-
Trade creditors	159,553	127,774
Corporation tax	-	2,539
Other taxation and social security	232,520	61,749
Other creditors	16,094	16,346
Accruals and deferred income	16,313	28,061
	518,230	236,469

**9. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year**

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	156,250	-
	156,250	-

**10. Loans**

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>		
Bank loans	93,750	-
	93,750	-
<b>Amounts falling due 1-2 years</b>		
Bank loans	125,000	-
	125,000	-
<b>Amounts falling due 2-5 years</b>		
Bank loans	31,250	-
	31,250	-
	250,000	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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**11. Financial instruments**

	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>274,411</u>	<u>87,294</u>

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise solely of cash.

**12. Transactions with directors**

Included in other debtors due within one year is a loan to the director, Mr D Evans amounting to £47,379 [2020 - £50,014].

Interest has been charged at the H.M. Revenue and Customs official rate.

**13. Controlling party**

The company was controlled throughout the current and previous period by its director, Mr D Evans, by virtue of the fact he owns the majority of the company's ordinary issued share capital.